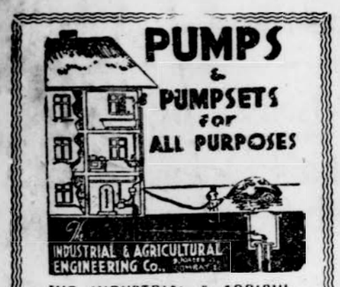


THE INDUSTRIAL & AGRICULTURAL ENGINEERING CO.,
43, Forbes Street, Fort, BOMBAY 1.
Tele: 25740.

Regd No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

VOL. XXIX NO. 67 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1941 PRICE: ONE ANNA

ROY. ASIATIC SOCIETY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH

Rauwalfia Serpentina Compound Tablets, SWASTIK BRAND,

Manufactured by the National Mining & Trading Co., Ltd., under direct & personal superintendence, supervision and selection of roots by RUSTOMJI N. BAPASOLA. Those who are suffering from Insanity, Insomnia, High Blood Pressure are requested to make use of this standard drug only under direct advice from Qualified Medical Practitioners & Consultants.

Available at Perry & Co., & Popular Pharmacy, Lamington Road, Belli Ram Bros., Princess Street and others.

America Redeems Promise To China

40 Planes Arrive

Flying Fortresses And More Bombers Will Be Sent Soon

JAPANESE BOMB OWN TROOPS

SHANGHAI, March 19

Forty American planes have arrived in China from the United States, according to a Chinese press report. The consignments are stated to be part of hundred aircraft for which the Chinese Government asked the United States.

In addition, the United States is reported to have agreed to sell four flying fortresses to China and the Chungking Government hopes to reorganise its air force with American aid.

It is also reported here that over 300 Japanese troops were killed at Wuling in Hupen province when Japanese planes mistakenly bombed their own troops. —Reuter.

ROOSEVELT TAKES A HOLIDAY

WASHINGTON, March 19

President Roosevelt is today leaving on a brief holiday. He is embarking on the yacht 'Potomac' at an unnamed port in Florida. The yacht will be escorted by two destroyers. All details of the trip are being kept secret.—Reuter.

RUSSO-GERMAN BOUNDARY

Adjustment Negotiations Continue

BERLIN, March 19.

The present negotiations between Germany and Soviet Russia were concerned with boundary adjustments, said the German Foreign Office spokesman to-day.

He added that the visit of the Soviet Ambassador to Wilhelmstrasse to-day was a matter of usual routine.—Reuter.

An Accidental Revelation

WASHINGTON, March 19.

An accidental revelation of two items of the proposed United States expenditure for aid to Britain was made during Tuesday's debate on seven billion dollars appropriation in the House of Representatives.

In the course of the debate Representative Woodrum (Virginia) stated that the Administration contemplated spending a hundred million dollars on cotton to send to Britain and purchase fifty million dollars worth of tobacco. Money for this purpose would come from the allocation of 1.35 billion dollars earmarked for agricultural and other commodities

It is understood that a list of further items exist, but President Roosevelt does not wish to make it public. As the information given above was revealed accidentally it is not being suppressed, but it will be struck off the House of Representatives records. —Reuter.

TWO-OCEAN NAVY BILL

WASHINGTON, March 19.

The Senate Appropriations Committee to-day unanimously approved the 3,447,000,000 Dollar Bill to help Finance America's two ocean navy. The Bill which provides for the construction of six newtype battle-cruisers has passed the House of Representatives and the Senate begins consideration to-morrow.—Reuter.

Imperial Troops March To Addis Ababa

JIJIGA CAPTURED: AIR ATTACK ON AUSAC

Troops Round Keren Bombed: Severe Hand-To-Hand Fight

CAIRO, March 19.

Further important positions south of Keren have been captured and Italian counterattacks have again been repulsed with serious Italian losses, says a 'communique' issued by the G.H.Q. here. The situation, the 'communique' says, is developing favourably.

IN ABYSSINIA

As regards Abyssinia, the 'communique' says that pressure by patriot forces is developing against Debra Marcos. Announcing the occupation of Jijiga, the 'communique' adds: "In other sectors our general advance is proceeding."

MARCH TO ADDIS ABABA

NAIROBI.—Gradually, but inexorably, the British Imperial forces are nearing Addis Ababa, the centre of Mussolini's East African Empire.

To-day's 'communique' here reports an air attack, as yet the nearest to Ethiopia's Capital. The South African Air Force on Monday attacked and machine-gunned the aerodrome of Ausac, only 100 miles east of Addis Ababa. On the same day a train running towards Ausac was machine-gunned from the air and forced to stop.

JIGJIGA CAPTURED

It is officially announced that Jigjiga has been captured.

Jigjiga, an important town in eastern Abyssinia, lies on the direct line of Italian retreat from Berbera which was captured by the British a few days ago. Jigjiga is the last important centre on the road before the point of intersection with the Addis Ababa-Jibouti railway. Within sixty miles of Jigjiga lies the town of Diredawa and within fifty miles is the town of Harar. Addis Ababa is only 250 miles distant.

Activity by the R.A.F. supporting military operations in Abyssinia and Somaliland continued unabated on Tuesday, says an R.A.F. 'communique.'

It adds that troops around Keren were bombed and machine-gunned.

BATTLE FOR KEREN

Very severe fighting is proceeding on the Keren front in Eritrea in a temperature of 105 degrees. Exact details are yet lacking, but it is believed there has been hand to hand fighting in this mountain warfare, says a Cairo message.

The enemy is making most determined counter attacks, but according to a military spokesman all these have been held successfully. Other operations on the East African front are proceeding satisfactorily.

The recapture of Berbera has provided a supreme example of co-operation between the three services. The R. A. F. first bombed and photographed enemy positions. The fleet bombarded the town and finally two forces landed at dawn meeting with only slight opposition. The whole operation was brilliantly executed and took only five hours to carry out.

There were few casualties. It is believed that the Italians have retreated in the direction of Harar in Abyssinia.—Reuter.

New Weapon Of British Air Arm Scores

The announcement that "R.A.F. Armoured Cars" participated in the recapture of Berbera—Capital of British Somaliland, made yesterday is the first official mention of a weapon, not usually associated with the British Air Arm.

The R.A.F.'s armoured cars are light vehicles for use in unchartered wilderness, and their work in the desert has seldom been mentioned. They can penetrate for hundreds of miles behind Italian lines and are often away from their bases for long periods. Sometimes the crews' daily fare has consisted of gazelle and buzzard which they shot themselves. In their work behind enemy lines, they are liable to find themselves surrounded and have to fight their way out. In this work they have rendered their comrades in the air, invaluable service.—Reuter.

Yugoslav Ministers For Berlin?

VICHY, March 19.

Persistent Rumours prevailed in Belgrade to-night that M. Tsvetkovitch, the Yugoslav Prime Minister and M. Cincarmarkovitch, the Foreign Minister, were leaving to-morrow evening by train for Berlin, states a telegram to the French Official News Agency.—Reuter.

EDEN MEETS SARAJOGLU

Anglo-Turkish Attitude To Balkan Developments Discussed

CAIRO, March 19

Mr. Eden met the Turkish Foreign Minister, M. Sarajoglu at Cyprus on Tuesday.—

COMPLETE IDENTITY OF VIEWS.

Mr. Eden flew to Cyprus early yesterday for his meeting with M. Sarajoglu which took place at Mr. Eden's invitation. Announcing the meeting, a "communique" here tonight states: "They reviewed various developments in the international situation which have taken place since Mr. Eden's visit to Ankara last month and re-emphasised the complete identity of views which exists between their two Governments."

Tuesday's meeting at Cyprus between Mr. Eden and M. Sarajoglu is the second in less than three weeks. The previous meeting took place in Ankara when Mr. Eden and General Sir John Dill, Chief of the Imperial General Staff, conferred with the Turkish Ministers and Army Chief of Staff. Every aspect of the international situation was examined with special attention to the Balkan situation at these conversations and a 'communique' issued at their conclusion stated: "Complete agreement between the two Governments in their policy with regard to all these problems."—Reuter.

LONDON, March 19.

Lord Somers, who recently succeeded Lord Baden Powell as the Chief Scout for Great Britain, has now been appointed the Chief Scout for the British Commonwealth.—Reuter.

NAZI RAIDERS OVER HULL

Widespread Damage Due To Heavy Bombardment: Alert In London

R. A. F. ATTACKS ON PORTS IN N. GERMANY

LONDON, March 19.

In conformity with their evident policy of concentrating on British shipping and docks, German raiders reserved their main onslaught for Hull during Tuesday night.

The raiders followed each other in relays for some hours, causing widespread damage to property. Fires had broken out in some parts of the city, but firemen, firewatchers, wardens and police combined to deal effectively with these under most hazardous conditions. Some people were trapped under the debris of wrecked houses.

Anti-aircraft defences put up a heavy barrage while a hurricane fighter shot down one German raider off the Norfolk coast early this morning.

LONGEST ALERT IN LONDON.

London had its longest alert of the year so far during the night.

Gunfire was heard intermittently for several hours as planes passed over. A few bombs were dropped in scattered areas but the casualties and damage were remarkably slight.

The raid appears to have been sporadic and widespread. Though actually not many areas were affected, the chief among them being towns on the south coast and the north-east coast and the London area.

High explosives and incendiaries fell on a north-east coast town where six people were killed. Among the buildings hit by incendiary bombs were printing works and a chemist's establishment. Houses were damaged in a town on London's outskirts where there were some casualties.

GERMAN PORTS ATTACKED.

It is learned in London that R. A. F. bombers attacked sea ports in Northern Germany last night.

The main weight of the heavy British attacks was directed against docks and industrial targets at Keil and Wilhelmshaven and oil storage tanks.

Considerable numbers of British bombers found their targets despite a haze and very variable weather conditions Many explosions and fires were started at both Wilhelmshaven and Kiel, several fires being of considerable size.

Still more fires were started among oil tanks alongside the Rotterdam petrol harbour.

The Emden docks, two aerodroms in Holland and a military target at Texel were also bombed.

German shipping off the Dutch coast was bombed and Machine-gunned during daylight yesterday. One British machine is missing.

It is now known that British bombers destroyed two German aircraft at night in addition to the one announced earlier.

WEDNESDAY'S RAIDS.

No bombs are reported to have been dropped anywhere on land in Britain during daylight to-day and no alert has been sounded this evening upto the present. There has been some aerial activity over the British coast and this morning, a Dornier 17 was shot down into the North Sea.

TOKYO.—The Australian Ambassador had a 50 minutes' talk with the Japanese Vice-Minister for Foreign Affairs to-day.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

JAPANESE PROGRESS

SHANGHAI, March 19.

Rapid progress of the Japanese drive in North-west Kiangsi is claimed in semi-official Japanese reports. Following the capture of Kaoan, a Chinese base 30 miles west of Nanchang, it is now stated that the Japanese have occupied Hutsun, 11 miles north of Kaoan.—Reuter.

Military Called Out In Dacca

RIOTING SEQUEL: CURFEW PROMULGATED

Huq To Fly To Affected Area: Adjournment Motion Withdrawn On Assurance

DACCA, March 19.

FOUR PERSONS WERE KILLED AND TWO OTHER SERIOUSLY INJURED WHEN THE POLICE OPENED FIRE ON A RIOTOUS MOB AT NAYASARAK THIS EVENING.

THE LATEST CASUALTIES ARE 14 KLLED AND 91 INJURED.

A big cloth shop at Chakbazar has been looted and completey burnt, causing a damage of about a lakh of rupees, while several sweetmeat shops in the same bazar were also set fire to. Incendiarism is reported from the river Buriganga as well, where four green boats were on fire.

CURFEW PROMULGATED

Curfew order has been promulgated in the town by the District Magistrate between 6 p.m. and 6 a.m.

DACCA TOWN UNDER FIRE

Premier's Statement In Assembly

CALCUTTA, March 19.

A large portion of the Dacca town, was, according to unofficial sources, under fire said the Premier Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq, in the Bengal Assembly to-day in replying to a query from the Opposition benches on the communal disturbances at Dacca. The Premier said that complete official reports had not yet been obtained. But the latest reports from the private individuals went to show that a large portion of the town was under fire. One mosque had been almost demolished and two others had been attacked. Eleven or twelve persons had been killed. But the Chief Minister added, these reports were from non-official sources.

AT MOLLAHAT

As regards the situation at Mollahat in the Bagerhat subdivision in Khulna the Chief Minister said that the situation there was slightly better, and was almost under control.—A. P.

NINE INJURED IN FIRING

DACCA, March 19.

Nine persons were injured when the additional District Magistrate ordered fire to be opened on a riotous mob at Babur Bazar this afternoon.

It is stated that on receipt of information that a mob had set fire to a hosiery shop in the bazar the additional District Magistrate, Mr. Ranjit Roy, hastened to the place and ordered the crowd to disperse. But, as the latter were adamant, he (the A. D. M.) ordered fire, to be opened, which resulted in nine persons being injured.

One more person expired in hospital in the afternoon, bringing the total number of deaths to nine. The number of injured admitted in hospital now totals 87, including 45 admitted since this morning.

Among the injured in hospital is Mr. A. W. Lucas, an Armenian jute merchant of Naraingani, who was wounded by brickbats thrown by a mob at Palta bazar.

FIRES IN SHOPS

Outbreaks of fire are being reported from different parts of the city all through the day. One big rice shop near Babur bazar has been completely burnt, causing a loss of about Rs. 30,000. The Wari Pavilion was set fire to and partly damaged. Some shops in Maulvi

(Continued on page 8)

LAST OF THE "BREMEN"

Big German Crack Liner Totally Destroyed

LONDON, March 19.

The crack German liner "Bremen" of 51,000 tons has been totally destroyed, according to the Berlin correspondent of the Swedish newspaper "Goteborgs Posten".

Investigations shows that an accident can be ruled out, the message adds, as the fires on it broke out in several places simultaneously.—

An earlier Berlin message stated:—

The liner "Bremen" has suffered "severe damage" as a result of the fire that broke out in her on Sunday, it is admitted by the German News Agency.

It claims that the fire was extinguished on Monday after intensive work by fire brigades.—Reuter.

Htavy Shipping Toll Sequel To Enemy Action

Twenty-five vessels totalling 98,732 tons were sunk by enemy action in the week ending March 9|10, the Admiralty announces.

They comprise twenty British vessels of a tonnage of 84,244 and five Allied vessels of a tonnage of 14,588.

The German claims for the week were 143,661 tons, and the Itlian 20,000 tons. Losses for the week February 24th to March 2nd are corrected to 141,314 tons by the reduction of the British vessels lost from 20 to 19 and their tonnage from 102,871 to 96,147.

BOMBING OF ITALIAN SHIP

"Anxiety tempered with confidence" is the comment in authoritative circles on the latest figures. It is added that the country must be prepared for losses until the battle of the Atlantic is won, and the caution is added that figures over a long period are needed for any useful estimate of the situation, Nothing is known in authoritative circles of the alleged sinking by the R.A.F. of a hospital ship on which Countess Ciano was asserted to be a nurse. No details have been received of the reported outbreak of fire on the liner "Bremen", and many suggestions have been put forward for the sudden candour of the German Official News Agency. There is, similarly, no confirmation of the reported bombing of two British Battleships in the Mediterranean.—Reuter.

A Free French destroyer operating in British waters recently rescued the crew of a British ship torpedoed by a German submarine.—Reuter.

"Harijan" To Be Out Again

Publication Of Weekly May Be Resumed This Weekend By Mahatma

POONA, March 19.

It is reliably understood that it has now been decided to resume publication of the "Harijan", but no definite date on which the first issue is to be brought out has yet been decided.

Enquiry at the "Harijan" office show that no instructions have so far been received from Wardha as to the exact date on which the publication is to be resumed.

According to unconfirmed reports current here it is likely that the Gujarathi version of the weekly may be resumed on Saturday, March 22, and the English version on the next day.—A. P.

Arctic Survey

Soviet Pilot's Venture

MOSCOW, March 19

The Russian pilot, Cherevichny, is to take a plane for the first time into the "socalled inaccessible zone north of Siberia." according to the Soviet News Agency. He has landed on the Siberian island of Kotelnyi and intends to make a nonstop flight to Wrangell Island where he will survey conditions in high latitudes in the eastern section of the Arctic Circles. —Reuter.

DON'T JUDGE US HARD! Marshal Petain Pleads

LONDON, March 19

Marshal Petain in a broadcast to the French people, referring to the criticism of his Government, said:—"One day while France is again free as before, I shall come to you with a new constitution, but meanwhile we must govern." Marshal Petain asked his hearers to think of the people of Paris and the men in the forbidden zone who carried on their work and of French prisoners.—Reuter.

France Looks To America

VICHY:—France's hopes of American aid to relieve her food shortage were voiced by Marshal Petain in a broadcast speech at Grenoble to-day. The Government had a heavy task and was specially concerned with the shortage of supplies and stocks. "We are counting great on American aid to relieve shortage", he declared. France was undergoing great difficulties and her life was threatened with still severer measures but "we are working more and producing more."—Reuter.

Food For France

The steamship "Artigas" has arrived at Santander from New York with three hundred tons of flour sent by the American Red Cross for the victims of the recent disastrous Santander fire.—Reuter.

ROOSEVELT'S ANNOUNCEMENT

WASHINGTON, March 19.

President Roosevelt revealed today that he had asked the Public Health Service to prepare a list of foods including vitamins, needed by Britain and other democracies.

President Roosevelt added that the Red Cross was completing arrangements for two cargoes of food to be sent to unoccupied France.—Reuter.

DARLAN BACK IN VICHY

VICHY, March 19.

Admiral Darlan, Vice-Premier, returned here to-day, after a visit to Paris where he saw Herr Abetz. —Reuter.

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25 p.c on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPE WRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Introductions for Matrimony, Trade, Friendship, other 431 hobbies arranged. India, Abroad. Members 11094 (both). Mrs. Shaabdane, Secretary, Globe Introduction League, Nizamshahi Road, Hyderabad, Deccan and 3442, Chhili-Int, Agra. (14355)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Candidates to become Sub-Engineers, Overseers by Post. Principal, British India Technical College (B.C.) Sukkur (Sind). (14247)

Wanted candidates for station-master, and signaller's course scholarship Rs. 30|- and Railway fare terms. Free quarter. Apply with 2 annas stamps The Director, All-India Railway Routine Training Institute, Delhi. (14143)

Wanted Gujarati Companion-teacher to coach up a boy in primary course. Apply L. G. Tejpal, 7, Bastion Road, Fort, (14351)

Wanted English knowing Waiters having experience of a 1st class Hindu Hotel. Aram Milk Bar & Restaurant, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay. (14356)

Asphalt: Wanted Contractors for Asphalt and Mastic Work for Up-country. Apply Box No. 4555, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Mechanical Engineer with practical experience as Designer and Draughtsman, salary upto Rs. 300|- according to qualifications. Apply Mukund Iron & Steel Works, Ltd., Jehangir Wadia Building, Fort, Bombay. (14339)

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

Opportunity for Industrialists— Qualified Technical Chemist, worked as incharge of largest Chemical Factories. Vast experience in the manufacture of heavy chemicals, Salts, Acids and many other industrial products, Starch, Oil, Fertilisers, etc. Capable of designing, erecting and working of various plants. Open for engagement. Communicate to Box No 14314, "Bombay Chronicle."

327. AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to push our buttons. Terms moderate. Send Rs. 3|- for our sample set. Friends & Co., 33, Nabadwip Lane, Dacca (Bengal). (14319)

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 4-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

TENDER NOTICE.

THE CONTROLLER OF PURCHASE, Indian Stores Department, Bombay, invites tenders for the supply of gas quality galvanised M.S. pipes and fittings.

Tender forms No. MP. BN. 3019 may be obtained from him on payment in cash of Rs. 2/- per set (not refundable).

Tenders will be opened at 12 noon on 27th March, 1941.

4587.

NOTICE.

KALUPUR RELIEF ROAD SCHEME.

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY.

SALE OF PLOTS.

Further Auction of the plots at Kadia Kui is fixed at 9 A.M. on Sunday 23-3-1941, on the site of Relief Road in the Kadia Kui Locality when plots Nos. 3 and 17 will also be put to auction. The public are invited to attend the auction.

Further particulars can be had from Relief Road Office.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.

Dated, 17th March, 1941.
Relief Road Scheme, Office.

(4580)

G.I.P.RLY.—TENDERS.

THE CONTROLLER OF STORES, Gipstore Lane, Lower Parel, Bombay 13, invites tenders for the purchase of Ferrous Turnings Scrap available for disposal from time to time at the Stores Depot, Haji Bunder, Bombay, and/or Stores Depot, Matunga, Bombay, and/or Stores Sub Depot. Jhansi, for the period of one year ending 31-3-42. Price per copy of tender form Rs. 2 which amount will not be refunded. Closing date 4th April 1941 at 3 P.M. (S.T.). Tender forms obtainable from the Controller of Stores' Office. Payment by cheque, postal order or postage stamps will not be accepted.

4553.

AHMEDABAD MUNICIPALITY.

NOTICE.

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of the articles stated below to the Ahmedabad Municipality during the year 1941-1942 ending 31st March, 1942, so as to reach the undersigned on or before TUESDAY, the 1st April, 1941 at 4 P. M. The tenders should be accompanied with earnest money as under without which no tender will be considered.

The copy of the specification, and tender form can be had from the Store-Keeper on application, on payment as shown below. The tenderers are at liberty to remain present at the time the tenders are opened.

The Municipality reserves its right to accept any or the lowest tender.

	Tender fee Rs.	Earnest money Rs.
1. Cement Concrete spun-pipes for drainage.	10|-	1750|-
2. Salt Glazed Stone-ware Articles.	5|-	900|-

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT,
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.

Store Office,
Dated, 17-3-1941.

(4584)

347. LOANS & MORTAGES

Loans arranged on Machinery Industrial Plants and Immovable Properties communicate with Advertiser "Bombay Chronicle." Box No. 14358, "Bombay Chronicle."

First Class Properties for Mortgage or Sale, Reasonable Terms, Direct parties preferred. Apply to Lahorasingh & Co., Fort Chambers, Hamam Street, Bombay. (14357)

Public Notices

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

GENTLEMEN of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the current Criminal Sessions are required to attend at the High Court on THURSDAY, the 20th March, 1941, at 10-45 A.M. (S.T.)

T. SINCLAIR KENNEDY.
Sheriff of Bombay.

Bombay, 19th March, 1941.

4591.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. RANCHODDAS DAMODARDAS TANNA one of the Trustee of the Will of Dullabhdas Morarji of Bombay Hindu inhabitant has contracted to sell to my client the undermentioned property. Any person or persons having any right, title, interest, claim or demand in to or upon the said property or any part thereof by way of mortgage, gift, sale, use, trust, possession, inheritance, lease, llen, maintenance, easement, incumbrance, or otherwise howsoever is or are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at his office at Mahendra Mansion, Mahatma Gandhi Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the purchase will be completed without regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE ABOVE REFERRED TO:—

ALL that piece or parcel of quit and ground rent land together with the messuage tenement or dwelling houses standing thereon situate, lying and being without the Fort and on the North side of the 1st Carpenter Street and in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay and assessed by the Municipal Collector of Rates and Taxes under 5 (C) Ward No. 6558 and Old Street Nos. 55-57 and present Street No. 27 and Registered in the books of the Collector of land Revenue under old No. 1693, New No. 8816, Old Survey No. 471 and New Survey No. 5217 and containing by admeasurement one hundred and seventy-two square yards or thereabouts bearing C. S. No. 3083 of Bhuleshwar Division and bounded, on the East by the property of Bhagwandas Virchand, on the West by the property of Shivshanker Narayan, on the North by the said Carpenter Street and on the South by a sweepers Passage.

Dated this 19th day of March, 1941.

RAMCHANDRA T. KARNIK,
Purchaser's Attorney.

(4592)

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. SAVLARAM RAOJI ACHARYA, of Bombay Hindu Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients free from all incumbrances.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office No. 41, Hammam Street, within the Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL those pieces or parcels of land of Pension and Tax Tenure, being Plot Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5 and 6 in the proposed scheme of the Vendor situate at Cadell Road in the Town and Island of Bombay, admeasuring respectively 570, 627, 1100, 600, and 600 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts and forming parts of a larger piece of land, admeasuring 10002 Sq. Yds. or thereabouts and bearing Collector's New Nos. 604, 606 and 607, Old Survey No. 304 and 305, New Survey Nos. 1/1571, 2/1571 and 3/1571 and Cadastral Survey Nos. 334 Part and 335 of Mahim Division and Municipal G Ward Nos. 4633 (1), 4633(2), 4636, 4637, 4639, 4640(1) and 4640(1A) and Street Nos. 925A, 925AA, 995, 996, 998, 999, 999AA and bounded, on the East by the proposed 40 feet Road, on the West by Cadell Road, on the South properties bearing C. S. Nos. 333, 334 and 342 of Mahim Division and on the North by the properties bearing C. S. Nos. 336 and 338 Mahim Division.

Dated this 19th day of March, 1941.

H. P. NAIK.
for Messrs. R. E. Papa & Co.
Purchasers' Attorneys.

4585.

Public Notices

NOTICE

After 25th March and before 5th April, 1941, purchasers of Hipra Soap Crystals' packets are requested to inquire their lucky numbers' list at the stores where such packets are sold:—

HIPRA PRODUCTS.

(14359).

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY

HYDRAULIC ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT.

TENDERS ACCOMPANIED with a deposit of Rs. 400|- for the supply of 60 tons of pure alum are invited and will be received upto 1 P.M. (Bombay Time) on the 26th day of March, 1941.

Tenders should be enclosed in a sealed envelope superscribed "Tenders for the supply of alum" and addressed to the Municipal Commissioner and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Fort, Bombay.

Forms of tenders, specifications etc., will be issued on payment of Rs. 1|- to any one deputed to receive them by the Undersigned who will on application give any further information that may be required.

HYDRAULIC ENGINEER.
Hydraulic Engineer's Department
Improvement Trust Building,
Napier Road, Fort,
Bombay, 18th March, 1941.

(4583)

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION

In pursuance of a requisition received, under Section 36(d) and (h) of the Municipal Act, for calling a Special (Urgency) Meeting of the Corporation for the consideration of the following business, a SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CORPORATION will be held in the Municipal Office on MONDAY, the 24th MARCH, 1941, at 3 P.M. (BOMBAY TIME):—

1-8. Subject-matter of (1-7) the Resolutions of the Standing Committee—(1) Regarding a contract for the work of washing clothes at the K.E.M. Hospital and the Seth G.S.M. College; (2) recommending sanction to certain Budget Transfers; (3) regarding the renewal of a lease of premises for locating the F Ward Offices of the Water Works Department; (4) recommending sanction to certain Budget Transfers; (5-6) recommending (5) an advance from the Surplus Cash Balance for meeting the cost of an X-Ray apparatus; and (6) an additional grant from the Surplus Cash Balance for supplementing the grant for Small Pox Epidemic; and (7) recommending sanction to certain Budget Transfers; and (8) the Report of the Law, etc., Committee regarding the question of amending the Municipal Act in certain respects owing to the introduction of Adult Franchise, etc.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor,
S. N. DAMLE,
Municipal Secretary.

Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 19th March, 1941.

Stupendous
6TH WEEK
WADIAS' Great Film
RAJNARTAKI
Starring
SADHONA BOSE
OPERA HOUSE
Daily: 4, 7 & 10 p.m.
To-morrow, Matinee At 1-30 p.m.

EXCELSIOR
4, 6-30 & 10 P.M.
FOR 3 DAYS ONLY
GEORGE FORMBY
in his most popular comedy riot
COME ON GEORGE
LAUGHS GALORE!

PICKING BANDS
For "WIT" Chrome Picking Bands, Leather Beltings, Bohemian Type and Chrome Spring Buffers, Laces, etc., enquire: THE WESTERN INDIA TANNERIES, LTD., Dharavi, Bombay 17 ('Phone 89041).

REGAL Phone 35017
LAST DAY TO-DAY
DAILY AT 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.
TIN PAN ALLEY
with ALICE FAYE
BETTY GRABLE
JACK OAKIE
From To-morrow:
ANOTHER 20th CENTURY FOX HIT!
MORE EXCITING
MORE THRILLING THAN "JESSE JAMES"
THE RETURN OF
FRANK JAMES
WITH
HENRY FONDA
GENE TIERNEY.

LAST DAY
2 SHOWS AT 6-30 & 10 P. M.
CAPITOL 'Phone: 20422
On The Stage
HAREN GHOSH
presents
SADHONA BOSE
And
HER NEW BALLET
SECOND PROGRAMME
At 6-30 p. m. show
RAS LEELA BALLET
will be presented, instead of "MADAN BHASMA."
Music:
TIMIR BARAN
Popular Prices: Rs. 4-8, 3-6, 2-4, 1-2 & As. 9.
Plans Open—Book Early

LAMINGTON Talkies
Mat. To-morrow at 2 p.m.
Daily at: 4-30, 7-15, 10 p.m
4TH WEEK .....
RANJIT'S Powerful Social
PARDESI
Director:
CHATURBHUJ DOSHI
Cast: MOTILAL, KHURSHID, SNEHPRABHA, E. BILLIMORIA.

RICH IN LAUGHTER & ROMANCE!
ASHA Pictures' Musical Comedy
GHAR JAWAI
Screen Play:
PRINCIPAL ATRE
Starring: SHOBHANA SAMARTH, VANMALA
To-morrow, Matinee, 2 p.m.
2nd Week at
NEW WEST END
Daily: 4-30, 7, 9-45 p.m.

NALINI JAYWANT
Dances herself into your heart
IN
NATIONAL STUDIOS'
Radhika
Directed by
VIRENDRA DESAI
In THIRD Great Week
PATHE
3-30, 6-30, 10 P. M.
MATINEE TO-MORROW AT 1 P.M.

THE JAPANESE MENACE

Mr. Bharucha's Plea For Indo-British Settlement

Mr. B. F. Bharucha writes:—

Mr. Matsuoka, the Foreign Minister of Japan, is on a Mission of Peace to Rome and Berlin!

Lately, he has talked of War and Peace alternately! In one breath he has threatened America; and in another, he has professed friendship for her! It is this double barrelled Diplomat, who is going to the Axis capitals "to expound to Italian and German Leaders his theory of World Peace, a theory, which he had held for many years!"

That is how Matsuoka explains his Peace mission to the West. Let us put it to a test.

(1) According to the Pact with the Axis, Japan has obviously no serious disagreement with Italy and Germany.

(2) Her differences are to-day principally with America and England.

(3) If Matsuoka meant and desired World Peace, he should have gone to America, and then to England, to clear up the coming storm in the Pacific.

(4) But, he has chosen to go to Berlin and Rome, via Moscow and that with eleven Advisers.

(5) And the German Radio forecasts, "that the Three-Power Pact will achieve a new success, when Mr. Matsuoka's journey to Berlin and Rome is over."

Mark these words. They are most significant, as we shall presently see.

Even the Japanese Papers utter words of warning to their country's. Envoy to Berlin and Rome.

(1) The "Asahi Shimbun" says, "that it is widely hoped, that this Envoy will not run counter to his imperial mission, and will act after calm and mature deliberation." And

(2) The "Omiuri Shimbun" says, that "he, Matsuoka, is seeking a strengthening of the Axis through complete understanding among the signatories, as well as a better grasp of the international outlook."

This is also a significant hint for all concerned.

Germany and Japan were great rivals in trade. Both have been aiming, striving and struggling to capture the Markets of the World.

How is it, that they are suddenly drawn to each other in such great affection and cordial co-operation? What is the common cause between them?

Both wish to dominate the World. Hitler wants the Western Hemisphere. And Japan is striving for the Eastern. Their common enemies are England and America; for they both stand in the way of their Domination plan. Hitler has evidently made up with Stalin so far; and Japan is now trying to appease Russia for the time being.

Both Germany and Japan need oil and more oil, for their huge army, submarines and air force. Their supplies are scanty. Those of England and America are enormous. Hence, Germany and Japan are planning to capture more oil fields.

(1) For Germany, and Italy, the Rumanian supply is inadequate.

(2) The Russian supply has not come up to their original calculations.

(3) No oil supplies are now received from America.

(4) So, for attaining his plans of domination, Hitler must have oil, by hook or by crook. And hence his plans to invade the Near East Egypt, Syria, Iraq, etc.

(5) But, Britain and Turkey stand in his way; and here will be a titanic struggle in the coming months. May God forbid!

Japan's Bid For East Indies

Now, Japan is also handicapped for want of oil. America has shut out her supplies So, Japan has been planning to secure a permanent source, in the East, she has now got a hold on Indo-China, and old Siam, and thus strengthened her military, aerial and naval bases in the Pacific.

She is coercing the Dutch East Indies to give her the largest oil supply. That she could not do, under her contract with Britain. Dutch oil goes to Singapore and to the other British dominions. If Japan captures the East Indies, she can get all the oil she wants; and she will cut off the supplies to Singapore, which will hit the British Navy seriously.

Here again, is the danger of a naval war.

Japan is no fool. She is playing a double game. She holds a double-edged sword against Britain today.

If Britain obstructs her acquisition of the Dutch East Indies, she will fight Britain at sea; and harass her by air in Burma and India. Not only that, she can now conveniently ignore the mighty Singapore naval base, and with Siam's connivance, she can harass shipping in the Bay of Bengal.

So, when England is engaged in a life and death struggle in the West and in the Near East, Japan can wield a double-edged sword against Britain

What Is Matsuoka's Mission?

(1) Is it to help Germany or Italy? No, not directly, and not even effectively, if she can help it.

(2) Is it to secure Germany or Italy's material help? No, for what can either do effectively to help her in the Pacific, or in the Bay of Bengal?

(3) So, why is Matsuoka going to Berlin and Rome for and that too with eleven Advisers?

(a) In the first instance, he wants Hitler's help to come to an understanding with Russia.

(b) He also wants to see for himself and his Government the exact state of affairs in Germany, Italy and Russia.

(c) He wants his Advisers to verify, if possible, whether all the boasts of German Radios and missions in Japan are correct.

(d) He also wants to know the exact dates of Hitler's Blitzkrieg on England and the Near East, so that he can fix up his assault on the East Indies accordingly.

(e) And finally to know what are Hitler's plans for India, Burma and the Far East, after he is victorious?

(1) Germany wants Japan to leave out the Dutch Indies, and tackle the Road to Burma first.

(2) Japan is keen on getting the Dutch Indies first, before risking the onslaught on Burma.

(3) It is to settle the final plan of simultaneous action in the West and the East, that Matsuoka is on his way to Rome and Berlin.

(4) Germany is out to smash Britain; but Japan is out to expand herself preferably without coming in conflict with Britain and America.

Britain is fully armed and equipped. So, are Egypt and the Road to the Near East-Palestine, Iraq, etc. Are India and Burma fully protected from the air? I fear, no. There is grave danger of destruction from the air. That may lead to panic and internal disturbance. Will Britain wake up? Will Burma and India square up? Will Gandhiji make up? Prudence demands it now. May Providence befriend us.

Exempt Charitable Institutions From Property Tax

Karanjia's Plea To Govt.

The following statement has been issued by Mr. Behram N. Karanjia, M.L.C., to the Press:—

He has addressed the following letter on the 14th March to the Adviser to the Governor of Bombay regarding Property Tax:—

"As a member of the Bombay Legislative Council, I would like to place before you some suggestions to which, I hope, considering the present situation, the Governor will be pleased to give due consideration.

At the time when the prohibition question was discussed in the Council, I had suggested to the then Minister-in-Charge that all the charitable institutions should be exempted from the Property Tax of 10 per cent. At that time Mr. Latthe, the then Finance Minister, promised to give due consideration to my suggestion. Unfortunately, the tax was levied, and before anything could be done to meet with the wishes of the people the Ministry resigned.

It transpires now, if my information is correct, that due to relaxation in the policy and conditions as regards prohibition, Government are likely to derive a revenue of about Rs. 40 lakhs. It is very likely that they will also save a pretty good amount in the expenses with regard to the prevention of smuggling.

In their Press Note recently issued Government have promised to devote any additional revenue from these changes to the relief of taxation under the Property Tax; but it should not be assumed that any large relief will be possible since Government anticipates that these arrangements will mean a continued sacrifice of most of the revenue from the sale of country liquor and toddy.

Now that there is likely to be a substantial surplus, may I suggest some relief? Looking to the fact that most of the charitable institutions, Hindu, Mahomedan, Parsi, Christian, etc., are suffering more than individual property holders, I should suggest that Government should first give relief to such institutions and they may be exempted from the operation of the Property Tax. With regard to individual property-holders, Government can easily give some relief, which may be 'pro rata' according to their increased revenue."

MOVE TO CHECK SMUGGLING

QUETTA, March 17.

The Baluchistan authorities, it is understood are considering ways and means to check the smuggling of prohibited goods, such as Boski and saccharine, into India from the gulf ports through Baluchistan.

It is proposed to appoint one inspector, one assistant inspector and nine sub-inspectors, who will be stationed at important points on the Baluchistan frontier for the purpose of maintaining a regular watch and thus prevent the smuggling of these goods into British India.—A. P.

LUCKNOW, March 19.

The Rotary Club of Lucknow last night entertained H. E. the Governor and Lady Hallett.—A. P

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

Active Speculative And Trade Buying In New York Cotton Market

CONGRESSIONAL AGITATION FOR HIGHER FARM INCOME

Large Quantities Of Cotton To Be Sent To Britain

BOMBAY March 19.

On Tuesday there was a sharp rebound in the New York Cotton Exchange and prices advanced on trade demand buying and limited offerings.

There was Eastern and speculative buying on Woodrum's statement in the House Representatives that Administration contemplates spending hundred million dollars on cotton to send to Britain.

The New York cotton market opened steady on Tuesday and advanced on trade demand in nears and New Orleans replacement buying on technical considerations and the strength of outside markets with offerings limited to scale-up hedging and profit-taking. Congressional agitation for higher loans continues despite administration opposition. Bombay interests were on both sides of the cotton market which advanced further after Woodrum's statement in the House that the administration contemplates spending hundred million dollars on cotton to send to Britain.

The market continues active on speculative interest broadening on hopes of higher loan rate for 1941 cotton crop and on expectations of large exports to Britain under the Lend and Lease Act. The Farm Bloc pleads for higher return and the administration is opposed. It is understood the Government officials will place their counter proposals before the Senate Agricultural Committee to-day.

NEW YORK PRICES

At the opening May was quoted 7 pts higher at 10.69, which was the lowest for the day. There was a steady flow of buying orders and May advanced to 10.85 which was the highest level. The market closed at a net rise of 19 to 21 pts. Spot cotton prices advanced 19 pts at 11.14c per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

There was renewed active buying on the New Orleans market and with scarcity of sellers prices advanced. The market closed at a net rise of 19 to 21 pts. Spot cotton prices were raised 18 pts at 10.85c per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 8 pts with October 8.61. The market was unsettled on moderate long liquidation. The sharp recovery in Bombay influenced fair volume of trade calling. The market closed at a net decline of 8 pts. Middling American spot cotton prices declined 4 pts at 8.99d per lb.

Egyptian cotton market was quietly steady. Uppers futures declined 2 to 3 pts and Giza contracts closed one point down.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York May highest 10.85+23 (2-13 p.m.); lowest 10.69+07 (10 a.m.)

Liverpool July highest 8.68—07; lowest 8.63 —12.

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends :—

New York.—Market advanced on good trade demand with small offerings. Eastern and speculative buying.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York : March 18.

May	10.81+19
July	10.78+20
October	10.69+19
December	10.69+21
January	10.67+20
March	10.65+21
Middling Spot	11.14+19

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

March	10.86+18
May	10.84+19
July	10.76+19
October	10.72+19
December	10.72+21
January	10.69+19

NEW YORK COTTON

New York : March 18.

11 a.m. Ranges. Noon Call.

May	10.72	10.71
July	10.69	10.68
October	10.58	10.56

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York : March 18.

Day's receipts at all U S Ports 16,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain Nil.
Day's exports to the Continent Nil.
Day's exports to China and Japan Nil.

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool : March 18.

March	8.65—08
May	8.66—08
July	8.67—08
October	8.61—08
December	8.58—08
January	8.57—08
Middling Spot	8.99—04

11 a.m. QUOTATIONS

March	8.64

Increased Demand For Indian Steel

New Delhi, March 19

The volume of orders for indigenous steel supplies against urgent war demands has it is stated, increased to such an extent that the bulk of the output of the two largest Indian Steel works is now being taken to meet war demands.

It is announced that a Steel Supplies Section of the Metal Directorate has been established and placed under the charge of the adviser on steel supplies, Mr. J. C. Mahindra, who in future will receive all orders from the trade about Indian steel supplies. The section includes representatives of Tatas, the Steel Corporation of Bengal Stockists of Steel, the Re-Rollers' Association and Steel Fabricators.—A.P.

Grading Act For Wheat

New Delhi, March 19

Communique : The Government of India have in a notification of March 17, 1941, declared that the provisions of the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act 1937 shall be applied to wheat.

Grade designations when drawn up will be published in the Gazette for objection and comments, and only after final publication of the grade designations will the actual work of grading particular varieties of wheat be undertaken.—A.P.

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay : March 19.

Fine White Java Sugar per cwt—
From Bond Rs. 10/10
Shipment March Rs. 9/7 F.B.H.
Indian Sugars Ready—
Ready ordinary Rs. 14/1 to 14/8
Ready large grain Rs. 14/9 to 15/8.
Tone :—Steady.

RAILWAY TIME TABLE G. I. P. Railway.

	Arr. H.M.	Dep H.M.
Madras Mail	6 00	22 00
Peshawar Express	6-15	22-45
Calcutta Mail (via Nagpur)	8-55	18-10
Calcutta Mail (via Chheoki)	9-30	20-15
Madras Express	10 15	14 30
Poona Mail	10 30	17 30
Punjab Mail	12 30	17 40
Nagpur Express	15-00	21-00
Poona Express	19 30	08 05
Allahabad Express	20 25	07 00
Poona Fast Passenger	21 45	12 10

B. B. & C. I. Railway. (Arrivals at and Departures from Bombay Central.)

	Arr. H.M	Dep H.M
Ahmedabad Passenger	5 35	13 05
Delhi Express	6 00	22 15
Gujarat Mail	6 45	22 05
Kathiawar Mail	7 25	21 35
Frontier Mail	8 15	21 15
	(Mon)	(Sat)
The Flying Ranee, Bulsar	*9 15	15 55
The Flying Ranee, Surat	*9 48	16 10
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Monday)	10 58	00 00
The Flying Ranee, Surat (Except Saturday)	00 00	18 05
Ahmedabad Passenger	14 15	22 30
Kathiawar Express	15 05	8 45
Baroda Passenger	20 48	9 00

*If Monday is a Bank Holiday, these trains will run on Tuesday

LUCKNOW, March 19.

Swami Bhagwan, General Secretary of the U. P. Kisan Sangh and a prominent member of the Congress Socialist Party, who was arrested at Lucknow on Monday has nominated Hakim Brajlal Burman of Muttra to act as his successor.—A. P.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay : March 19.

Yesterday London Gold was unchanged at £8/8. Dollar Sterling cross rate was 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2 at London and 4.03 1/2 at New York. London spot silver was unchanged at 23 1/2d and forward quotation was 23 7/16d. There was little buying and offers were light. Buyers were satisfied. New York spot silver was unchanged at 34 3/4 cents and Shanghai T T on London was quoted 3 1/4. London Bombay spot silver parity was Rs. 62/10/3 and forward parity was Rs. 62/8. The local market was firm with active buying in silver influenced by sharp rise in cotton and prices advanced to Rs. 63/2. Gold was fairly steady with moderate buying.

Following are the quotations :—Gold Silver

Ready	Rs. 43 9 6	63 0 0
Chaitra	Rs. 43 10 6	63 2 0
Sovereigns : Rs. 29/7.		

LONDON SILVER

London : March 18.

Spot	23 1/2
Forward	23 7/16

LONDON GOLD

London : March 18.

Gold bars fine per Oz.	£8/3/0

TATA HYDRO-ELECTRIC AGENCIES Total Units Generated

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd., and The Tata Power Company, Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations (Khopoli, Bhivpuri and Bhira) of the Hydro Group were as follows :—

11th Week (ended March 18th)

1939	13,574,100
1940	7,673,900
1941	14,872,200
Total for 11 Weeks (1st January to date)	
1939	149,819,400
1940	151,755,600
1941	193,974,000

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, March 18

The Stock Exchange had another satisfactory day. Giltedged were hesitant, but other sections were generally firm. Kaffirs advanced on Cape and local buying and Home Rails on further anticipatory buying in connection with next week's Indian Stock redemptions payments. Among the industrials Courtaulds and Dunlops were especially higher. Oil met more interest and Coppers also improved.

Wall Street : Very quiet.

BEST GROSS RECEIPTS

Gross receipts for February 1941.

*Electric Supply for February 1941 Rs. 7,40,341; up to the end of February 1941 Rs. 14,77,274.

Traction (Trams and Omnibuses) for February 1941 Rs. 7,49,378; up to the end of February 1941 Rs. 15,56,601.

Increase over same period last year Rs. 1,97,806.

*Exclusive of supply to Tramways.

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, March 19

	To-day	Total
Bengal	50	3650
Oomra	1650	8200

LONDON RUBBER

London : March 18.

Smoked sheets standard ribbed per lb. 14 1/8 buyers.

LONDON EXCHANGES

London : March 18.

T T London on New York 4.02 1/2-4.03 1/2, Madrid 40.50, Montreal 4.43/4.47, Berne 17.30/17.40, Stockholm 16.85/16.95.

BOMBAY COTTON

EXTENSIVE SPECULATIVE ACTIVITY

Rise Of Rs. 25/- In 24 Hours

Bombay : March 19.

The local market was greatly unsettled on extensive speculative activity and prices advanced Rs. 25 in 24 hours. Yesterday morning Broach J/A was quoted at Rs. 214 and this morning it was quoted Rs. 239. There was squeeze in the market and sellers being scarce prices advanced by leaps and bounds. The market was unduly depressed, but large buying of call options and excessive speculative bulls buying effected change and the market is moving like a runaway horse. Half of the crop is now marketed and there being scarcity of staple cotton and Broach crop being smaller, there was a sudden rush of buyers and straddle covering.

To-day the market was expected to open at Rs. 232 for Broach A/M and Rs. 227 for Broach J/A as a result of a rise of 20 pts. in New York cotton futures. But the market opened with great excitement and A/M opened at Rs. 242 and quickly advanced to Rs. 249, which was the highest level. At this level there was heavy realising and prices declined to Rs. 239. Broach J/A delivery after advancing to Rs 239 declined to Rs. 232. The market was erratic.

There was renewed buying and Broach A/M advanced to Rs. 242 and J/A was quoted at Rs. 235. There appeared realising and prices again sagged. Liverpool opened 9 points up and the local market was quietly steady with Broach A/M Rs. 237/8 and J/A Rs. 231/8. There was further long liquidation and prices again eased to Rs. 232 for Broach A/M and J/A was quoted at Rs. 226/8. There was scattered buying and Broach J/A improved to Rs. 228. There was further rise to Rs. 230/8 in J/A on short covering. The market was barely steady with steady liquidation in A/M contracts. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under :—

F G M G BROACH—			
April/May	Rs.	234	0 0
July/August		229	0 0
FINE M G OOMRA—			
March		168	0 0
May		169	8 0
July		171	8 0
F G M G BENGAL—			
March		134	8 0
May		134	0 0
July		136	0 0

COTTON ROOM RATES

Bombay, March 19

	Extra Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P		142	140	138	136
M G Punjab		142	140	138	136
M G Rajputana		147	145	143	141
M G Oomra No. 3	182	179	176	173	
M G C P No. 1	207	204	201	198	
M G C P No. 2	191	188	185	182	
M G Broach No. 2		254	251	247	244

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, March 19

Approx. quotations.	Ready.
Bengal Fine	136
Berar	175-78
C. P. 1	202-5
C. P. 2	180-82
Khandesh	155-60
Muglai	161-63
Broach	251-53
Punjab S. G. 289 F	378-88
Punjab R. G. 289 F	348-53
Punjab R. G. 4 F	293-95

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F P Bales	1940-41	1939-40
Receipts to date 18-3-41	3079000	6784000
Receipts yesterday 18-3-41	15000	17000
Export to date 18-3-41	790000	5287000
Stock at Ports 14-3-41	3461000	2905000
Stock at Interior Towns 14-3-41	3085000	2700000
Stock at Liverpool 14-3-41	.....	.....
Visible Supply 14-3-41	.....	.....
Quantity in sight 14-3-41	9315000	11966000
Quantity out of sight 14-3-41	.....	.....

COTTON PARITY

Broach A/M below Liverpool May 333 penny points at Ex. 1/6

Broach J/A below Liverpool July 346 penny points at Ex. 1/6

Broach A/M below New York May 187 cent points at Ex. 331.

Broach J/A below New York July 204 cent points at Ex. 331.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool : March 18.

UPPERS. GIZA NO. 2

Spot	11.11—3	12.09—1
March	10.41—3	11.09—1
May	10.42—2	11.08—1
July	10.43—2	11.04—1
November	10.38—2	11.06—1
January	10.38—2	11.06—1

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay : March 18.

		Highest	Lowest	Closing at 5 p.m.
Broach	A/M	227 1/2	218	227
Broach	J/A	222 1/2	214	221 3/4
Oomra	March	169	165 1/2	168 1/2
Oomra	May	170 1/2	167	170
Oomra	July	173	169	173
Bengal	March	134	132	133
Bengal	May	133	130	131 1/2
Bengal	July	134 1/2	132	134

TEJI MANDI PREMIUMS.

Bombay, March 19

Wheat May	0 4 6
Wheat September	0 8 6
Linseed May	0 8 0
Linseed September	0 14 0
Groundnut May	2 8 0
Castorseed May	3 0 0
Cottonseed May	1 8 0
Silver 1st settlement	0 12 0
Silver 2nd settlement	1 8 0
Gold 1st settlement	0 12 0
Gold 2nd settlement	1 8 0

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS.

HEDGE CONTRACT RATES

Bombay, March 19

Yarn No. 6 1/2s April 130 June 131 August 132

Yarn No. 10 1/2s April 162 June 164 August 166

Yarn No. 20 1/2s April 235 June 237 August 239

Yarn No. 40s April 320 June 325 August 330

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, March 19

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY OF INDIAN COTTON

In full-pressed bales	Yesterday	This year	Since 1st Sept. Last year
Khandesh	135	91,657	49,242
Central India	877	118,529	85,081
Barsi and Nagar	520	89,084	106,071
Hyderabad/Gaorani	664	30,589	42,068
Berar	503	308,464	274,023
Central Provinces	70	64,980	68,405
Total Oomras	2,719	703,403	624,890
Dholeras	.....	54,906	55,214
N W Provinces	.....	1,202	23,470
Rajputana	23	4,938	26,325
Sind-Punjab	91	395,922	500,019
Broach	2,624	45,168	255,765
Coompta & Dharwar	19	35,524	16,365
Westerns/Northerns	1	36,439	17,986
Cocoanada	....	239	82
Tinnevelly & Cambodia	205	727	1,309
Total	5,682	1,278,471	1,321,425
Arrived by road to 13th March 1941	.....	203,133	204,358

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay : March 19.

Following a strong tone in the cotton market the Share Market opened higher and subsequent price movements were rather erratic, but nevertheless the undertone continued to remain firm. Tata Deferreds which previously stood at 1955, opened at 1970 and touched at one time 1990, reacting later to 1982/8 but again improved to 1987/8 at the close, while Tata Ordinaries opened a rupee higher at 387 and advanced to 392 but later receued to 389/8 firming up again to 393 at the close. Bombay Dyeings improved to 1105 in sympathy with Steels Indian Irons also recorded a rise to 33/6

The following were the important quotations on the Exchange to-day :—

Tata Deferreds (1955) 1970 85 75 90 82/8 87/8
Tata Ordinaries (386) 387 88/8 88 92 89/8 93
Bombay Dyeings (1090) 1095 1105 1100 1105

Tata Ordinary 393, Tata Deferred 1987/8, Indian Iron 33/6, Bombay Dyeing 1105, Century 405, Central India 307/8, Kohinoor 413/2 Associated Cement 140, Bombay Burma 535, Scindia Steam 21/8, Tata Hydro X-D 179/6, Reserve Bank 105/8, Imperial Bank F P 1552/8, Central Bank 42/14, Bank of India 142/8, 3 1/2 per cent. Paper 95/15.

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ended the 14th day of March 1941.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	10,34,99,000
Notes in circulation :—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	238,91,83,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	17,54,92,000
Total Notes issued	256,81,74,000
Total Liabilities	256,81,74,000

Ratio of Total of A to Liabilities : 69.304 per cent.

ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion :—	
(a) Held in India	44,41,43,000
(b) Held outside India	.....
Sterling Securities	140,50,11,000
Total of A.	184,91,54,000
B. Rupee Coin	32,28,32,000
Government of India Rupee Securities	49,61,88,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	.....
Total Assets	256,81,74,000

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 14th March 1941.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	8,00,00,000
Deposits :—	
(a) Government—	
(1) Central Govt. of India	24,27,68,000
(2) Government of Burma	3,94,49,000
(3) Other Government Accounts	7,11,32,000
(b) Banks	39,47,31,000
(c) Others	5,99,85,000
Bills Payable	65,86,000
Other Liabilities	4,37,88,000
Rupees	95,84,39,000

ASSETS	Rs.
Notes :—	
(a) Legal Tender in India	9,95,07,000
(b) Legal Tender in Burma only	39,92,000
Rupee Coin	5,93,000
Subsidiary Coin	3,26,000
Bills Purchased and Discounted :—	
(a) Internal	.....
(b) External	.....
(c) Government Treasury Bills	3,00,000
Balances held abroad*	76,92,39,000
Loans and Advances to Governments	.....
Other Loans and Advances	11,25,000
Investments	6,94,21,000
Other Assets	1,39,37,000
Rupees	95,84,39,000

*Includes Cash & Short Term Securities.

SHIPPING NEWS.

EXPORTS

Bombay, March 19

42 bales cotton pcegoods Tulsidas Khimji; 2700 bales raw cotton Cotton Export and Import Ltd; 45 baies d/s ox and cowhides D Abraham and Sons; 200 baies raw cotton Konishi and Co Ltd; 275 bales raw cotton Kotak and Co; 30 bundles lamb skins raw A W and Y Golamhosan Zadeh; 15 bales cotton pcegoods L Dayal; 20 bales cotton pcegoods Hariram Khiaram; 104 bales cotton pcegoods Keshavji Virji and Co; 82 bs cotton pcegoods E D Sassoon and Co Ltd; 103 bales cotton yarn Keshavji Virji and Co; 136 bales cotton grey yarn Rasiklal Shantilal and Co; 300 bales raw cotton Arjan Khimji and Co; 800 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha Ltd; 400 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 40 bales cotton grey yarn C Kasturchand; 51 bales cotton pcegoods A Y Muchacachweli; 12 bales cotton pcegoods N M Bros and Co; 100 bales raw cotton L Ramji Co; 100 bales raw cotton Suleman and Co Ltd; 100 bales raw cotton Khimji Poonja and Co; 100 bales raw cotton N Futehally and Co; 200 bales raw cotton Kotak and Co; 101 bales d/s goat skins D Abraham and Sons; 11 cases bristles D Abraham and Sons.

IMPORTS

50 cases silk pcegoods; 585 cases raw silk; 96 cases thrown silk yarn; 100 cases refined camphor; 190 cases cotton yarn; 69 cases rayon goods; 35 cases waste silk spun yarn; 60 cases dentrin; 91 cases transmission conductor; 73 cases bakelliteware; 51 cases sheet glass; 77 cases transparent paper; 40 cases ammonium sulphur; 187 cases brass wire; 72 cases cycle parts; 250 cases chlorate of potash; 66 cases umbrella ribs; 58 cases celluloid bangles; 1688 cases rayon pcegoods; 2159 cases cotton pcegoods; 1644 cases rayon yarn; 1010 cases cigarettes; 77 cases cotton goods; 50 cases cut tacks; 30 cases iron oxide; 33 cases cotton socks; 30 cases hair pins; 380 cases b ue cut tacks; 130 cases cellophone paper; 50 cases glue; 103 cases earthenware; 80 cases rayon and cotton mxd yarn; 116 cases rayon and cotton mixed pce goods; 702 cases spinning machinery parts; 96 cases flexible lamp cord; 200 cases glass empty ink bottles; 204 cases woollen yarn; 100 cases empty glass ink stands; 205 cases panel pins; 200 cases steel hinges; 125 cases padlocks; 37 cases enamelledware; 64 cases elect motor fans; 90 cases paper; 75 cases copper wire; 104 cases sewing needles; 2500 cases beer; 102 cases bobbins; 25 cases insect powder; 25 cases steel narrow butts; 30 cases m s rivets; 45 cases icing sugar; 100 cases empty tin cans; 55 cases rivets! 125 cases half cube sugar; 69 cases tall salmon; 110 cases glass bangles; 56 cases nut buttons; 73 cases rubber canvas belting; 60 cases preserves; 30 cases fine granuiated sugar; 45 cases elect goods; 71 cases elect bulbs; 1014 cases porcelainware; 1286 cases glasswara; 29 cases staple fibre pcegoods; 88 cases torches; 90 cases hurricane lanterns; 54 cases weaving machy access; 55 cases cheap glass lamp; 50 cases cud pink salmon; 25 cases glass lamp shade; 186 cases pipes; 26 cases printed matter; 26 cases motor hood cloth; 35 h/chest tea; 1116 bales staple fibre yarn; 33 bales gelatine; 196 bales art printing paper; 57 bales cotton fents; 700 bales cassia; 1000 ctns elect desk fans; 275 cts plywood; 1130 cts tiles; 36 jottas broken glass; 124 bundles mattings; 100 bundles sugarcandy; 2000 bags refined sugar; 495 bags empty glass bottles; 626 bags bolts and nuts; 254 brls m i pipe fittings; 157 brls dyes; 5162 pcs planks; 25 cases safety pin; 50 drums sodium sulphide; 300 bags split pe telnuts; 25 bags brass strips.

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, March 19.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 Loan 96-14
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes 95-15
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100/14
3 per cent 1951/54 Bonds 99/4
3 per cent 1963-65 Loan 95
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 102-4
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan 108-13
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 104/10
3 per cent War Bonds 101/1
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 113/8

TAX FREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945-55 Loan 112
4 per cent 1953/65 Mysore 115-6
3 per cent 1955 Mysore 125

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1947 108-2
4 per cent M Deb 1974 107-12
3 per cent M Deb 1955 116
6 per cent M Deb 1954 128
6 per cent K P T 1956 128
Tone :—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay : March 19.

LONDON :—
B. C. RATES :—
T T D D 1/5 15/16 to 18th Septr.
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 to 18th September.
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 to 18th Septr.
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32 one month.
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 one month
Bank's buying 3 months 1/5 1/4 two months
NEW YORK :—
Bank's selling T T 332 3/4
Bank's buying T T 329 3/4
Bank's buying D D 328
JAPAN :—
Bank's selling T T 81 1/4 nominal.
Bank's buying T T 77 nominal.
Bank's buying 60 days 76 1/4 nominal.
JAVA :—
Bank's selling D D 55 3/4
HONGKONG :—
Bank's selling D D 85 1/4
SHANGHAI :—
Bank's selling D D 20 1/2
SINGAPORE :—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/4
CROSS RATES :—
Hongkong/London 1/3 1/32 19th inst.
Shanghai/London 0/3 15/32 19th inst.
New York/London 4.03 1/2 18th inst
London/Java 7.58/62 18th inst.
London/New York 4.02 1/2-3 1/2 18th inst.
London/Switzerland 17.30/40 18th inst.
London/Stockholm 16.85/95 18th inst.
London/Japan 1/2 1/2 18th inst.
London/Canada 4.43/47 18th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange :—Quiet near. Steady forward.
Gold £8/8/0 18th inst.
Silver London Ready 23 1/2 18th inst.
Silver London Forward 23 7/16 18th inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 17th inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/16 per cent 18th inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 1/4 per cent 18th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money :—Call unlendable.
3 months 1/2 per cent
6 months 3/4 per cent.
Tone :—Very easy.

JOWAR CROP

The Department of Agriculture, Bombay, has issued the following forecast of the (Rabi) Jowar Crop of the Bombay Province (including Indian States) for the season 1940-41 :—

The figures in this forecast relate to the Rabi Jowar crop sown between September November 1940.

(Estimates up to 1st March 1941)

Area.—The total reported and estimated area under the crop stands as noted below :

	Bombay Province Acres.
British Districts	5,677,000
Indian States	1,295,000
Total	6,972,000

3.1 and 4.4 per cent respectively over the final revised area of the last year and the average actual area during the preceding ten years. Area decreased in Gujarat due partly to deficient late rains and partly to more area being sown under other crops but showed no appreciable variation elsewhere in the Province.

Season.—In Gujarat, the crop progressed well in the south while in the north where it is grown mainly for fodder is reported to have suffered in many places from want of adequate moisture in the soil and is estimated to yield much below the normal. The crop is now being harvested. In the Deccan, the season for the Rabi Jowar in the north was on the whole fairly satisfactory except for slight damage by late rains which spoiled the quality of grain to a certain extent. The crop was also attacked by caterpillars in some places. In the south of the Division, the crop suffered in early stages in the eastern areas from deficiency of soil moisture. The rains received late in the season proved untimely and harmful to the crop which had almost reached maturity and caused lodging of the crop and spoiled the colour of grain and fodder. Harvesting of the crop is by now practically over almost everywhere and the yield is estimated to be somewhat below normal. In Karnatak germination of the crop was fairly satisfactory but its further progress was checked in many areas as there were no adequate rains. The crop further suffered from easterly dry winds. The crop is being harvested in some places and the yield is expected to be much below normal.

Outturn.—In view of the seasonal conditions described above, the estimated outturn of the crop in Gujarat may range between 78 and 83 per cent of the normal in the south while it may come to about 50 to 54 per cent of the normal in the north of the Division. In the Deccan the crop may return between 75 and 83 per cent of the normal in the north but it may range between 58 and 75 per cent of the normal in the south of the Division. The crop in the Karnatak may return between 50 and 67 per cent of the normal. The outturn of the crop in the Indian States should generally correspond to the yields likely to be secured in the neighbouring British tracts.

The total estimated outturn works out as shown below :—

	Bombay Province Tons.
British Districts	734,000
Indian States	242,000
Total	976,000

1.9 and 18.1 per cent respectively below the final revised outturn of the last year and the average estimated outturn of the actual area during the preceding ten years.

LONDON SEEDS

London : March 18.

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe 20-4 1/2 March-April quoted.

Wheat Barletta Russo 20-1 1/2 March/April quoted

Wheat South Australian 25/6 March/April quoted.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London : March 18.

Rupee Paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70 1/2
Indian Stocks—	£
3 per cent 1948	89
3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	99 1/8
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	77 3/8
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	103 1/2
War Loan 3 1/2 per cent	104 1/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent 1960/90	114 1/2
Victory Bonds 4 per cent	111
Chartered Bank of I.A. and China	8 5/8
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank (London Register)	75
National Bank of India	31 3/4

Tata Steel Shares Reach New High Levels

COTTON MILL SHARES HARDEN

Steady Buying And Good Tone

Bombay : March 19.

As anticipated there was increased buying in Tata Steel shares which reached new high levels while cotton mill shares also hardened. There was persistent buying and the upward move was of an impressive nature and occasional profit-taking was well absorbed.

The recent rise in cotton helped bullish feeling, but the market is becoming unhealthy. A rise of about Rs. 50 in cotton has narrowed down the margin of profit to mills and those mills who have no stocks of cotton will not be able to show good profits Moreover one cannot overlook war developments and it will be safe to secure profits on a portion of holdings with a view to re buy when prices decline

The Share Bazar is not working freely and the ban on short sales is playing important part in shaping the price structure. Moreover those who are holding actual scrips of certain companies are denied the right to sell in forward and tender against sales

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay : March 19.

Bombay Dyeing (1138/12) 1147 1150 1145 1152 1146 1150
Century (419/8) 425 427 421 425 422 425 424 425
Central India (332/8) 343 337 339 336 335
Kohinoor (429) 434 432 436 434 436 437
New Great (450) 457 458 452 456 457
Simplex (116) 118 117 119 117 118/8
Swadeshi (311) 318 316 314 319 317 316/8
Associated Cement (144/4) 145/4 144/4 146 145/8
Andhra (1842/8) 1842/8
Tramway Ordinary (136/4) 136
Tata Hydro (188) X D 185
Tata Power (1620) 1640 1675 1652 1660 1665
Tata Steel Defd (2028/12) 2062 2067 2052 2075 2067 2075 2065 2080 2077
Tata Steel Ordinary (393) 398 396 401 400 402
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (149/4) 149/8 149
Bellapur (218/8) 224 221 222 221
Bombay Steam (322) 322
Bombay Burma (562/8) 568 565 572 568 570 568

These restrictions are responsible for one-sided market and somewhat artificial state. Thus it needs caution to follow the rise.

Stocks were narrowly irregular with the Wall Street market thin and very susceptible and closed steady. Real buying power was lacking but earlier concessions were mostly restored on favourable business. U.S. Steel shares improved 1/2 at 58 1/4 and Anaconda copper Mining shares closed 1/8 up at 2 3/4 dollars.

Tata Steel Defds opened to-day at Rs. 2062 and after declining to Rs. 2052 advanced to Rs. 2075, but reacted to Rs. 2067. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 398 and after declining to Rs. 396 advanced to Rs. 401 and reacted to Rs. 400. Bombay Dyeing shares improved to Rs. 1147. Associated Cements were steady at Rs. 145 and Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 570. Towards the close there was further buying in Steel shares and Defds were quoted at Rs 2080 and ordinary shares were placed at Rs. 402. Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. 1150.

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, March 19

100 Ahm. Advance	275	0
250 BOMBAY DYEING	1150	0
100 CENTURY	425	0
100 CENTRAL INDIA	335	0
100 COLABA X.D.	82	8
100 Godrla	1.8	8
250 David	37	8
250 Dawn	3-7	8
1 E. D. Sassoon Def.	1 2	6
100 FINLAY	196	8
100 GOKAK	238	8
1000 Hindustan	2000	0
100 Indore	65	0
100 Khatau	155	0
100 KOHINOOR X.D.	437	0
250 LAXMI	572	8
100 MORARJI	241	0
200 Model	83	12
50 MYSORE X.D.	1.0	0
200 NEW GREAT	457	0
100 Oosmanshahi	52	0
100 Phoenix	268	0
25 Sassoon Silk	92	8
1000 Sholapur	2790	0
50 SIMPLEX	118	8
100 SWADESHI	316	8
100 SWAN	204	0
500 Vishnu	1380	0
100 Western	1 85	0

BANKS

50-100 BARODA X.D.	108	0
25-50 CENTRAL	42	14
500 IMPERIAL	1552	8
125-500 Imp. Contrys.	386	14
50-100 India X.D.	142	8
100 RESERVE BANK	105	8
5 UNION X.D.	6	7

CEMENTS

100 ASSOCIATED	146	4

INSURANCE

100 Empire	652	8
15-100 JUPITER	13	10
20 Mercantile	66	0
15-75 NEW INDIA	41	8
200 Oriental	3935	0
10-50 Vulcan	8	12

ELECTRIC

100 AHMD. OLD X.D.	184	6
1000 ANDHRA VALLEY	1842	8
10 AJMER	12	3
50 BOMBAY TRAM	136	4
100 Bombay Suburban	185	0
10 Broach	14	0
100 Karachi	213	12
100 Poona	215	0
100 Surat	182	8
1000 TATA HYDRO X.D.	185	0
1000 TATA POWER	1665	0

RAILWAYS

500 Ahmedabad Prantij X.D.	842	8
100 C. Province	106	0
100 Dhond Baramati	104	4
100 Gujarat X.D.	99

NEW YORK COTTON SIX POINTS UP

COTTON:

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICE

JULY 1941

New York, March 19

Previous closing	10.78
To-day's opening	10.83
Difference	+05
To-day's closing	10.84
Difference	+06

BROACH EXPECTATION

Broach April/May	Rs. 234
Broach July/August	Rs. 229

LIVERPOOL COTTON

MARCH 1941

Liverpool, March 19

Previous closing	8.65
To-day's opening	8.74
Difference	+09
To-day's closing	8.66
Difference	+01

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, March 19

The New York cotton continued to show improved feeling buoyed up by strength of Bombay but caution was the keynote pending the fate of the Bankhead Bill.

Trading in July began at 10.83 i.e. five points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on increased trade support and some speculative purchases but the general enquiry was rather slow.

The following are to-day's opening ranges in New York cotton :—

May (10.70/69) 10.82/82
July (10.69/68) 10.83/83
October (10.55/54) 10.72/72

The following are opening rates on Liverpool cotton market :—

American March (8.64) 8.71
American May (8.65) 8.72
Egyptian Giza March (11.09) 11.09
Egyptian Giza May (11.08) 11.08

LONDON COMMODITIES

London, March 19

Castorseeds January/February unquoted.
Linseed Bombay Calcutta March April (£18 9/16 quoted) £18 9/16 quoted
Linseed La Plata April (£11 5/16 quoted) £11 5/16 quoted
Groundnuts Coromandal March April (£17 1/4 quoted) £17 1/4 quoted

JUTES

Dundee March (£45) £45
Lightning March (£40) £40

RUBBER

Spot (14 1/16d paid and buyers) 14 1/2d paid and value
Forward July September (14 1/4d paid and sellers) 14 1/2d paid and value

LONDON METALS

Tin (£271 1/4 buyers; £271 1/2 sellers. Barely steady) £272 buyers; £272 1/4 sellers. Firm
Electrolytic Copper (£62) £62
Lead (£25) £25
Glasgow Iron No. 3 (131 sh.) 131 sh.

EXCHANGES:

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, March 19

Previous closing 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing 4.03 1/2

tT. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, March 19

Previous closing 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's opening 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2
To-day's closing 4.02 1/2 to 4.03 1/2

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London, March 19

T. T. London on Paris not quoted.

LONDON SILVER CABLE

London, March 19

The following cable was received from London :—

Market is quiet.

LONDON SILVER

London, March 19

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil
Forward (23 7/16d) 23 1/2d +1/16

LONDON GOLD

London, March 19

London Gold (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, March 19

London Exchange opened with the sterling/dollar at 4.02.50 to 4.03.50, which is officially fixed rate.

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay not quoted.
New York on Miland not quoted.
New York on Bombay (30.35) 30.35
London on Shanghai (6-3 5/32 to 6-3 15/32) 6-3 5/32 to 6-3 15/32
London on Kobe (1-2 to 1-2 1/2) 1-2 to 1-2 1/2.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/4 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/16 to 1 1/4 per cent.
6 months (1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 1/8 to 1 1/4 per cent.

BULLION AND SEEDS

Bombay, March 19

There was no trading during the night session.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, March 19

New York Stock Exchange opening prices :—

General Motors dol 43 5/8
Anaconda Co pper Mining dol 24 3/4
United States Steel Common dol 58 5/8
United States Steel Preference unquoted.

3 1|2 P.C. STERLING LOAN

London, March 19

3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed to-day at £99

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, March 19

London Stock Exchange was generally steady to-day.

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

London, March 19

5 per cent 1958/68 (£104 3/4) £105

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£77 3/8) £77 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£103 1/2) £103 1/2
2 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£99) £99
4 per cent Funding Loan (£114 1/8) £114 1/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loans (£104 1/8) £104 1/8
New War Loan (£100 3/8) £100 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£111) £111

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (10-9) 10-9
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (33-0) 33-7 1/2
Hydro Electric No dealings.
Electric Music Industry (7-7 1/2) 7-7 1/2
Princhin Johnson (18-3) 18-1 1/2
Imperial Chemicals (29-4 1/2) 29-6
Woolsworth New Ordinary (48) 47-9
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 193% (£50) £50
Dundee Rubber (32-9) 33-3
Unilever Ordinary (22-6) 22-6
Ford Motors (17-7 1/2) 17-9
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£60 1/2) £60 1/2
British African Tobacco Ordinary (86-3) 86-3
Carreas A' (£3 3/4) £3 3/4
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (91-3) 91-3
P and O Def (21-7 1/2) 21-7 1/2
Distillers (61-6) 62-0
Bredfords Dye (2-10 1/2) 3-3
British Ceianese (3-3) 3-3
J and P Coates Ordinary (27-10 1/2) 28-5
Courtaulds Ordinary (30-7 1/2) 31-1 1/2
Fine Cotton Spinners (2-9) 2-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (14-7 1/2) 15-0
Inter Nickel Ordinary (dol 39 7/8) dol 39 7/8
Indian Iron (45-7 1/2) 45-7 1/2

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (17-9) 17-9
Donaro Tea (30-3) 30-3
Empire of India (21-3) 21-3

JUTE

Barnagore (£8) £8

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (14-4 1/2) 14-4 1/2
Guia Kelampong (15-9) 15-9
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (25-1 1/2) 25-1 1/2

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (18-9) 18-9
Burma Corporation (7-0) 7-0
Rio Tintos (£7 1/2) £7 1/2
East Rand Properties (40-7 1/2) 40-7 1/2
Rand Mines (£6 3/8) £6 3/8

MINE SHARES

Crown (£11 3/4) £11 3/4
Associated Portland Cement (80-7 1/2) 81-1/2
Trinidad Leasehold (63-9) 65-0
Sub Nigel (£7 1/8) £7 1/8
Spring Mines Split Shares (20-7 1/2) 20-7 1/2
Union Corporation (£6 7/8) £7

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (26-3) 26-3
Anglo India (35-0) 35-0
Burma Oil (51-3) 51-3
Mexican Eagle (7-6) 7-9
Shell Transport (42-1 1/2) 40-7 1/2
Royal Dutch (£17 1/2) £17 1/2

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£33 1/4) £33 1/4
London Midland Ordinary (£12 5/8) £12 1/2
London North Eastern Def (£1 5/8) £1 5/8
London Southern Def (£10 3/8) £10 3/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£119) £119
London Transport 'C' (£32) £32

Lucknow, March 18

The second wheat forecast in the United Provinces estimates an outturn of 97 per cent of the normal, an increase of nine per cent over the average for the last ten years.—A.P.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Sharp Advances In Speculative Issues

CALCUTTA, March 19

A decidedly better tone was in evidence in the Stock Exchange to-day on good buying support. Speculative Engineering issues recorded sharp advances over yesterday's closing figures, while miscellaneous industrials kept remarkably steady. Coals, Jutes, Teas, Cottons and Government securities kept quietly steady.

The following were closing quotations :—

Government securities : 3 per cent loan 1936/65 96/4 small lot; 3 1/2 per cent G P 96; 3 1/2 per cent loan 1947/60 102/5; 3 per cent U P loan 1961/66 93/8 small lot; 3 per cent Assam 1952 95/10;

Banks : Imperial Bank fully paid 1548; do conty 386 small lot; Reserve 106/8; Darjeeling Himalayan Rly pref 101 ex div.

Cottons : Bengal Nagpur 13/12; Benares Cotton and Silk 2/6; Bowreah B pref 70/8; Cawnpore Textiles 6/10; Dunbar 210 small lot; Elgin Mills ord 18/10; Kesoram 6/11; New Victoria ord 2/2.

Coals : Bengal 361; Burrakur 14/3; Dhemo Main 15/2; East Indian 16/12; Ghusick and Muslia 4/5; Lakurka 9/8; Mundulpore 10/7; North-West Conty 16/4 ct; New Beerbhoom 16; Pench Valley 33/10; Samia 2/2; Singareni Collieries 10 ct; Standard 20/12 small lot; Talcher 1/6.

Jutes : Agarpara 25/8; do pref 152; Anglo-India 318; Baily 225/8; Budge Budge 353; Champdany 164; Cheviot 186; Clive 22/5; Dalhousie 307; Craig 1/4; Gnitavalsah 4/10; do pref 112 small lots; Empire 25/6; Ganges 259; Gourepore 688; Hooghly ord 59; Hastings pref 138; Howrah 52/8; do 7 per cent pref 174; Hukumchand 9/5; India 306 small lot; Kamarhatty 470; Kankinarrah 381; Lothian 249 small lots; Megna 42/8; National 22/8 small lot; Naskarpara 18; Northbrook 33/4; Nuddea 57/8; Orient 189 small lot; Presidency 4/12; Reliance 56; Waverley 2; do pref 40.

Miscellaneous : Burma Corpn 5; Consolidated Tin 2/9; Indian Copper 2/2; Tavoy Tin 1/1; Dalmia Cement ord 11/12 small lot; do pref 112/8 small lot; Alkali and Chemical pref 123; Bengal Telephone pref 12 small lots; Jhansi Elec 9/12; Muttra Elec 8; Lahore Elec B 25/14; Burn and Co ord 383; Hukumchand Steel defd 3/2 ;Indian St. Wagon pref 163; Indian Iron and Steel 31/11; National Iron and Steel 8/9; Steel Corpn ord 19/12; do pref 117/8; Steel Products 6/4; Balmer Lawrie 326; B I Corpn ord 4/11; Dunlop Rubber ord 38/6; Ivan Jones 2/2; Macfarlane and Co defd 1/14; Rohtas Industries 21/3; British Burma Petrol 3/15; Sree Gopal Paper Pref 106/8; Titaghur Paper 17/2; Midnapore Zemindary 73 small odd lot; Ayer Panas Rubber dol 1.05 cts; Bengal Assam Steamship ord 253; India General Navigation ord 82; Bishnauth 25/10; Dauracherra 9/8; Eastern Cechar 7/12; Gungaram 357; Huldibari 22/8; Hantapara 347; Mim 151 small lots; Soom 12/8.

Debentures ; 3 1/4 per cent Rangoon Municipal D 100/8 small lot; 5 1/2 per cent 1941-60 Carew and Co second 101/8; 5 per cent 1935/45 Samastipore Sugar 103/4.—A.P.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

Textiles & Plantings Firm

MADRAS, March 19

Active conditions were witnessed in the Stock Exchange to-day. Securities were steady Textiles were firm and so also Planting issues. Banks were dull but sugars were bright with good enquiries for Travancore Sugars. Miscellaneous issues showed no chance.

Transactions reported from 12 noon yesterday to 12 noon to-day :—

Radhakrishnas 130 ed; Vasantas 113/8; Maduras 39/12; Mettur 136/8; Cambodias ord 9/6; Cochin Malabar ord 6/12; Tropicals 19, 19/2; Midlands 5/1; United Nilgiri Tea ord 121; Nilgiri Neerugundi ord 1/8; Udayagiri 6; Thamarapally 8/10 small lot; Travancore 9/2; Mysore Sugar 49/8; United Breweries ord 92; Mettur Chemical ord 9/10; Mysore Chemicals 17/3; Mysore Tobacco 9/10, 9/12; Spencer ord 5/12; Andhra Cement ord 68/12; Singareni ord 10/4; Indian Steel Rolling Mills ord 7/12; do pref 12.

WOMAN COMMITS SUICIDE

AHMEDABAD, March 19.

Family feud resulting from the custom of having two wives was responsible for a triple tragedy in a village in Ahmedabad District.

This was revealed at an inquest held over the dead bodies of a young woman and her two children by a local Magistrate. The dead body of a five-year-old girl was at first found floating in the village well whereupon a search was made and the dead bodies of the woman and her five-month-old boy were found.

The Magistrate held an inquest and found that the woman had committed suicide as the result of constant quarrels with her husband and his other wife.—A. P.

'Quake Tremors In Sind Districts

KARACHI, March 19.

Earthquake tremors of moderate intensity are reported to have occurred at Nagarparkar in Tharparkar district, during the weekend when panicky villagers rushed out in open. No loss of life is reported so far.—A. P.

ALL-INDIA WEATHER SUMMARY

Poona, March 19

Isolated thundershowers have occurred in the North-West Frontier Province and South-east Bengal, Narayanganj, reporting half an inch Temperatures are again above normal over the country, being markedly so in the North-West.

Forecast until the evening of 20th :—Scattered thundershowers will occur along the North-West Frontier and in the Western Himalayas. Isolated thunderstorms are also likely in the plains of the Punjab, in Assam, South-East Bengal, Central Provinces, Deccan. Temperatures will continue above normal over the country.—A.P.

Governor Gives Away 'Win The War" Fund Tickets

BOMBAY, March 19

Many a citizen present this afternoon on the Esplanade Maidan to witness the Naval, Military and Air Force display in connection with the "War Week" went home in high glee because he was the recipient of a "Win the War" Rupee Fund Ticket personally presented to him by His Excellency the Governor. As His Excellency visited the booth near the scene of the Military Display, he bought a wad of "Win the War" Rupee Fund tickets and distributed them among the people gathered around.

His Excellency later witnessed the Ambulance Brigade at work.

Displays and Demonstrations were also held in other parts of the city.—A.P

Wanted More Steamers For Rice Import

Bombay, March 19

The "United Press" understands that the Bombay Rice Merchants' Association have drawn urgent attention of the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry to the critical situation created with regard to rice in the country. Stocks, they urge, are depleted in Bombay, to a lakh and a half bags against the normal stocks of 8 to 9 lakhs during this time of the year. Crops in Bengal having failed, it is pointed out, India will require to import far larger quantities. The Association strongly urges upon the Federation to bring this situation to the notice of the Government of India with a view to get the situation eased by the release of sufficient number of steamers without delay for imports from Burma to India, as the present situation is already causing severe hardships to the poor people of the country.—United Press.

Tea Parcels For United Kingdom

New Delhi, March 19

His Majesty's Government have announced that parcels of tea despatched from abroad after March 10, 1941, as "bona fide" unsolicited gifts to individuals in the United Kingdom should not exceed two pounds in weight. Any parcel containing more than two pounds will be confiscated.—A.P.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 19-3-1941

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 82.4 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.10 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.86 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

Navroz Racing

FRIDAY HANDICAPS

The following are the handicaps for the Fourth Day of the Bombay Spring Meeting, to be held at Mahalaxmi on Friday :—

TICKFORD PARK PLATE.

Distance 7 furlongs.

Old Reliance 9-0, Let Sup 9-0, Bistolfi 8-11, Harishchandra 8-9, Terror 8-7, Hot Bun II 8-7, Tail Story 8-6, Wansfell 8-6, Maylowl II 8-6, Fire Alarm 8-4, Summit 8-2, Good Care 8-2, Blandstar 8-0, Chhatrasal 8-0, Flying Orders 7-7, Mahboob 7-4.

PHOENIX PLATE (Div. I.)

Distance 6 furlongs.

Cougar 9-2, Albertine 9-2, So That's That 8-11, Highland Lad 8-9, Dightenn Valley 8-9, Don't Shoot 8-6, Flower of India 8-5, Mormon 8-5, Apple Jelly 8-5, Right Bet 8-4, Chaijeet 8-2, Legendary 8-0, Spun Glass 8-0, Black Magic 8-0, Bobby in the Barn 8-0.

PHOENIX PLATE (Div. II.)

Distance 6 furlongs.

Holly Garth 9-2, Kilt 9-2, Bastion 8-13, Masque 8-11, Dabbs 8-11, Garden Warbler 8-9, Meadow 8-6, Shadrach 8-4, Fresh Kid 8-2, Torquemada 8-0, Advance 8-0, Night Reveller 8-0, Sharda 7-12, Smara 7-12, Chitor 7-12.

SOMERSET PLATE.

Distance 1-1/2 miles.

Spotlight 9-2, Gay Nora 9-0, Aflalon 8-10, Master Mint 8-9, Newdigate 8-9, Koanga 8-9, Footslogger 8-2, Anarbala 7-7 Run of the Fayre 7-7.

FUTURITY PLATE.

Distance 1 mile.

Orange Flower 9-0, Oliver 9-0, Red Flower 8-7, Fairy Queen 8-7, Twibe 8-4, Amulet 8-4, Star of Baroda 8-2, Catalan 8-0, Tomtit 8-0, Osman Pasha 7-12, Miss O. K. 7-12, King's Wine 7-7, Rathavon 7-7.

MOULTAN PLATE.

Distance 1 mile, 1 furlong.

Ishtay 9-7, Shahenshah 99-4, Ginger Biscuit 9-0, Kilcash 8-12, Tap Dance 8-7, Laxmidhar 8-7, Hectic 8-4, Mahboob's Choice 8-0, Potato Jones 8-0, Trusty 8-0, Masked Raider 8-0, Finis 7-10, First Choice 7-7, Tranny 7-7, Sherabel 7-4.

KOWEIT PLATE.

Distance 1 mile, 1 furlong.

Taj Mahal 9-4, Rabdan 9-4, Snapper 8-13, Nalini II 8-9, Almaroof 8-9, Taj al Farat, 8-8, Gaurishanker 8-6, Faraj Allah 8-4, Nada'a al Bari 8-2, Nassar 8-2, Romantic Prince 8-0, Ghuseum al Ilah 8-0, Full Moon 7-11, Young Suwaiti 7-9, Dalli al Iraq 7-9, Zain ul Muluk 7-7, Sheriff 7-7.

CLASSIFICATION CHANGES.

The following additions to, and changes in, the Classifications have been made :—

	Class.
ADDITIONS.	
Blue Hyacinth	III
Airminded	IV
Cutting Rain	IV
English Weather	IV
Kopali	A
Diana	A
Falcon	A
Firouze	A
Lupescu	A
Top Hat	A
TRANSFERS.	**From To.**
Delphi	II I
Kilt	II III
Haut Monde	III IV
Spotless	III IV

Defence Loans Total 52 Crores

New Delhi, March 19

A press communique states :—

Subscriptions to the Second Defence Loan for the week ending March 15, 1941, amounted to Rs. 29,51,500. The total amount subscribed to the interest-free defence bond up to March 15, 1941, was Rs. 2,33,31,000, to the 3 per cent defence loans (including previous issues) Rs. 47,94,51,000, and to the Post Office ten-year-defence savings certificates, Rs. 2,28,18,000. The grand total of subscriptions to all Indian Defence Loans up to March 15, 1941, is Rs. 52,56,00,000.—A.P.

Lewis Cup For Police

EVERYTHING GREAT AT PAREL EXCEPT THE REFEREEING

The 1941 League Champions, the Bombay City Police, added the Lewis Cup to their season's honours on Wednesday. Many critics felt the Provincial Hockey Championship might have theirs, had the Young Sports not been presented a gift-verdict through the bungling of a refree. Bombay's two hopes in the Aga Khan Tournament will be the G. I. P. Railway and the Bombay City Police.

The final on Wednesday was the second meeting of the Police and the Lusitanians. In the first encounter neither team could score, and, it was said, the Lusitanians should have won if just one of their several chances had yielded a goal.

Yesterday the Police were the better side, and in a very keen contest won by three goals to one.

The match was full of excitement but the whole show was marred by a very poor display by Messrs. Kennedy and Stefens who were entrusted with the control of the game. Their sins of omission and commission would make a long story. The Parel Sporting Club, who are doing tremendous things for hockey, more than the mother body, the B. P. H. A., should see that referees, who have proved themselves capable of doing an all-important match, should alone be entrusted with a final.

The above does not infer that the Lusitanians would have been saved by better refereeing. They were beaten, and the Police on the day's showing were the better side. Mr. W. E. G. Smith, Commissioner of Police, presided, and Mrs. Smith distributed the trophies to the winners and runners-up.

SENSATIONAL START.

The game had a sensational beginning when the Lusitanians broke away, and Norman Fernandes, receiving a pass from E. Rodriques outwitted the opposing back, got in quite near to Hibbert, the Police goalie, and scooped past him. This was one of the best goals scored the season.

The Police were upset at this and come into the picture with some hale and hearty hockey. In the tenth minute Shanker tested Rocha with a hot shot, but the goal-keeper stopped it. Roane, however, picked up the rebound and put the ball, goalie and himself into the net, he was making no mistake about the equaliser.

POLICE LEAD

The lead came to the Police five minutes from the interval. Shanker accepted a fine pass from Rodricks and beat Rocha with a clever shot.

After the interval the Lusitanians sought the equaliser strongly but Jameson and Adams were obstacles, in their way, and these men the Lusis could rarely get past.

At this phase Referee Kennedy's work struck its worst patch.

LUSIS OUTPLAYED

Till five minutes from the close the Lusitanians were an outplayed side and in this spell the Police raised their tally to three. Roane, here, was responsible for individual brilliance, he practically carried the ball on his stick into the Lusitanian "D" and, puzzling Rocha, scored.

The Lusitanians put in some frantic efforts in the last five minutes, but failed to penetrate the Police defence.

The teams were :—

LUSITANIANS: Rocha P. D'Souza and M. Dias, M. Vaz, W. Fernandes and J. C. Pinto; N. Fernandes, S. Pinto, F. Gama, C. D'Costa and E. Rodriques.

CITY POLICE "A" : Hibbert, Baboo and Jameson, Shivaji, Adams and Stanley; Aziz, Rodriques, Roane, Shankar and Abbas.

Umpires: Messrs. Kennedy and

INTER SCHOOL HOCKEY.

The early match at Parel was between St. Mary's "A" and St. Stanislaus High School, "B", this ended in a victory for the former by two goals to nil.

St. Mary's opened at a brisk pace, and took the lead in the tenth minute through Gardner, and exerting presure had St. Stanislaus defence in difficulties till the interval.

On crossing over, St Mary's maintained their supremacy and increased their lead, Gardner scoring. St. Mary's had several more chances, but St. Stanislaus defence held out.

BOMBAY GYM. TROUNCED.

The Khatau Sports swamped the Bombay Gymkhana, 5-0, on Wednesday, when they met in the preliminary phase of the Aga Khan Tournament.

The winners grabbed an early lead and never yielded ground thereafter. The Bombay Gymkhana never had a chance to get going and seldom looked other than a beaten side. At best the losing side were good tryers, sportingly attempting to put, up a game that had a semblance of hockey.

The scorers were Rao 2, Philips Ulal and Bhanjera.

TO-DAY'S MATCHES.

Bombay Gymkhana Ground—4-15 p.m. Deolali Sports vs. St. Xavier's College "B"; 5-30 p.m. Bhimraj Sports Club vs. Young Sports.

Corporation Deadlock Likely To Continue

Federated Group Executive Decides Not To Vote For Items Of Urgency To-day

An ordinary meeting of the Municipal Corporation will meet this afternoon in the Municipal Corporation when urgency will be asked for the items which were moved and not granted last Monday.

Although, a Special Meeeting has been called by the Mayor to consider this question on the 27th instant, the Executive Committee of the Federated Group met on Wednesday to consider as to what attitude the members of the Federated Group should adopt when urgency is asked for on Thursday of the same items. The Executive Committee decided to oppose again and not to vote for the urgency as it was done last Monday.

Owing to the depletion of the Congress Party by 19 Councillors who have gone to jail by offering Satyagraha, the strength of the party now is reduced to 39. The Federated Group has 31 Councillors in its fold, while Independents who some times vote with the Congress Party and at times with the Federated Group are 22. As a three-fourths majority is required to pass an urgent matter for debate, the Congress Party is not likely to attain it even if all 39 Councillors are present unless a considerable number of members of the Federated Group are absent. So a deadlock is likely to be created again today and the employees will have to wait for their wages until some compromise is arrived at.

To a question by our representative as to why the wages were not paid so long to the employees, Mr. A. P. Sabawala, the Chairman of the Federated Group stated that the Municipal revenues was the first charge for salaries and wages "but the Congress Party had bungled in not allowing the Municipal Commissioner to pay the wages from one budget to the other and if they had any doubt they could have requested the Commissioner to ask for legal opinion afterwards. If they were really anxious for the poor employees they could have done so. But they have failed and now they are blaming the Federated Group for resorting to tactics."

For the information of the public, the Federated Group has issued the following statement after the meeting of the Executive Committee was over.

"Attempts are being made by the Congress Party that the Federated Group is opposed to allowing the payment of wages to the employees. In fact, there was no business before the Municipal Corporation on Monday last when the question of wages arose. The urgent business before the House related merely to the transfer of funds from one budget head to another wherein many other matters of heavy expenditure were involved.

"SLEPT OVER IT"

In fact, the question of the payment of wages to the employees was before the Standing Committee as early as the first week of February 1941 and the Standing Committee deliberately slept over it and now the Congress Party is taking recourse to the back door methods of blaming the Federated Group. The Federated Group therefore, desired to make it clear that it is this Group only which consists of the representatives of the Labour and other communities that has always been supporting the demands made on behalf of the workers such as dearness allowance, housing allowance, etc.

Referring to their viewpoint, the Statement proceeds:

Last year at the time of the elections to the three Statutory and five Special Committees of the Corporation an arrangement was arrived at with Mr. Nagindas Master, the then leader of the Congress Party in the Corporation, that 10 seats on each of the 3 Statutory Committees should be reserved for the Congress Party and 6 for the Federated Group, though as a matter of fact as some Independents could not be made to resign by the Congress Party, the Federated Group consented to have a less number of seats until vacancy occurred either by resignation or on retirement by rotation.

It was also agreed between the Federated Group and the Congress Party that either Group would not vote against the nominees of the other. This arrangement was adhered to, until recently when the Congress Party voted against a nominee for the Improvements Committee, in violation of the understanding.

STRENGTH OF PARTIES

At present the strength of the Congress Party is 39 and of the Federated Group 31. In view of the violation of the understanding and in view of the more or less equal strength of both parties it was felt desirable that readjustment of the past arrangement should be arrived at in the interest of smooth working of Civic administration. Accordingly, even in spite of the fact that there was not much disparity between the strength of the two parties the Federated Group allowed the Congress Party to retain 10 seats of the Statutory Committees and claimed 6 seats for themselves as previously agreed to. The Federated Group even relinquished all claims to any of the chairmanship of 8 of these Committees, insisting only on representation on the Port Trust on which formerly one Federated Group Member was allowed to be continued.

TO MAINTAIN 'STATUS QUO'

Far from putting forward any extravagant claims, the Federated Group desired to maintain the 'status quo' This in view of the depleted strength of the Congress Party by reason of their 19 members courting imprisonment, amounted to giving weightage to the majority party. Statements or reports to the contrary are definitely inacurate.

CHARGE AGAINST CONGRESS

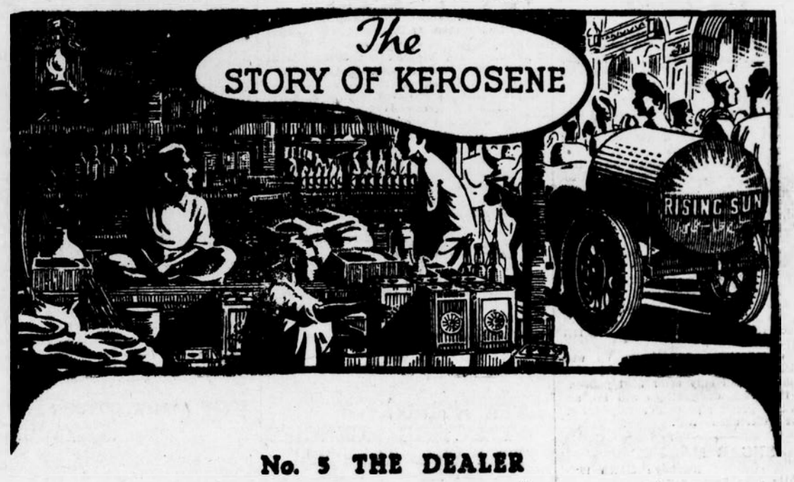
Instead of agreeing to these reasonable demands the Congress Party sought to create a new faction within the Corporation by offering a bait of seats on various Committees to some Independent and disgruntled members with a view to disintegrating the Federated Group. Notwithstanding all attempts by the Federated Group to induce the Congress Party to see the reasonableness of their demands, it was found that the Congress Party was in no mood to have smooth working of the Civic Administration. Because of this high-handed attitude of the Congress Party, the Federated Group among whom are members of the Muslim League, Independent Labour Party,

(Continued in col. 4)

(Continued from col. 7)

Liberals, Hindu Mahasabha, Harijans and Europeans all combined to withdraw all nominations and to resign all seats.

In view of the unreasonable attitude in which the Congress Party obstinately persisted, the Federated Group remained neutral when urgency was asked for several items and an attempt was made to rush through exceedingly important business such as amendment of the Municipal Act and redistribution of election wards.



No. 5 THE DEALER

To most of India's four hundred million people the strength or weakness of the monsoon is a matter of vital importance; many of the essentials of life depend upon it, the regular supply of kerosene is however never in doubt.

The Burmah-Shell system of distributing Kerosene guarantees that supplies will always be available to everyone. If a village has even one shop, Burmah-Shell Kerosene will be on sale. The past decades have brought the confidence that—happen what may—regular and ample supplies of Kerosene will be available to every Indian, no matter whether he resides in the cities of India or in the most distant village.

BURMAH-SHELL OIL STORAGE & DISTRIBUTING CO. OF INDIA LTD.
AGENTS (INCORPORATED IN ENGLAND)
CALCUTTA BOMBAY MADRAS KARACHI NEW DELHI

Bombay & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Fagan Vad 8, 1997
Muslim: Safar 24, 1360
Parsi: Meher 17, 1310
Hightide: 4-54; 18-22
Lowtide: 11-17 —
Sunrise: 6h. 44m.
Sunset: 6h. 50m.
'Haj Committee' meeting at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at Haj Committee Office.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN—Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the notice appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

KHATAU MAKANJI FREE DISPENSARY—In all 1,381 patients were treated at the Free Dispensary Bhatia Maternity and Nursing Home, Fort, Bombay during February, 1941. The average daily attendance was 49.

NAIR DENTAL COLLEGE—The annual athletic sports of the Nair Dental College Students' Association will be held to-day (Thursday) at 2 p.m. at the Y. M. C. A. Ground, Club Back Road, Byculla. Dr. M. Venkatrao will preside and Mrs. M. Venkatrao will distribute the prizes.

JAMBOREE SCOUT HOME, WORLI—The 35th lecture in the Jamboree Scout Home lecture series will be delivered by Mr. D. S. Tipnis, to-day (Thursday) at 8-30 p.m. (S.T.) at the Hall of the Institute at Worli on "The Speciality of a Scout."

UNITED LODGE OF THEOSOPHISTS, MATUNGA—A special meeting to celebrate the anniversary of the passing of W. Q. Judge will be held to-day (Thursday) at 8-15 p.m. at Putla House, Bhau Daji Road.

SUNDAY'S PRAYER DAY

H. E. the Governor of Bombay has expressed a hope that as many persons as possible will attend the special services of prayer and thanksgiving to be held on Sunday next, March 23.

At the desire of His Imperial Majesty the King-Emperor, Sunday is being observed as a day of prayer "for strength and guidance in the days to come and thanksgiving for blessings already received."

METRO
DAILY AT 3-30 - 6-30 - 10 P.M.
TELEPHONE 31045
LAST DAY!
CLARK GABLE HEDY LAMARR
"Comrade X"
A Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer picture
TOMORROW!
THE YEAR-RUN STAGE HOWL...
now a triple-star screen scream!

Cary Katharine
GRANT-HEPBURN
James
STEWART
in The Philadelphia Story
with
RUTH HUSSEY
Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer

To-morrow, Matinee at 1-30 p.m.
for Jamshedi Navroz!!
RADIANTLY ROMANTIC,

SHANTA HUBLIKAR
Sings in a star-studded social!
TARUN PICTURES'
PRABHAT
with P. JAIRAJ, KALYANI, VATSALA KUMTEKAR, MIRZA MUSHARAF, Etc.
Direction: V. M. VYAS
Story: M. G. DAVE
Drawing Crowds at
IMPERIAL
Daily 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

CAPITOL—Sadhona Bose's Dances. Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Tin Pan Alley" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Comrade X" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Come on George". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Dance Girl, Dance" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m
MAJESTIC—"Punarmilan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"Radhika" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Bandhan" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Ghar Jawai" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
MINERVA—"Virginia" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Samajna Vanke" Daily at 8, 7-30 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Prabhat" Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Pardesi" Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Padosi" Daily at 4, 7 and 9-45 p.m.
EDWARD—"Virginia City" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
HINDMATA—"Qaidi-Qaidi" Daily at 4-30 7 and 10 p.m.
PALACE—"Untamed" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CHITRA—"The Kick" Daily at 4, 6-45 and 9-45 p.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Raj Nartaki" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

LECTURE ON MODERN KANNADA DRAMA—The Kannada dramatist and encyclopaedist, Shri K. S. Karanth of Puttur, South Kanara, will lecture to-day (Thursday) at 6 p.m. under the auspices of the P. E. N. All-India Centre on "The Trend of Modern Kannada Drama". Shri Popatlal Govindlal Shah, will preside at the lecture which will be held in the rooms of the Royal Asiatic Society, Bombay Branch, in the Town Hall.

CIVIL LIBERTIES' UNION—A meeting of the Executive Committee of the Bombay Civil Liberties' Union will be held to-day (Thursday) at 7 p.m. at the Congress Socialist Party's Hall, Mantri House, French Bridge.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE NEWS—Mr. and Mrs. W. T. Aldous, Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Bakhale, Mr. and Mrs. H. V. Hampton, Dr. and Mrs. Socrates Noronha and Mr. F. H. Taylor lunched at Government House. The Governor of Bombay and Lady Lumley were present on the Esplanade Maidan to hear a Military Band and Bugles and to witness a demonstration of First Aid by the St. John Ambulance Brigade Overseas in connection with the Bombay War Week.

DADAR KANNADA SABHA—Under the auspices of the Kannada Sabha, Dadar, Mr. K. Shivaram Karanth, the well-known Kannada writer will deliver a public lecture on "The Social values of to-morrow" at Plot No. 70, Udyam, Shivaji Park, Dadar at 9 p.m. (S.T.) to-day (Thursday).

JAMSHEDI NAVROZ CELEBRATION—Under the auspices of the Rathestar Mandal, the Parsis will celebrate their Jamshedi Navroz to-morrow (Friday) at the Minerva Cinema, Lamington Road at 10 a.m. (S.T.) when the boys from the Petit Orphanage will give sacred songs followed by short speeches by Ervad B. H. Minocherhomji and Mr. K. J. B. Wadia. Miss Jerbai D. Avasia will preside. The programme includes a free cinema show.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE SOCIAL GATHERING—The annual social gathering of the Davar's College of Commerce will be held at 4 p.m. on Saturday, 22nd March at Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall, when Sir Ardeshir R. Dalal will preside.

RECEPTION TO KERALA ARTISTES—The Kerala residents of Bombay mustered strong at Dhuru Hall, Dadar on Sunday morning to do honour to the Kerala Kala Mandalam artistes, Srjts. Jayashankar and Madhava Menon and Srimathis P. Ammini and Bhargavi. The occasion was a warm public reception accorded to them under the auspices of the Bombay Keraleeya Samaj. Dr. K. B. Menon presided.

Dr. Menon said that Kathakali art by its universal appeal had drawn votaries not only from all parts of India but from such distant climes as Europe and America. He congratulated the authorities of Kerala Kala Mandalam in having revived the art of Kathakali dancing and given it a unique position in world's art.

YOUNG MEN'S MUSLIM ASSOCIATION—The 19th annual general meeting of the Young Men's Muslim Association, Bombay was held on the 16th March in the hall of the Association at Byculla, when Mr. M. M. Killedar, M.L.A., presided. After the annual report and the accounts, which revealed a sound financial position of the Association were read and adopted. Mr. A. H. Ismail, speaking in Urdu, urged upon the gathering the imperative necessity of doing some constructive work for the social and economic upliftment of the community. He laid particular stress on efforts towards the cause of Urdu, which, he said, was the cultural heritage of the Mussalmans and should not be allowed to succumb to the mischievous efforts of some interested parties."

After the presidential address the following new office-bearers were then elected for the year 1941-42:—

Mr. M. M. Killedar, M.L.A., President; Mr. Yosuf A. Patel, Vice-President; Mr. A. A. Shaikh, Hon. Gen. Secretary; Mr. A. H. Ismail, Hon. Treasurer; Mr. A. Jaffri, Hon. Sports Secretary.

BOMBAY WAR GIFTS FUND

Amount previously acknowledged: Rs. 44,06,944-11-8.

For Lord Mayor's Relief Fund: Rs. 100 the Girl Guides of Bombay Province (For Child air-raid Victims).

For the R.A.F.: Rs. 3,000 His Excellency the Governor of Bombay; Rs. 656 the Partners, Assistants & Staff of Messrs. Killick, Nixon & Co. (monthly); Rs. 250 the Girl Guides of Bombay Province; Rs. 163 the Staff of Messrs. Burmah Shell Oil Storage & Distributing Co. of India Ltd. (monthly), Rs. 150 the Brethren of Lodge Research No. 3184 E.C.; Rs. 100 Messrs. Payne & Co (further donation).

For the I.A.F.: Rs. 876-14-11 the staff of the Burmah-Shell Oil Storage & Distributing Co. of India Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 96-9-0 the staff of the Trianguiar Motors Ltd. (monthly); Rs. 65-8-0 the staff of the Bombay Branch of the Atlas Assurance Co. Ltd. (monthly).

For "Aid to Widows & Orphans" Rs. 50 the Staff & Workers of the Digvijay Spg. & Wvg. Co., Ltd.

Grand total on Wednesday: Rs. 44,14,844-13-7.

Harijan Children Give Send-off To Mrs. Naik

The Social Workers' Society is conducting a literacy class on modern style for Harijan children at Lower Colaba for the last four years. Mrs. Manoramben Naik, the honorary teacher of the Society, has been conducting the same for the last two years. And as she is to offer Satyagraha on 22nd instant the children gave her a send off on Monday.

This bronze statue of Firdousi Tusi, the celebrated Iranian poet, designed by Mr. V. A. Taraporevala, F.R.I., B.A., and executed by Rao Bahadur G. K. Mhatre, sculptor of Bombay, is to be presented to the Iranian Nation as a token of gratitude to the great poet by the Parsi community of India. H. I. M. Reza Shah Pahlavi has kindly granted permission to place it in front of an important building in the University of Teheran, Iran.

All Spinners Participate

IN MASS DEMONSTRATION

At Nappoo Hall, Matunga

On Sunday 30th March

between 3 and 7 p.m. (S.T.)

Bring Own Charkha

Charkha Club At Matunga

Jt. Hon. Secretary, 'F' Ward D. C. C. writes:—

A meeting of Khadi lovers in Matunga was held on Tuesday night at Nappoo Hall, when it was decided to organise a Charkha Club in the locality under the auspices of the Khadi & Village Industries' Board of the B. P. C. C., and in pursuance thereof, a small committee was appointed to make necessary arrangements as early as possible. Mr. Velji Lakhamsi Nappoo has kindly consented to the use of the Nappoo Hall for the activities of the Club. Sjt. Naranji of the local Khadi Bhandar and the Matunga Gujarati Seva Mandal have promised their hearty co-operation. Arrangements are being made for free supply of Charkhas, Taklis and Cotton. Those interested in spinning and in the constructive programme of the Congress are requested to kindly give their names at the Matunga Khadi Bhandar as early as possible.

Reduced Fares On B. B. & C. I. R.

Considerable reductions in fares to Kashmir are being offered by the B. B. & C. I. Railway this year.

The concessions are remarkable and must constitute a record for cheap travel. Tickets will be available from April 1st from various centres on that Railway and will permit completion of the return journey at any time up to six months after purchase but not later than November 30th when the season ends.

Srinagar, the holiday centre, is more than 1,500 miles by rail and road from Bombay, but a second class combined rail and road ticket costs as little as Rs. 155-15-0 for the return journey of 3,100 miles the fares from other places on that Railway being proportionately cheaper.

Reduced fares are available for Simla and Mussoorie also.

AHRAR DICTATOR'S NEW CHARKHA

Working Will Be Demonstrated Before Gandhiji

MONTGOMERY, March 17.

A new type of "Charka" invented by Mian Atta Mohd., Dictator, Majilis-i-Ahrar, Punjab, was displayed at the political conference recently held at Harian.

It is of a folding pattern and is not more than 2-1/2 seers in weight.

Mian Atta Mohd. is shortly proceeding to Wardha to demonstrate the working of the charka to Gandhiji.—United Press.

STUDENTS OBSERVE "PRISONERS' DAY"

CALCUTTA, March 19.

A large number of students from different educational institutions in the city came out of their classes to-day in observance of "Political Prisoners' Day". In accordance with the circular issued by the General Secretary of the All-India Students' Federation, and also the "Anti-Compromise Day".

"The Political Prisoners' Day" has been organised as a protest against certain remarks made by Sir Reginald Maxwell, Home Member, Government of India, in the Central Assembly.—A. P.

Govt. Servants For War Committee's Work

MADRAS, March 19.

Officers and servants of Local Boards and Municipalities in the Presidency are allowed according to the draft rules now published by the Government, to undertake activities connected with the work of war committees other than the collection of subscriptions. They are permitted to do this in their private capacity and during out of office hours.—A. P.

Mr. Madhav Menon, a pupil of Poet Vallathol, founder of Kerala Kalamandalam, appears in "Hunter" and "Peacock" dances as well as in the Tandava Dance in Sadhona Bose's Ballet at the Capitol.

TODDY CASE IN HIGH COURT

Public Officers' Duty To Superiors Discussed

(Before the Hon. Mr. Justice Blackwell)

Ratanshaw Nusserwanji Todiwalla ..... Petitioner

Versus

1. G. W. McElhinay, Collector of Bombay.
2. E. G. Taylor, the Commissioner of Excise, Bombay ..... Respondents

The case in which this petition was filed under Section 45 of the Specific Relief Act of 1877 for an order that the respondents be ordered to grant to the petitioner a licence for the tapping of toddy-trees standing on his own land at Mahim for the private consumption of himself, his family, friends and guests was proceeded with before His Lordship yesterday.

The Collector of Bombay in his evidence stated that he refused the toddy licence applied for by the petitioner pursuant to the instructions of the Government and for no other reasons.

The Advocate-General then argued that these were three main points into which the case resolved itself, and they were, "Is the grant of the licence obligatory or is it discretionary, having regard to the terms of the Abkari Act; if it is discretionary, what is the nature of the discretion to be exercised by the Collector; and has he exercised the discretion which he is bound to exercise under the Act?"

On the first point, the Advocate-General submitted that on a careful reading of Sections 14 and 30 of the Bombay Abkari Act of 1878 it was clear that the respondents were certainly not bound to grant a licence but had a discretion in the matter. Dealing with the second point, he argued that the nature of the discretion of the Collector was that it was "fettered by the orders of the Provincial Government under Section 4 of the Abkari Act", and that that Section itself stated that the Collector was subject to "the orders of the Provincial Government." And with regard to the third point, the Advocate-General contended, first, that in the present case the Collector having acted in conformity with those orders of the Provincial Government under Section 4 had exercised his discretion properly, and in the alternative, that even if there be no such order of the Government under Section 4, if the Collector had acted in accordance with what he knew to be the declared policy of the Government, he could not be said to have done something which was "clearly incumbent on such person..... in his .....public character" or not "consonant to right and justice" within the terms of Section 45 of the Specific Relief Act under which this petition was filed.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga:—

"If the learned Advocate-General relies on orders of the Provincial Government under Section 4, I will call upon him to produce them, or I will ask the leave of the Court to cross-examine the Collector on this point."

His Lordship stated that Sir Jamshedji Kanga was within his rights in raising this objection and requested the Advocate-General to find out whether or not there were any such orders of the Government.

The Advocate-General was then commenting, one by one, on the authorities cited by Sir Jamshedji, when the Court rose for the day. The case will be proceeded with to-day.

Sir Jamshedji Kanga with Mr. R. J. Kolah instructed by Messrs. Gagrat & Co. appeared for the petitioner.

The Advocate-General, Mr. M. C. Setalvad, with Mr. F. J. Coltman instructed by Messrs. Little & Co. appeared for the respondents.

On The Air

THURSDAY, MARCH 20.

Bombay I—Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Nazir Husain and party. 8-5 News in Marathi. 8-15 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Jagannathbuwa Pandharpurkar. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 9-10 K. L. Rajpal. 9-22 Readings from Marathi books. 9-30 Anusuya Chaudhari. 9-40 Screen hits. 9-50 String music. 12-30 p.m Light selection. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Orchestral Melodies. 1-10 Bhajans. 1-20 Mutual understanding. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 5 To-morrow 5-5 Kanizbai. 5-20 Saraf. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Gopalrao. 5-50 Sindhi geet. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 K. L. Rajpal. 6-25 Instrumental music. 6-30 Children's hour. 7 Jamshedi Naoroz. 7-15 Kanizbai. 7-25 Talk of the town. 7-30 Variety. 7-45 Air Quartet. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Topic of the day. 8-30 News from Berlin. 8-45 Soundnews. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Hazel David. 10-10 Esther Trindade. 10-25 Dajos Bela Orchestra. 10-35 Hilda Flanders.

Bombay II—Programme

41.44 metres (7,240 kc/s)

8 to 8-5 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-5 Garbas Galore. 8-15 E. R. Ali. 8-25 to 8-40 As in Bombay 1. 8-40 Jagannathbuwa Pandharpurkar. 9 to 10 As in Bombay 1.

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

12-30 to 12-57 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 12-57 Aziz. 1 to 1-30 As in Bombay 1. 1-30 Musical interlude. 1-35 to 2-25 As in Bombay 1.

61.48 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 to 5-25 p.m. As in Bombay 1. 5-25 Gujarati Bhajan. 5-35 to 6 As in Bombay 1. 6 Tunes for twilight. 6-10 to 7-15 As in Bombay 1. 7-15 Interval.

89.15 metres (3,365 kc/s)

7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 to 7-55 As in Bombay 1. 7-55 Jagannathbuwa Pandharpurkar. 8-25 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Tulsidasji bhajan. 9-10 Bhavgeet. 9-20 Ghazal. 9-30 Kannada song. 9-40 Geet. 9-50 Mahiya. 10 Jagannathbuwa Pandharpurkar.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

5 p.m. Idanbai. 5-20 Nabi Jan. 5-40 Zeenat Begam. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Special announcements. 6-15 N. R. Shahane. 6-30 Zeenat Begam. 6-45 Ashiq Husain. 7 For villagers only. 7-45 Preet ke geet. 8 M. Siddiq. 8-20 It has happened. 8-25 Manohar. 8-30 News from Berlin. 8-45 Zeenat Begam. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 9-45 Ashiq Husain. 9-55 Nabi Jan. 10 Manohar. 10-5 Bageshwari on the sarangi. 10-15 Zeenat Begam. 10-25 N. R. Shahane. 10-45 News in English.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

5 p.m. Madhabilata. 6-45 News in Bengali. 5-50 Sudhi Ranjan Roy Chowdhury. 6 News in English. 6-5 Mrityunjoy Banerjee. 6-20 For the rural and industrial areas. 7 Anil Das. 7-10 Instrumental Trio 7-20 Short story. 7-40 Birendra Krishna Bhadra. 7-45 Melar Swasthya. 8 Suresh Ch. Chakravarty. 8-15 Anil Das. 8-30 News from Berlin. 8-45 News in Bengali. 9 News-play. 9-15 Announcements in English. 9-20 News in English. 9-30 B B C News relay. 10 Russel Thomas and Sinclair.

SOCIETY WEDDING AT LAHORE

The final ceremonies in connection with the marriage of Mr. Janki Dass, M.A., India's champion cyclist, with Miss Kaushalya, B.A., the only child of Seth G. L. Kapur a millionaire of Lahore, took place on Sunday evening at Shahi Mohalla, Lahore. More than 800 guests, representing the elite of Lahore, attended the function which included a grand dinner besides dance and music.

Died Of Electric Shock

The Coroner's Jury returned a verdict of accidental death from electric shocks at the inquest on Mahadeo Ramchandra (14), who was found lying unconscious in the room of his employer, at Dhuku Prabhu's Wadi on March 3. The boy died after his admission to the J J. Hospital.

A FEW SHORT HOURS OF FUN & FROLIC
'Rollicking Revels'
(Carnival) at the COOPERAGE
On 22nd and 23rd March
from 5 p.m. to 2 a.m.
Organised by THE BOMBAY COMBINED WOMEN WAR WORKERS
To Provide Comforts for the FIGHTING FORCES.
Many attractions, CABARET & DANCING and AMUSING PLAY
EXCELLENT MUSIC, Games, REFRESHMENT, SUPPER, BAR
Do not fail to come in your thousands.
Entrance Adult Rs. 2/-, Child Re. 1/-
Sailors & Soldiers HALF PRICE

SEE ME IN ACTION AT THE NEW EMPIRE, FROM TO-MORROW

THE SON OF MONTE CRISTO

BOVRIL
prevents that sinking feeling

At any hour, day or night, Bovril is ready in a moment to cheer, to comfort and to stimulate you. Now, more than ever, you need Bovril. It helps you to get full nourishment from all your food and makes you stronger, fitter and more cheerful

"THIS WASHING WILL SURELY KILL ME. MY BACK ACHES SO AND IT SEEMS MORE AND MORE DIFFICULT TO KEEP EVERYTHING CLEAN."
"MY SISTER MIGHT BE ABLE TO GIVE YOU SOME HINTS WHLE SHE IS STAYING WITH US. I'M JUST GOING TO THE STATION TO FETCH HER."
"YOU DO NOT LOOK WELL. HOW PALE YOU ARE!"
"HARD WORK IS RUINING MY HEALTH..."
"LET'S WORK TOGETHER TODAY..."
.. FIRST OF ALL A GOOD SOAP IS ESSENTIAL. WE'LL USE THIS SUNLIGHT SOAP. IT'S THE FINEST SOAP I KNOW. YOU'LL SEE HOW QUICKLY AND EASILY IT WILL CLEAN THE CLOTHES. NO BEATING OR HARD RUBBING IS REQUIRED. IT IS SO ECONOMICAL. THE CHILDREN LOVE ITS SCENT AND IT IS SO GENTLE IT DOES NOT HARM THEIR SKIN. I USE SUNLIGHT FOR EVERYTHING IN MY HOUSE.."
"SHE HAS BRIGHTENED THE WHOLE HOUSE FOR US!"
"YES AND I'LL NEVER FORGET THE LESSON SHE HAS TAUGHT ME. SUNLIGHT SOAP MAKES MY WASHING SO EASY AND THE CLOTHES LOOK BETTER THAN EVER."
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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1941.

PRINCES AND REFORMS

We have already shown that the Viceroy's appeal to the Princes to be more generous in conceding constitutional reforms to the people was very halting and vague. The following is a typical sentence in the appeal: "You should not allow yourselves or your advisers to be diverted by any considerations of a personal character from ensuring that where co-operation is necessary, it shall take a form which no reasonable critic can assail on the ground that it is half-hearted." When the British Government themselves are half-hearted even in their promises of reforms to India and plead all sorts of excuses for not expediting whatever reforms are definitely promised, the effect of the Viceroy's appeal on the Princes may be easily imagined. The Princes took a leaf out of Government's own book and stated in their reply to the Viceroy that while they fully shared the "desire to secure for India the fullest freedom and the highest status under the aegis of the British Crown", they wished "to avoid raising any big controversial matters during the present crisis and to concentrate all energies on the main purpose of the successful prosecution of the war." The Princes' plea for delaying all reforms is even more flimsy than the similar one urged by the British Government, for the reforms the Viceroy suggested for the States are hardly likely to raise any controversy in the States, unless the Princes themselves wish to start them. But it served to pay the Viceroy in his own coin.

Agitate

While the Princes are so hostile towards the interests of the people, they are quite awake to their own. They have adopted a resolution recommending that "in order further to enhance the value of the war effort of the States and of India as a whole, necessary action may be taken with the least possible delay with a view to associating representatives of the States with the war activities at the Centre, through reviving the proposal for the establishment of a War Advisory Council with representatives of States and of Provincial Governments, or through some other suitable alternative to be evolved in consultation with the States." The brunt of the war effort in the States falls on the people but they are to have no voice in the use of the funds they pay or any constitutional reform for the other sacrifices they make, because, forsooth, these questions raise controversies during the war! The States people should not accept such an unfair position. They should make more strenuous efforts to win their legitimate rights. It is significant that in his concluding remarks the Viceroy made no reference whatsoever to the Princes' request for a War Advisory Council, though both he and Mr. Amery had stated before that even if Congress did not accept their scheme, they would carry it out with the help of other parties. It is clear that when even the Muslim League would not accept the scheme it was impossible for them to give it any real representative character. The Bombay Conference has given Government a good occasion to devise a fresh scheme acceptable to all the important parties including the States and the States people.

Approach To Poona Offer

Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya fears that the Conference may be one more case of "love's labour lost." That is possible but not yet certain. Dr. Pattabhi's argument is that "Mahatma Gandhi does not want Executive Council expansion, nor is he moved by appeals for militarisation of India which is repugnant to the ideals of Non-Violence." This is only one side of the shield. The other should not be ignored. Very few will be satisfied with a mere expansion of the Viceroy's Council. But the Bombay resolution envisages a scheme which is a fair approach to the Poona offer of the Congress, and the Congress President himself has suggested that the offer is not irrevocable. If Government accept the Bombay resolution and otherwise satisfy the Congress Gandhiji is not likely to stand in the way of a settlement because of his adherence, in common with a few others, to complete non-violence. He will, of course, insist on the right of free speech, and this right must be duly conceded. That will not seriously affect the war effort if there is a complete settlement with the Congress. We trust the Princes will not oppose the Conference plan though it will mean, in the words of the Viceroy, an early and fair surrender of their rights of sovereignty.

Churchill Thanks U. S.

Important speeches were delivered at the Pilgrims' Luncheon in London by Mr. Winston Churchill and the new United States Ambassador, Mr. John Winant. The latter echoed his President's tribute to Britain and challenging denunciation of ruthless and powerful dictators even in more forceful language. And, of course, he reiterated the President's pledge of all out aid to Britain. Naturally enough, Mr. Churchill took the opportunity to express Britain's gratitude to Mr. Roosevelt and the people of America for the historic Lend and Lease Act and the equally historic speech of the former. He summarised these developments in one eloquent sentence: "The words and acts of the President and people of the United States come like a draught of life and tell us that we are no longer alone". This is no more than the truth. Britain's war efforts, whatever the magnitude of her own resources and production, cannot be maintained against a powerful enemy without an immediate and ceaseless stream of supplies of all kinds from America.

Both the belligerents realise the potential influence of American assistance on the fortunes of the war. Hence the "intense and unrelenting struggle" that has started over and around Britain. Mr. Churchill has truly said that "this Battle of the Atlantic (it also includes air attacks on Britain) is one of the most momentous ever fought in all the annals of war". The German Fuhrer is going all out to defeat American aid to Britain, as he has threatened. During the fortnight ending March 9, Britain's shipping losses amounted to over 240,000 tons. And since the beginning of March the Luftwaffe has been carrying out sustained and heavy attacks upon British ports and ship building towns. It is true that Britain's strength is growing very week" and that she will be able at any rate to weaken the present fury of the two-fold assault upon her in course of time. But, by herself, she cannot decisively defeat the German assaults. The danger is obvious and it is by no means an ordinary danger. Whence arises the need for America immediately rushing assistance in ships, planes, food and war material. And among the ships will have to be included a good number of escort vessels.

"Honourable Friendship, Not Exploitation"

—DR. PATTABHI SITARAMAYYA

MASULIPATAM, March 18.
(By Mail).

Interviewed by the United Press on the decision of the Bombay Leaders' Conference, Dr. Pattabhi Sitaramayya, President of the Andhra Provincial Congress Committee, said:

"I am immensely pleased with the one serious observation made by Sir Tej Bahadur Sapru in concluding the deliberations of the Bombay Conference, namely, "A day will arrive when the combatants in Europe will sit at a peace conference. I do not wish that India should be represented on the conference except in her own rights by representatives appointed by her National Government. I attach great importance to it." So does the Congress, whether there is a National Government or not. For the rest, they talked about the National Government and the statements that 'excluding the League and the Congress there are millions of people here to be talked to' and that 'a leader will be made when he is installed in leadership' show which way the wind blows.

★

POONA LIES DEAD

"Pains were taken at the Bombay Conference to prove that the proposals arrived at were almost identical with those of Poona. Poona lies dead and buried and all the knights of Bombay and of India cannot resurrect it. It is not only dead but has undergone transmigration in the form of the Satyagraha movement based on a clear demand for freedom of speech and equally clear and peremptory demand for declaration of India's independence. Let that be done and England will find in India a friend not a foe in her distress entering into partnership with her as an independent nationality not coerced into co-operation by the superior power.

★

HONOURABLE FRIENDSHIP, NOT EXPLOITATION

"In one sense the demand of the Congress is much simpler than the demand by the leaders assembled in Bombay. We only want acknowledgment of independence but once the status is conceded, function follows as a matter of course. It depends upon the capacity of the person admitted to the status to work out the functions. The status conferred upon an incapable person without leadership will remain where it is meant to be and lead nowhere but when leadership and capacity are assured as in the Congress you can trust the personnel of the Congress to work their way and overcome all obstacles and impediments. What the Congress wants is freedom of speech at the end of which there lies independence and both put together assure Britain of an honourable friendship and do not imply or permit exploitation by India of Britain in her distress."—United Press.

STRUGGLE FOR EQUALITY

Imperial Citizenship Was A 'Figment Of Imagination', Says Sastri

MADRAS, March 19.

"Without equality of status with other parts of the Empire, we have no means of protecting our nationals abroad", affirmed the Rt. Hon. V. S. Srinivas Sastri presiding over the inaugural meeting of the "Forum" at the Royapettah Y. M. C. A.

Mr. Sastri at the outset referred to what he described as the marvellous trumpet-like speech of the American President the other day, and said: "Nobody can speak on the imperial citizenship questions without being stirred in his innermost heart by those sentiments of enthusiasm for liberty to which President Roosevelt has given such emphatic, and such inspiring expression".

Proceeding Mr. Sastri referred to the war and said whatever be our differences, grivances and sufferings, it would be right to remember that a solemn duty rested upon us to strengthen the hands of those who were engaged in the defence of "human liberty and human welfare".

"NO SUCH THING"

Adverting to "imperial citizenship" Mr. Sastri said that there was no such things as imperial citizenship to-day. It was only a "figment of the imagination". Such laws as existed allowed the legislature of each self-governing unit to make laws determining whom they would include in their population and gave them power to discriminate even between sections of their own population. Not only were we, therefore, exclude from going to the Dominions at all but such of our nationals as were already there and had acquired a kind of domicile need not be given the same freedom and privileges as the local people.

"We have to struggle for equality for many reasons", said Mr. Sastri, "and one never-to-be-forgotten reason is that it is the only means at our disposal of standing up for the rights of our nationals abroad". The Dominions and the self-governing parts of the Empire would be compelled to concede to Indians their legitimate rights, he said, if we had an equal voice in the inner-most councils of the Empire.

He concluded: "We have got to work for this equality. Once we attain it. I do not think that the Dominions will have the guts to discriminate against us".—A. P.

INDIA CAN'T BE IGNORED

But To End Domination, We Want Men Of Sacrifice, Says Rajen Babu

AMRAOTI, March 19.

"We desire the same status in India as England desires for her people in England. We are not prepared to allow anybody to dominate over us in future and with that end in view we are fighting a non-violent fight and shall remain fighting. President Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill talk of establishing democracy in the world. But no body cares to utter a word about India. India needs to-day men who would sacrifice their all for the country. Mr. Wamanrao Joshi is one of them", observed Dr. Rajendra Prasad, presiding last night over the Diamond Jubilee celebrations of Mr. Wamanrao Joshi, Vice-President of the Vidarbha Provincial Congress Committee.

High tributes were paid by many others eulogising Mr. Wamanrao's services for the country.

Replying Mr. Joshi said that it was his good fortune to have been able to take part in the present struggle which would bring India Swaraj. He reiterated his explicit faith in Mahatma Gandhi's leadership.

Earlier the Amraoti District Council presented Mr. Joshi with an address.—United Press.

Varadarajulu For Wardha

MADRAS, March 19.

Dr. P. Varadarajulu Naidu, is leaving for Wardha next week to meet Mahatma Gandhi to discuss the political situation. Dr. Naidu is thereafter, proceeding to Delhi and other north Indian centres.

Mr. Menzies, Australian Premier, speaking in England said, "Before the year is out Hitler is going to be very concerned about keeping us out of Germany."

Triumph For Railwaymen

S. C. Joshi Welcomes Govt. Decision On Dearness Allowance But Asks: "What About Other Employees?"

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The decision of the Government of India to grant dearness allowance to some of the low-paid employees of Railways in India is welcomed in Labour circles of Bombay, though it is pointed out that the workers deserved a much higher allowance than has been sanctioned by Government.

Mr. S. C. Joshi, M.L.C., Vice-President of the All-India Railwaymen's Federation, who represented the Railway workers at the Court of Enquiry, said in the course of an interview to the "Bombay Chronicle":—

TRIUMPH FOR WORKERS

"The Government Communique sanctioning a dearness allowance to some of the low-paid employees of the Railways in India is a triumph for the Railway workers, who fought bravely and constitutionally through their organisations. The rate of allowance as now sanctioned by Government is no doubt far below that which the Railway workers rightly deserved in view of the facts as found by the Court of Enquiry. I would, however, welcome the orders of Government as they are the result of the negotiations carried on and the understanding reached between the Railway Board and the All-India Railwaymen's Federation. It has also paved the way of getting relief to the employees of the Government, both Central and Provincial, working in other departments.

NET RESULT

The net result of the orders of the Government will be to increase the number of employees who would be entitled to get the allowance. The increase in the number is however, at the cost of the low-paid staff to whom the Court had recommended Rs 3 per month by way of allowance. The rate of allowance as sanctioned by the Court will be the same so far as Bombay and Calcutta and their suburbs are concerned. But it will be reduced in other areas by 8 annas and Re. 1 respectively. The Railwaymen's Federation had to agree to such a course because of the attitude adopted by the Railway Board and the Government. In my opinion the Government ought to have sanctioned not only a flat rate of Rs. 3 to all employees as recommended by the Court but should have extended that benefit to others in view of the increase in the cost of living.

It is rather surprising that the Government should refuse to accept the findings of the Court, particularly in regard to the levels of wages, which, as fixed by the Court, constituted "an efficiency or subsistence level" and with regard to the finding that the Bombay cost of living index figure was defective.

WELCOME DECISION

We welcome the decision of the Government namely to establish the machinery for preparing and maintaining the cost of living index figures. It is, however, necessary that Government should associate the representatives of Labour in any such machinery that may be established. Unless that is done, the enquiry will be entirely one-sided and may not command the confidence of the workers. The Federation had made a request to the Government on this behalf and it is a pity that the Government's communique is silent on this point. It is, however, hoped that Government will give this point their serious consideration and include the representatives of labour in the proposed Board.

WHAT ABOUT OTHER EMPLOYEES?

The Railway workers have fought constitutionally and with success. The Government should not have waited in granting their request made in April, 1940, for the appointment of a Court of Enquiry. It is at least expected now that both the Provincial and Central Governments will not delay the grant of allowance to their employees serving in other departments. They are equally affected by the increase in the cost of living, their wages and other service conditions being in no way

(Continued on page 8)

Frankly Speaking

Curious Report

There is a curious piece of news from Berlin. According to a Paris despatch to the Official German News Agency, the United States Embassy has asked American citizens in unoccupied France to leave and has informed them that their permits will not be renewed. This kind of instruction is issued only in case there is imminent danger to the peace of the country concerned. What then is the danger? The report has emanated from Paris, not Vichy, and has been published from Berlin. It may, therefore, be that timing this report with the talks in Paris between Admiral Darlan and Herr Abetz the Nazis seek to suggest the imminence of a conflict between Britain and Vichy. As Nazi propaganda it may be useful. But an Anglo-French rupture does not appear to make sense at least for the present. For, negotiations about food supplies to unoccupied France are proceeding in Washington. And moreover, they are proceeding satisfactorily.

Unrest In Czechoslovakia

Czechoslovakia is naturally under a black-out as far as independent news is concerned. But what little tricles out of the Gestapo cordon shows that discontent is rife in that unhappy country and that far from resigning themselves to the New Order, the brave people are utilising every means and opportunity—however hazardous—of putting a spoke in the wheels of the Nazi war machine. The Sabotage is frequent and the output of the famous Skoda Arms Works has fallen down considerably. All this shows that, inspite of the terrorisation, the gallant Czechoslovakians are still keeping the fire of freedom undimmed. They have, indeed, been doing it for centuries and there is every hope that a free Czechoslovakian nation will be born again.

Indians In Jamaica

The decision of the British Government to give a new constitution to Jamaica raises the question of its effect on the Indian community in the island, numbering about 20,000. As the community forms only about 1.5 per cent of the population and is besides extremely poor, backward and unorganised, it has little chance of getting even one of its members elected to the legislature, though the elections will be by universal suffrage. It is to be hoped the Government of India will press for due safeguards for the small Indian community, which in its turn should strive to organize itself better under the new regime.

A Thought For The Day

"There is a general expectation that the present world convulsion will be followed by a better and more secure world order. Mr. Churchill declared the other day in the House of Commons that the British people were not fighting to maintain the "status quo" but in order to survive; about what they would do when they had survived nothing more than very general indications could be given now. During the last European war when the Allies were drifting towards a settlement of the world on the basis of the *status quo*, Sri Aurobindo gave a warning in the "Arya" saying that such a settlement would have the vice of fixing conditions which in their nature must be transient. It would mean not only the rule of this or that nation over dissatisfied foreign minorities but the supremacy of Europe over most of Asia and all Africa. A league or incipient unity of nations would be equivalent under such conditions to the control of the enormous mass of mankind by an oligarchy of a few white races. It would lead to an unnatural suppression of great natural and moral forces and in the end a tremendous disorder, perhaps a world-shattering explosion. We see now that Sri Aurobindo's apprehensions have been fully justified.—From "Sri Aurobindo and the New Age" by Anil Baran Roy.

"Rast Rahbar"

"Rast Rahbar" was started in August last year. It is a Parsee paper run on progressive lines and has a staunch nationalist policy. The Navroz number of this paper has just been published and it is, to one's pleasant surprise, different from the usual numbers published on such occasions. One of the more readable articles is the editorial on "Where Stands The Parsi Community To-day?" It makes bright reading The editorial says: "We have enough of religious bodies and associations, we have too many Dasturs and Mobeds; what is needed is a single society preaching and teaching lofty moral principles of human dignity, sacrifice and service. The community needs to be disabused of blind beliefs, but reasoned principles of conduct have to be taught, otherwise from the negation of blind belief they will pass into another negation of no belief". These are wise words.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT—

NEW YORK, March 19.

"I don't think many people still cling to the notion that we are not in the war", writes columnist in the "New York Sun", "all that is needed now is an episode. One always comes in times like this,

An American ship will be attacked or sunk or something and then we will all swing into action and it won't be a study in slow motion."—Reuter.

* * * *

The Congress candidate in a Sind Assembly by-election has secured 2,648 votes as against the Hindu Sabha nominee's 142, who lost his deposit, too.

We are deeply disappointed. The Hindu Mahasabha fully deserved 150 votes even though that figure, too, would have been nowhere near the deposit-saving minimum.

* * * *

Britain and America, says Mr. Winant will "help one another to build a new world, happier than the last."

A happier "new world" in Europe and America or elsewhere too?

* * * *

Speaking at the same function Mr. Churchill declared "we have our faults."

Yes—er—quite. He has.

* * * *

".....but" added the Premier, "we hope that with God's help we shall be able to prove that a state or a commonwealth of nations, founded upon freedom possesses amid the sharpest shocks the faculty of survival in a high, honourable and, indeed, glorious degree."

The Junior Colleague, who possesses the faculty for irrelevant and meaningless interjections, asks: "Is India entitled to cheer?"

* * * *

Authoritative circles in Berlin refuse to express opinion as to whether President Ineunu's reply to Herr Hitler "is considered satisfactory or otherwise."

Have they in the meantime reported the Turkish President to the Kremlin and are awaiting results?

* * * *

Fall Of Keren Imminent.

—Headline.

If it isn't, it is General Wavell's own fault. So far as Il Duce is concerned he has already prepared the ground for a British victory—vide his communique claiming heavy losses to his army, including one General already killed.

* * * *

The Italians, it is reported by the Greek Radio, are attempting to reorganise their distressed formations.....

To experience more distress no doubt.

* * * *

A Berlin report to Ankara says that relations between Athens and Berlin can no longer be regarded as normal.

Naturally. Greece has been guilty of committing open aggression against Germany by inflicting a crushing defeat upon Il Duce.

* * * *

The London correspondent of the Madrid paper "A.B.C." writes: "A mysterious happening is occurring in the air."

Somebody seems to be very worried.

* * * *

SIR C. V. RAMAN INVITED TO PHILADELPHIA.

Probable Visit To Research Centres.

—Headline.

Meanwhile the Defence of India ules have invited his son to visit the Coimbatore Jail research centre.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Lots of people are poor subjects for a mind reader.

White lies are apt to leave black marks on a man's reputation.

Pantaloons of justice can hardly be termed breeches of the peace.

Lies are always in a hurry, but the truth awaits its turn contentedly.

Only the man whose money burns holes in his pocket has money to burn.

A wise old tiller of the soil, speaking of the relative value of grains, says grains of common sense are the most valuable.

Military Called Out In Dacca

(Continued from Page 1.)

bazar were also gutted. Civil courts are practically closed and a large number of women have taken shelter in the premises of the criminal courts. Members of the communities are vacating their houses in localities where they are in a minority.

MILITARY CALLED OUT

The military have been called out and they are now patrolling the town.

The Nawab Bahadur of Dacca arrived here this afternoon and is holding a conference of officials and non-officials in order to restore peace.

Enquiries made in official circles show that no woman has so far been killed or injured.—A. P.

Clash In Millahat

KHULNA, March 19.

According to the details of the communal clash in Millahat, now available from non-official sources it appears that on Thursday there was an altercation between a Namasudra creditor and a Mahommedan debtor, when they were engaged in the field, over the payment of some dues.

The Chairman of the Debt Settlement Board of the locality tried to effect a compromise between the parties and held a meeting at his residence for the purpose. When the meeting was proceeding a rumour was spread that Mahommedans had begun raiding some of the Namasudra houses in Gangachanna. The talk of compromise fell through and the assembled Namasudras rushed out to defend their houses. A clash then ensued between the two parties and indiscriminate looting and burning of houses followed. Of about 170 houses in the village about 150 are reported to have been completely gutted and the inmates of many of them were alleged to have been dragged out and assaulted.

The adjoining Mahommedan village of Kalatala was subsequently attacked and about 140 houses are reported to have been burnt down and some people injured.

A number of people from the neighbouring districts of Jessore, Faridpur and Barisal belonging to both communities, are also reported to have participated in the clashes.

The situation has now been brought under control.

A Relief Committee has been formed and the District Magistrate met the leaders of both the communities to devise means for the restoration of peace and for helping the homeless victims. He has also issued an appeal for funds.—A. P.

ADJOURNMENT WITHDRAWN

Sequel To Huq's Assurance

CALCUTTA, March 19.

In the Bengal Council (Upper House) to-day Mr. Lalit Chandra Das and Mr. Kanai Lal Goswami, members of the Congress Party (owing allegiance to the All-India Congress Parliamentary Sub-Committee) wanted to move two adjournment motions, to discuss the situation arising out of the recent riot between Namasudras and Mahommedans at a village in Mollahat (Khulna) and to raise a discussion on the situation that had arisen out of the present communal clash at Dacca respectively.

While the first motion fell through for want of the requisite number of members standing in support of it, the second one was withdrawn by the mover on the assurance of the Government that as soon as the full facts regarding the subject matter of the motion were available, they would place them before the House.

Mr. Das and Mr. Goswami attended the House for the first time to-day after they had withdrawn on March 4 in accordance with the direction of the All-India Parliamentary Sub-Commmittee.

Unwise To Discuss

Explaining the position of the Government in regard to the riot at Dacca, Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq said that in order to prevent the Government being misunderstood he wished to make a short statement on the matter. He said that it would be impolitic and unwise to discuss the realities of the situation which, even according to the member in whose name the motion stood, had not yet been brought under control.

The riot, he said, had broken out suddenly and the local authorities were doing their best to restore normal condition. If under these circumstances speeches were made in this House, they would have a most unwholesome effect on the situation itself and on the various communities who were responsible for such a situation. He, therefore, urged that the motion should not be discussed.—A. P.

PREMIER TO FLY TO DACCA TO-DAY

CALCUTTA, March 19.

Immediately after the Assembly session to-night the Ministerialist Coalition Party held a meeting for over two hours when the situation created by the communal clashes at Dacca was considered.

The meeting was held at the instance of a large number of members of the party who were much agitated on hearing the latest report from Dacca particularly the attack on the Mosques.

The meeting was assured that the Chief Minister Mr. A. K. Fazlul Huq accompanied by the Chief Government whip Mr. K. Shahabuddin would fly to Dacca tomorrow morning in order to see things for themselves and to take all necessary steps for the restoration of peace and order.—A. P.

Mahatma & Bose Brothers

KARACHI, March 19.

"There are no personal disputes between me and Bose brothers. There is a difference of ideology and that cannot be helped," says Mahatma Gandhi in the course of a letter replying to a representation of the Tilak Bala Mandal, Karachi, appealing to him to sink the differences and unite for the attainment of India's political freedom.

Gandhiji adds, "I am as unaware of Subhas Babu's whereabouts as any man in the street."—A. P.

LOVE'S TRAGEDY

Baronet Charged With Murder Of Peer

NAIROBI, March 19.

A dramatic story was unfolded to a crowded court here when the case was resumed in which a Baronet is charged with the murder of a Peer. In an alleged statement made in January, Sir Delves Broughton said that his wife had told him a fortnight previously that she and Lord Errol loved one another.

He and his wife had previously made a pact that if either fell in love, they would release one another. He realised that nothing could be done and he told his wife that there was nothing to worry about, that he would go to Ceylon and that she could have his house at Karen.

Sir Delves Broughton denied all knowledge of Lord Errol's death. He attended Lord Errol's funeral and after the mourners had gone he dropped on the coffin a farewell note which his wife had given him to drop in the grave.

Other evidence to-day concerned the huge bonfire which Sir Delves Broughton was stated to have started in his garden the day after the tragedy and on which he poured aviation spirit. Enquiry is proceeding.—Reuter.

Mr. Munshi Makes Steady Progress

No Cause For Alarm: Relapse Of Diarrhoea Under Control

POONA, March 19.

Enquiries made at Yeravda House at 9 p.m. show that Mr. Munshi is steadily progressing.

The relapse of diarrhoea is well under control and there is no cause for any sort of alarm.

EARLIER.

The condition of Mr. K. M. Munshi remains unchanged at 8-30 p.m. release of diarrhoea which made its reappearance after 2 p.m. to-day continues and Mr. Munshi is having some pain in the stomach. The hot water diet which the doctor has advised has given some relief to the pain.—A. P.

Br. Aircraft Production Highest In February

LONDON, March 18.

More aircraft, both bombers and fighetrs, were produced in Britain during the short month of February than during any previous month during the war. This was announced in the House of Commons to-day by Col. Llewellin, Parliamentary Secretary to the Ministry of Aircraft Production.—Reuter.

119 More U. S. Destroyers For Britain

Equipment For Greek Mechanised Regiments

LONDON, March 15.

The Washington Correspondent of the "Daily Mail" cabled on March 12:

The United States Naval Authorities to-day published a list of the United States warships which may be transferred to Britain under the Lease and Lend Act.

They include 119 over-age destroyers, 115 patrol boats and some old "Omaha" class cruisers, built in 1923, all or any which would be of great value against the U-boat campaign.

The destroyers are of 1,190 tons, built between 1918 and 1921 at a cost of £375,000 each.

Greece will get munitions and a quantity of cars and other equipment for the Greek mechanised regiments, Army Department officials said to-day.

A circular warning them to prepre for several millions of additional workers has been sent to defence industries of the United States by the Government organisation for co-ordinating the country's armament effort.

Unlimited export of aviation petrol and lubricating oils to the British Empire has been authorised by the Government.

AMERICAN WARSHIPS FOR AUSTRALIA

Preparations For Big Reception

CANBERRA, March 19.

Great preparations are being made to welcome the American warships which are expected at Sydney to-morrow.

The visit coincides with that of the American squadron to New Zealand and has aroused keen interest.

Sydney has been decorated and detailed arrangements have been made to fete the American visitors.

Mr. Fadden, the acting Prime Minister of Australia announced last night that a United States naval squadron of seven warships now on a training cruise, is arriving in Sydney on Thursday.

The squadron is commanded by Rear-Admiral Newton and will comprise the cruisers "Chicago". The "Portland" and the flotilla leader "Clark" and four destroyers.

The ships are among the most modern in the United States Navy.—Reuter.

Leaders' Conference At Govt. House

CALCUTTA, March 18.

The Party Leaders' Conference convened for the improvement of the communal situation in the province met to-day at Government House after a week's interval.

Dr. Shyama Prasad Mookerji attended the Conference.

It is understood Dr. Mookerji apprised His Excellency the Governor of Bengal of the communal situation as he came to know it from his tours in the province. The Conference will meet again to-morrow.—United Press.

AUSTRALIA AND JAPAN

Embarrassing Alignments

CANBERRA, March 19.

Australian and Japanese relations were the subject of a speech by Mr. Fadden, the Acting Prime Minister, at a Commonwealth banquet in honour of Mr. Tatsuo Kawai, the new Japanese Minister to Australia.

Australia, he said, was committed to securing a British victory and after the war he hoped that the relations of solid esteem between Japan and Australia would be developed towards securing the preservation of peace and stability in the Pacific.

Mr. Fadden also uttered the warning that the help that President Roosevelt had vouchsafed would not mean victory now. "We should delude ourselves if we did not recognise that we still have the toughest part of the road to tread", he declared.

He added: "Britain has shown that she cannot only stand up to what is coming to her, but can deliver smashing blows in reply".

Mr. Kawai said he thought that the Pacific problems were not unsolvable if faced with frankness and willingness to understand each other's view-points.

Sir Frederick Stewart, the Australian Minister for External Affairs, said it was idle to deny that certain international alignments made in conversations between Australia and Japan were fraught with a certain amount of embarrassment.—Reuter.

QUETTA: Mr. J. G. Acheason, Revenue Commissioner, has assumed charge as Agent to the Governor-General in Baluchistan from Sir Aubrey Metcalfe who is proceeding on seven weeks' leave.

"ONLY AN EPISODE NEEDED NOW"

NEW YORK, March 19.

"I don't think many people still cling to the notion that we are not in the war", writes columnist in the "New York Sun", "all that is needed now is an episode. One always comes in times like this.

An American ship will be attacked or sunk or something and then we will all swing into action and it won't be a study in slow motion."—Reuter.

Britain At War With Soviet?

Wedgwood On Implication Of Polish Premier's Broadcast

LONDON, March 19

A mixed bag of interesting topics and informative replies was produced in the House of Commons at question time.

ANGLO-SOVIET RELATIONS

Colonel Wedgwood suggested that General Sikorski's references to the Soviets gave the impression that Britain was at war with Russia and suggested that Polish authorities ought to be told that every endeavour should be made to improve Anglo-Russian relations.

The Under-Secretary, Mr. R. A. Butler, could find no passage in the speech which gave that impression and added that the responsibility for Anglo-Soviet relations rested with those two Governments.

MEXICAN OIL DISPUTE

Anent Mexico, Mr. Butler having stated that hitherto there was no suggestion for a fair and equitable settlement made by the Mexican Government, was further asked, "When is this unfortunate affair expected to be settled?"

Mr. Butler replied "When a suggestion is made to us for a fair and equitable settlement."

The Under-Secretary for Colonies Mr. G. Hall disclosed that hitherto permits had been issued for 700 Rumanian Jews to go to Palestine and foreshadowed the possibility of similar action regarding Bulgarian Jews.

NAZI BURDENS ON OCCUPIED COUNTRIES

The enormity of the burden placed on occupied countries by Germany was disclosed by the Under-Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Mr. R. A. Butler, replying to a question.

The total annual amount of German depredation was estimated at 11,50,000,000 sterling apart from indirect losses to occupied territories and burdens on countries for which no estimates were available. The cash burden said Mr. Butler, was about 1,050,000,000 sterling and in addition to it there were obligations in kind.

NORWAY had to pay an annual sum of 68,000,000 sterling equal to about 25 pounds per head of the population.

Comparative figures for DENMARK were a total of 26,000,000 and 8 pounds per head.

BELGIUM 75,000,000 and 8 pounds per head;

HOLLAND 54,000,000 and 6 pounds per head; and

FRANCE 827,000,000 and 20 pounds per head.

In addition Mr. Butler continued, Germany received amounts from Poland Czechoslovakia, Rumania and Bulgaria but no estimates were available.—Reuter.

BRITISH CREDITS TO DE GAULLE

LONDON, March 19.

The British Government have formally agreed to provide credits for financing the Free French war effort.

This is one of two agreements just reached between the British Government and General de Gaulle.

The second agreement deals with foreign exchange questions between the British Empire and the Free French Empire. It reestablisnes pre-Armistice parity between the Pound and the Franc at 176.625.

Each colony can freely dispose of foreign exchange proceeds of exports and gold production under the control of the Council of Defence of the French Empire which will be in a position, if necessary, to use the surplus of exchange resources of one colony to meet the deficit of another or for the Free French forces as a whole.—Reuter.

LONDON, March 18.

The Washington Military observers believe that British air activity will shortly extend to all theatres of war which will result in the growing R.A.F. strength in long range bombers. According to one sources of the "Evening Standard" in Washington, 200 bombers have already flown over during the last few days.—United Press.

Protest Against

Maxwell's Offensive Speech

Students' Meeting Congratulates Joshi

"Our men are not dishonest, mean and indecent people as described by the Home Member but they are some of the best men in the country who are only fighting for the independence of their country and to bring food and clothing to its starving and naked millions". Thus declared Mr. Keshav Talpade while addressing a public meeting of students held at Chowpatty on Wednesday evening to observe the "All-India Security Prisoners' Day" and to protest against the remarks of Sir Reginald Maxwell, Home Member to the Government of India, made in his speech in the Central Assembly on 12 February, 1941.

Speaker after speaker condemned passages from what they termed "Maxwell's extremely offensive speech".

Mr. P. P. Sanzgiri, General Secretary of the Bombay Presidency Students' Federation, made a scathing attack on what he thought, the Home Member's insulting remarks about Indians.

ARE THEY DISHONEST?

Mr. P. P. Vyas asked the audience if men like Ranadive, Dange and Batliwalla were dishonest and indecent people.

The following resolution was unanimously adopted: "This meeting of the students of Bombay vehemently condemns the undignified and insolent remarks of the Home Member, Sir Reginald Maxwell against the Security Prisoners in a statement made in the Central Legislative Assembly on 12th February, 1941.

The Security Prisoners comprise of our beloved student-comrades, Congressmen, Labour and Kisan leaders.

JOSHI CONGRATULATED

This meeting congratulates Mr. N. M. Joshi on his spirited reply to this attack by Sir Reginald Maxwell.

WOMAN'S DEATH MYSTERY

Buried Body Exhumed For Inquest To-day

A midnight exhumation was carried out by the Dongri Police on Wednesday.

Superintendent Waddel and Inspector Hampton proceeded to the Muslim Cemetery at Queen's Road, equipped with a warrant issued by the City Coroner and with the help of a strong posse of constables excavated the grave of a Borah woman who was buried on the 16th instant.

It appears that the woman whose name was not disclosed was staying with her husband at Borah Mohalla, Bombay. On Sunday she, it is reported, died under mysterious circumstances. The relatives, however, obtained a municipal burial permit by giving the cause of death as pneumonia. With a 'bona-fide' death certificate, the woman was allowed to be buried without any suspicion.

But within twentyfour hours the Dongri Police received a signed letter divulging information that the death of the woman was due to her having been severely beaten by her husband.

After making due inquiries and verifying the facts mentioned in the letter the Police applied for an order for exhumation.

The body was therefore exhumed at night and an inquest will be held to-morrow.

PANCHAYATS IN MADRAS PRESIDENCY

Control To Be Transferred To Revenue Dept.

(From Our Correspondent)

MADRAS, March 18.

It is learnt that the Madras Government will shortly transfer the control of Panchayats in the Presidency, now under Inspector of Local Boards, to the Revenue Authorities. The District Collectors according to the new regime will administer the Panchayats through Personal Assistants.

The question of meeting the additional expenditure for this arrangement is also considered and it is eagerly asked whether land cess may not be increased for this purpose. However, legal machinery towards this end is working and if land cess is increased public would have to be taken by surprise.

CAWNPORE.—A number of attractive items have been included in the programme for the "War Week" which will be celebrated here from March 20th to 27th with the object of focusing public attention upon the war.

Strike At Ohio Factory

War Dept. Threatens To Take Up Construction Work

WASHINGTON, March 19.

The United States War Department is threatening to take over the construction work at Wright Field, Ohio, unless the strike there is settled by to-day.

The strike has been proceeding for three weeks past.—Reuter.

BRITAIN EXPRESSES REGRET TO BELGRADE

Offers Compensation For Involuntary Bombing Of Frontier Town

BELGRADE, March 19.

The British Government has expressed regret for an incident which occurred on the night of December 21 when bombs fell on the Jugoslav frontier town of Souchak, says an official statement issued here on Tuesday

The British Government expressed "their deep regret to the Yugoslav Government for this involuntary incident, stating that they were ready to pay just compensation for damage to persons and property".—Reuter.

MUSLIM LEAGUE MADRAS SESSION

Time Table

The 28th annual sessions of the All-India Muslim League will be held on April 12, 13 and 14 at the S.I.A.A. grounds, Peoples Park. Mr. M. A. Jinnah, president-elect will arrive by special train from Bombay on 11th April, at 9 a.m. and will be accorded a reception at the Central Station. He will then proceed in procession to the Pandal. He will hoist the Muslim Flag in the Pandal on the same day. A meeting of the Council of All-India Muslim League will also be held on that day.

The open sessions will be held on the 12, 13, and 14th April. A spacious Pandal built on the Moghul style is being constructed in the S.I.A.A. grounds, Peoples Park. It is within stone's throw of the main broad gauge railway station and ten minutes walk from the main metre gauge station. Within the compound wherein the Pandal is situated are two restaurants aerated water and cold drink stalls, fruits stalls and various other shops. A post and telegraph office will also be provided. The Office of the All-India Muslim League will be opened in the compound a week before the sessions.

TICKETS:—Ordinary visitors tickets are as follows: Rs. 5, (Chairs) Rs. 3, (Farash) Re. 1 (Farash) A special enclosure is provided for women observing Purdah and seats will be provided according to the above grade.

Members of the Reception Committee are requested to exchange their receipts for badges and tickets at the Reception Committee Office in the Pandal compound between the first and 12th April. Visitors' tickets will also be available at the Pandal during those days. It is requested that the last hour rush at the booking office be avoided.

ACCOMMODATION

The Reception Committee is making arrangements for the boarding and lodging of delegates and members of the Council of the All-India Muslim League. The charges have been tentatively fixed at Rs. 2 per diem for boarding and lodging which will be provided for a maximum number of five days from 11th to 15th April inclusive. It is requested that applications for the arrangements be made by the 5th of April with the remittance of the charges in advance. The Reception Committee is sending out pamphlets giving detailed information regarding these arrangements to the delegates and members of the Council all over the country.

FACULTY OF LAW IN TEHERAN

New Buildings Inaugurated

TEHERAN, March 19.

In the presence of Cabinet Ministers, high officials and notabilities, the Premier inaugurated the new buildings of the facility of Law in Teheran. The construction of the buildings was commenced in 1939. They cover 3340 square metres, and contain nine class rooms the smallest of which will held 50 and the largest 180 students.

The Assembly Hall will hold 400 persons. The premises contain two large lecture halls and a library of 3,000 volumes. Speeches by the Premier, Minister of Education and others were delivered on the progress of education under His Majesty's auspices.—Reuter.

Japanese Naval Planes Raid Chungking

Damage And Casualties Reported Negligible

TOKYO, March 19.

Several formations of Japanese naval aircraft raided Chungking this afternoon inflicting heavy damage, according to an announcement by the Japanese fleet in Central Chinese waters.

It is claimed some aircraft scored direct hits on military targets in the city, while other formations raided munition plants on the outskirts setting them on fire. All the planes returned safely.

The Chinese version of the raid as given in an official communique states there were few casualties and the damage done was negligible.—Reuter.

REPEATED ITALIAN ATTACKS REPULSED

LONDON, March 19.

Repeated Italian local attacks were repulsed with considerable losses by the Greeks on Tuesday, states a Greek communique, according to the Athens radio.

A successful manoeuvre in one region resulted in 165 prisoners being taken.—Reuter.

Eden's Telegrams To Greek Premier

LONDON, March 19.

CAIRO:—Mr. Eden, Foreign Secretary, has sent a telegram to M. Korizis, the Greek Prime Minister, expressing great pleasure at the further "brilliant success" of Greeks in repelling the recent heavy Italian attacks.—Reuter

R. A. F. Raid On Durazzo

ATHENS.—A "communique" issued at the British Headquarters states that the R. A. F. carried out one of the most successful raids on Durazzo yesterday (Tuesday).

Explosions At Durazzo

R. A. F. encountered intense anti-aircraft fire at Durazzo but explosions and numerous fires were caused.

Another formation attacked Italian motor transport on the Glava-Buzi Road in North Tepelini registering direct hits. All R. A. F. aircraft returned safely.—Reuter.

CABLE ITEMS

LONDON.—South Africa's State Railways and harbours are making a great contribution to the Union's War effort. Over 7,000 employees have been released for full-time military service, more than 12,000 for whole-time work and 800 for part-time work for the production of war material.—Reuter.

WELLINGTON.—The reopening of voluntary recruiting for territorials for married men aged 19 to 45 was announced by Mr. Semple, Minister for National Service, to-day.—Reuter.

LONDON:—Speaking in London to-day, the Chinese Ambassador, Mr. Quo Tai-Chi said: "China remains unconquered and is more than ever unconquerable. We have our General Chiang-Kai-Shek, as you have your Mr. Winston Churchill and as America has her Mr. Franklin Roosevelt."—Reuter.

LONDON:—A general election immediately after the Armistice would be disastrous, dangerous and destructive, at a time when strong forces in Britain and the United States should be devoting themselves with single-mindedness to the task of world reconstruction, said Sir Archibald Sinclair, in the course of a speech here to-day.—Reuter.

MADRID.—Ex-King Carol and Madame Lupescu's luggage and four dogs which had been left behind at Seville when they escaped to Portugal are being collected by a Portuguese, Count De Mofra who has arrived at Seville from Lisbon. The Count is also settling Carol's outstanding accounts. He first had an interview with the Chief of Seville Police.—Reuter.

To explore the prospects of industrial development in the province, the Government of Sind have appointed an Industrial Advisory Board for a period of three years. On the Board's recommendations, the Government have requisitioned the services of Dr. Dubey of the Benares University to investigate the possibilities of manufacture of glass in the Province.

"SATYAGRAHA FOR HUMAN RIGHTS"

Former Adviser To Orissa Govt. Defends Congress Attitude To War In Court Statement

CUTTACK, March 19.

Pandit W. V. B. Ramalingam, former Adviser to the Government of Orissa during the Congress Ministry in the Co-operative Department and a labour leader has been sentenced to two months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 in default one month's further imprisonment by the Joint Magistrate of Berhampur for offering Satyagraha at Berhampur.

Mr. R. D. Barve, Member, "D" Ward Congress Committee, and Mr. Ratansi Chapsey, member, "C" Ward Congress Committee, who were arrested on Tuesday under the Defence of India Rules.

Mr. Ratilal Parekh, who was arrested at Kandivli on Monday under the Defence of India Rules.

WHEN PERSUASION FAILED.

Pandit Ramalingam, in the course of a statement in court, said that after the declaration of war, with a view not to embarrass the British Government, Congress withdrew from ministries and practically suspended the political fight. It adopted methods of persuasion and negotiation even at the risk of its popularity. In times of war, he continued, every Government has its ways of raising men and money, but no Government can create a nation-wide enthusiasm without winning the heart sympathy of the nation, and suggestions from the Indian national side to attain it were rejected by the British Government.

FIGHT FOR HUMAN RIGHTS.

Meanwhile, added the accused, issues involving human rights arose and human rights were of primary importance. The present Satyagraha, he maintained, was for human rights. As such, he concluded, it was the duty of every man, thinking of the future welfare of the world, to preach against violence and war and attempt to create a faith in non-violent Satyagraha as a means of resistance.—A. P.

Smt. Manibehen Patel of Ghatkopar is convicted and gets 1 day's S. I. and fined Rs. 200.

KURLA LADY SATYAGRAHI SENTENCED

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mrs. Maniben Parikh who offered Satyagraha at Ghatkopar on Tuesday was sentenced by the First Class Magistrate, Kurla, to one day's simple imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200, in default four months' simple imprisonment.

Mr. Sadashiv Ganesh Joshi, member of the Bandra Municipality was arrested while offering Satyagraha at Bandra, this morning.

Bassein Satyagrahi Sentenced To Six Months' S. I.

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, March 18.

Mr. K. M. Sawant, a Congress-worker of Bassein, who was arrested for offering Satyagraha on the 17th instant at a village near Bassein, was tried to-day by the City Magistrate, Thana, for an offence under Rule 38(1)5 of Defence of India Rules.

Mr. Sawant pleading guilty to the charge was sentenced to six months' S. I. He is given "C" Class.

In Maharashtra:

POONA, March 19.

Mr. R. N. Shahe who offered Satyagraha on the 17th inst. at Pandhare was tried by the Sub-Divisional Magistrate Eastern Division at Baramati and convicted and sentenced to six months' S. I.

Mrs. Abubai Bhole, who offered Satyagraha at Wanha on March 18 was tried to-day by the Additional District Magistrate Poona and was convicted and sentenced to one day's S. I. and to pay a fine of Rs. 100 in default to three months' further S. I.—A. P.

PYARELAL JAILED

Gets 6 Months' S. I.

WARDHA March 19.

Mr. Pyarelal Gandhiji's Secretary, has been sentenced to six months' simple imprisonment under the Defence of India Act. He has been recommended "B" class by the Magistrate.

Pyarelal Justifies Congress Stand

WARDHAGANJ, March 19.

In the case against Mr. Pyarelal the Magistrate after examining Sub-Inspector Chaoji, framed a charge under Section 38 (one and five) read with rule 34 of the Defence of India Act.

In a lengthy written statement filed before the court, Mr. Pyarelal stated: "After three months' introspection in jail, I am confirmed in my stand that I took last time and also that the Congress attitude towards the war is correct. Further all violence must be met with non-Violence."

Judgment will be delivered at about three this afternoon.—A. P.

(Earlier)

In U. P.:

16 ARRESTS, 23 CONVICTIONS!

One Day Of Cawnpore Satyagraha

CAWNPORE, March 18.

Sixteen Satyagrahis who offered Satyagraha at different villages of the district were arrested to-day under Rule (38) of the Defence of India Rules.

Twenty-three Satyagrahis have been sentenced to-day by the Additional City Magistrate under Rule (38) of the Defence of India Rules to various terms of imprisonment including fines.—A. P.

Messrs. Sheo Shankar Tripathi Purshottam Das and Tirathraj, District Congress workers, have been arrested in connection with Satyagraha.

Mr. Jagdish Prasad, Secretary, Provincial Congress Seva Dal, Mr. Sheo Balak Ram Dwivedi, Assistant Secretary, U. P. Seva Dal and Hanuman Prasad of the Sitapur Congress Sevadal, have been released on the expiry of their terms of imprisonment under the Defence of India Rules for defying the ban on military drill in connection with the provincial volunteers training camp held at Allahabad a few months ago.—A. P.

CITY SATYAGRAHA TO-DAY

Intimations Sent To Police Commissioner

Intimations with regard to the intention to offer Satyagraha are understood to have been given to the Police Commissioner on Wednesday by three city Congressmen.

Mr. Rajaram Khandray and Mr. B. D. Tamnaal, it is understood, will offer Satyagraha at Kamatipura on Thursday evening, while Mr. Vasant M. Kande will shout slogans the same evening at Mugbhat Lane, Girgaum. The first two are Secretary and member of the "E" Ward District Congress Committee respectively, while the third is a member of the "D" Ward Congress Committee.

Prisoners' Camp At Bhopal

BHOPAL, March 19

Elaborate preparations, it is understood, are being made by the Bhopal State authorities in co-operation with the Government of India for the establishment of a prisoners-of-war camp at Bhopal to accommodate a large number of Italian war prisoners who, it is stated will be brought here shortly.—A. P.

Arrests And Convictions In Punjab

LAHORE, March 19

Following arrests and convictions are reported from different parts of the Punjab in connection with Congress Satyagraha:

LUDHIANA:—Labhuram, Municipal Commissioner.

RAJKOT: Gokalsingh; Jogendersingh and Amarnath, Congressmen, sentenced to one year's rigorous imprisonment each.

ROHTAK: Mangeram and Bindraban, one year's imprisonment each; Rudarsingh 15 months' imprisonment; Rattansingh and Jailal arrested.

JULLUNDER: Gangaram 1 year's imprisonment and fine of Rs. 300, Pandit Kalisaran Sharma and Vidya Parakash Laroya, arrested.

HISSAR: Lala Mutsaddimal, arrested.

In Kerala

CALICUT, March 18.

Sixty-one Satyagrahis have been arrested upto March 15 in Kerala while 37 Satyagrahis have not been arrested according to a statement of the Kerala Provincial Congress Committee.—A. P.

In Andhra:

M. L. A. Arrested

VIZAGAPATAM, March 19.

Mr. K. Suryanarayana Gupta, M.L.A., (Central) and Municipal Councilor offered Satyagraha today by shouting anti-war slogans before the Municipal Office

He was immediately arrested under the Defence of India Rules.—A. P.

Four Jailed In Madras

MADRAS, March 19

Four Satyagrahis were convicted today by the Chief Presidency Magistrate under the Defence of India Rules for shouting anti-war slogans in different parts of the city.

Mr. K. A. Dhunapal Udayar was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment, while the other three accused were awarded 15 days' rigorous imprisonment each.—A. P.

In Gujarat:

AHMEDABAD, March 19.

Mr. Shivabhai Maganlal Patel was arrested to-day while offering Satyagraha at Naj village in Ahmedabad district.—A. P.

Azad Award Echo

Sind M. L. A.s' Move To Revive Advisory Body For Ministers

KARACHI, March 19.

An attempt to revive the Advisory Committee of Sixteen set up by Maulana Azad to guide Government policy which ceased to function during the recent Ministerial crisis will be made to-morrow. A meeting of the Committee is convened to-morrow to discuss the Select Committee report on the Debt Conciliation Bill and invitations have been sent out to all members, including former Muslim League Ministers, and Mr. Gazdar and Mr. G. M. Syed (League M. L. As).

It is stated that League members may not attend the meeting as they hold that no useful purpose woud be served by their join

Mr. S. G. Joshi, well-known Congress worker and Municipal Councillor, Bandra Municipality, offered Satyagraha and was arrested on Wednesday.

ing in the deliberations of the Committee without an all-party Government to be guided by it.

NEXT MAYOR

A decision to nominate Mr. M. H. Gazdar, M. L. A., President of the Muslim League Branch, Karachi city, for the forthcoming Mayoral elections was taken at the meeting of the Muslim councillors of the Karachi Municipal Corporations held this morning.—A. P.

"Elders" Greetings For Middle East Successes

NEW DELHI, March 19.

The resolution expressing appreciation of the successes of the army in the Middle East has been admitted by the President of the Council of State.

Although it cannot under the rules be taken on the only remaining non-official day namely March 24, it is expected that arrangements will be made for its discussion on an official day after March 26.

The resolution has been sponsored by twelve members.—A. P.

Red Shirts' Batch For Satyagraha

PESHAWAR, March 19.

March 27 has been fixed by Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan for the commencement of Satyagraha by the second group of 29 persons who have been exclusively selected from Red Shirts in the various parts of the province.

They have completed their Satyagraha training under the guidance of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan.—United Press.

Sind Move For Permission For Satyagraha

KARACHI, March 19

Permission to participate in individual Satyagraha will be sought from Mahatma Gandhi by the Sind Provincial Congress Committee if the resolution tabled by Dr. Popatlal, M.L.A., is passed by the meeting of the Committee convened for the last week of this month.

The resolution urges on Mahatma Gandhi to lift the ban on Sind Congressmen, now that normal conditions prevail in the Province.

Dr. Popatlal, the President of the Karachi District Congress Committee, proposes to move from the chair a similar resolution at the meeting of the District Committee.—A. P.

The Sind Government expect to repay over Rs. 50 lakhs during the current year towards liquidation of the Barrage Debt in addition to the authorised appropriation.

UNSTINTED PRAISE FROM ALL QUARTERS

Month after month, year after year, the manufacturers of Glaxo receive direct or through their world-wide agencies, innumerable unsolicited testimonials from doctors, nurses and mothers. Many of these babies are being reared entirely on Glaxo and progress splendidly from birth. Others are changed to Glaxo from some other food with the best of results.

Some of these letters are now being published here. Each of these has a message for those mothers who have not yet had the happiness of watching their babies thrive through Glaxo feeding.

Glaxo is by far the most popular and successful milk food sold. It is the nearest equivalent to breast milk, superior to and far safer and richer than ordinary cow's or buffalo's milk. It is entirely free from every harmful organism, and is enriched with vitamin D and iron, both of which are deficient in cow's milk. Glaxo is obtainable everywhere at reasonably economical prices, which have been kept at a low level despite war and constant supplies are always assured....

No. 6 — GLAXO FACTS BULLETIN

FROM MOTHERS [illegible]

"I have much pleasure in writing and informing you of the value I place on your food for babies. I think it is the least a mother can do to write and inform you of the good this food has done to the kiddies. I am the mother of nine children and from the eldest to the youngest, who is only six months old, I have brought them up on Glaxo. My eldest I kept on for four years and he is now 6 ft. 2 in., and a fine lad, the others are the same."

"May I suggest as an addition to your recommendations that my experience of Glaxo in the tropics is added. I have a bonnie son of eight, not fat, but hard bone and strong muscle, brought up entirely on Glaxo in India. This food is entirely suitable for hot climates and so absolutely safe in a country so fraught with danger and disease. Gordon was only four pounds at birth but full weight at six months, easiest teething imaginable and always contented. I thought perhaps this experience in India might add to your already inundated batch of testimonials."

"I feel I should like to write and tell you how splendidly my little girl has done and is doing on Glaxo. She has been on it since birth, and I brought her out to India when she was two months old. We had a stormy passage from Tilbury, and all the babies on board could not keep their food down, nor did they feel inclined to eat, but Ann was quite unaffected, she took her bottles, slept and ate again and was never sick. She had no prickly heat in the Red Sea, and no colds from the weather changes and has been splendid in every way. She has put on weight fairly regularly, except when teeth troubled her, and is very firm and healthy, though not at all fat or flabby. My nurse, who shares my belief in Glaxo, says she has never had a second's trouble with baby's inside, and her stomach is very healthy too. Though the weather is fairly hot, she eats just as well, and feels no effects from the heat. Her age is 7¾ months and she weighs 17 lbs. 2 ozs

FROM A CEYLON MOTHER

"Baby Tony was born in Calcutta and fed on Glaxo from an early age and has had it off and on since birth, as I consider it the safest food of all for the tropics and when travelling. He is now twenty-two months old

Travelling from England last March he was taken very ill in the Red Sea and was operated on for Mastoid abscess. He had altogether three operations in eight days and after the first one septic pneumonia set in. His recovery is said by all to be [illegible] marvellous. The ship's doctor said that had he not been in such good condition he could not possibly have pulled through. [illegible] and Glaxo I consider [illegible] I know to try your [illegible] having any trouble [illegible] I have left them."

A steady gain after Glaxo was tried.

"Doctor advised Sunshine Glaxo, with the result that baby became less fretful, constipation gradually ceased and he gained 7 ozs. in the first week and has steadily gained each week since. The baby is now 14 months and is a beautiful boy, has cut his teeth without any trouble." Test No. N.C. 194.

SOME NURSES' OPINIONS

Indispensable to Nursing Mothers and Infants.

"My own little son was breast-fed for two months. Since then he has been fed on your excellent food. He is good, muscular, contented and ails nothing. When he sees his bottle of Sunshine Glaxo his little face beams with delight. I consider Sunshine Glaxo is indispensable to nursing mothers and infants alike." Test No. 4282.

All that nature requires.

"The personal experience I have had is with my own baby. When I received the sample tin I was just undecided what to give him. I was getting so busy I found I must wean him. After studying your pamphlets I decided to try Sunshine Glaxo, and I can truthfully say he did not go back an ounce. I am still giving it to him and he is gaining each week [illegible]. This teaches me that Sunshine Glaxo contains all that nature requires." Test No. N. C. 650.

[illegible] time with no trouble.

"After [illegible] months my duty compelled me to artificially feed my own baby. I started to give Sunshine Glaxo at the fifth month he had one tooth and continued cutting his teeth without any trouble. He is now 12 months old, has eight sound teeth, is walking strong and sturdy, sleeps well, drinks well, no trouble whatever with his bowels, and is a good-tempered baby and exceptionally big." Test No. N. C. 117.

WHEN BREAST MILK FAILS

A little imp of mischief.

"The mother's milk was poor in quality and insufficient. She had been supplementing with—and the babe was failing, cried day and night, had green stools, posseted, etc. We suggested Sunshine Glaxo would be a good "Medicine Man," and although no doctor's bill has been presented, that little nipper soon joined our 'Sunbeam Class' and is one of the bonniest imps of mischief therein." Test No. N. C. 1776.

Only 3 lbs. at birth.

"I was called to a patient. She was delivered of a 7 months baby. The baby was too small to take the mother's breast. We tried Sunshine Glaxo. Now it is seven months and quite a normal child. Weighing 3 lbs. at birth, it is now 18 lbs." Test No. N. C. 676.

Improvement in a few days.

"The mother could not breast-feed. child has rapidly going downhill, constipated. [illegible] mended by suit it. I Glaxo. She in the first few day [illegible] great improvement was noticeable, and now at 6 months she is bright and happy, sleeps all night and is free from constipation and superfluous fat." Test No. N. C. 2179.

Glaxo builds beautiful babies

SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES THROUGHOUT INDIA, BURMA AND CEYLON.

Congress Protests Against More Salaries

KARACHI, March 19.

The United Press understands that an official bill is being brought before the Assembly shortly raising the scale of salaries of the Ministers from Rs. 500 to Rs. 1,500 inclusive of house and motor allowance and that of the Speaker from Rs. 800 to Rs. 1,000

The Karachi District Congress Committee has called a public meeting on Friday to protest against the move.—United Press.

Eastern Group Supply Council

NEW DELHI, March 19.

It is understood that Mr. F. R. Picot of New Zealand has been appointed to the Eastern Group Supply Council. He is expected to arrive in India shortly. Mr. Picot attended the Eastern Group Conference at New Delhi in October and November last as a delegate from New Zealand.—United Press.

Pondicherry Volunteers For De Gaulle

PONDICHERRY, March 18

The first batch of 37 volunteers recruited by the Government of French India to the Free French forces of General de Gaulle left Pondicherry last night.—A. P.

Indian News From Here & There

Cinema operators in Madras Presidency will have to pass a Government Examination in future to obtain competency certificates. The Government have constituted a board in this connection for the purpose of conducting examinations.

A full-fledged Labour Department is being set up by the Government of Bihar shortly to tackle Labour problems in the Province. A scheme has been drawn up in this connection by Mr. S. K. Mazumdar, the newly appointed Labour Commissioner.

The Madras Government have now issued orders for the revision of electoral rolls for the Madras Legislative Assembly and the Legislative Council fixing July 2, 1941, as the date with reference to which the rolls should be revised says a Press Communique issued today.

To check the growing "menace of Pathan money-lenders" in the city of Madras the Government have amended the Madras City Police Act empowering the Commissioner of Police with powers to order such money-lenders to conduct themselves properly or quit the city.

The temple of Vishwanath at Banali, an important pilgrim centre in eastern Rajputana, was raided shortly after midnight yesterday by armed dacoits, who, after silencing the priests at the point of revolvers, looted the temple and decamped with a booty worth Rs. 8,000 including gold plates belonging to the deity.

The Government of Bengal, it is understood, have turned down the representation made by the Calcutta Corporation to the former to make a contribution to the Corporation by way of helping it to further improve and expand primary education in the city.

A sum of about Rs. 2,000 was collected on the Chinese Women's Day at Calcutta for the relief of wounded soldiers and war refugees in China. The amount will be sent to Mme. Chiang-Kai-Shek at Chungking, through Mr. C. C. Huang, Consul-General for China in Calcutta.

CLARION CALL TO INDIA AND BRITAIN MISSING

MADRAS, March 19.

"I would not say a single word to belittle the work the Conference has done. But I look in vain for a clarion call both to Britain and to India to do those great things which are so urgently needed," says Dr. G. S. Arundale commenting on the Bombay Non-Party Leaders Conference.

He adds: I have not the slightest doubt that the proposed reconstruction of the Governor-General's Executive Council would be a step in the right direction. Nor have I any doubt that the Defence portfolio should be in charge of an Indian. But where in the resolution is there that urgently needed call to the people of India to compose their differences on certain definite lines, and to set about the framing of a Swadeshi constitution; and where is there a call to Britain to realise more effectively her urgent responsibilities to India?"—A. P.

TRIUMPH FOR RAILWAYMEN

(Continued from page 6)

better than those of the Railway workers.

The Government in their communique stated that the capacity of the Railways to pay must be taken into account, while deciding the question of grant of dearness allowance. It is curious that they should take up such an attitude notwithstanding the clear decision of the Court on this point, supported by the admission of the counsel appearing on behalf of the Railway administration before the Court namely, that the capacity of the Railways to pay is quite irrelevant. In fact, the whole of the proceedings before the Court went on on this assumption. It is not fair to the Government to take up this attitude."

MUTT AND JEFF—Perhaps the Jeff Brother Can Also Handle Mrs. Mutt — By BUD FISHER

JULIUS, MY TWIN BROTHER! GOSH I'M GLAD TO SEE YOU! WHAT ARE YOU DOING?
I'M TOURING WITH A SHOW! I'M BILLED AS THE STRONGEST LITTLE MAN IN THE WORLD!
JULIUS, WHILE YOU'RE HERE YOU CAN STAY WITH ME! WAIT HERE FOR ME WHILE I SEE THE LANDLADY!
SURE, JEFF!
?
JULIUS, THE STRONGEST LITTLE MAN IN THE WORLD!
HELLO, SIMP!
SLAP!
I WAS MINDING MY OWN BUSINESS WHEN UP STEPS THIS LONG-NOSED ANTEATER AND SMACKS ME IN THE MUSH!
WHY, IT'S MUTT! HE THOUGHT YOU WERE ME!
D.S.C.
Fisher

"Jemadars On Probation"

Matriculates Can Apply For Service In Royal Indian Army

NEW DELHI, March 18.

It is announced that direct commissions as Viceroy's commissioned officers in the Royal Indian Army Service Corps are now open to well-educated young men of between 20 and 35 years of age. They must possess matriculation certificates (second class) or some equivalent educational qualification and must be physically fit for service in any part of the world. They should also possess an adequate knowledge of English. While not essential, a knowledge of the driving and maintenance of motor vehicles will be an asset to those who wish to join the motor transport branch, and of book-keeping and accountancy for the supply branch.

Candidates selected for these commissions will be gazetted as Jemadars on probation at a pay of Rs. 75 per month. They will then receive a course of training at a training school. On qualification, if found suitable, they will be confirmed in the rank of Jemadar. In addition to their pay, they will receive free rations, clothing and accommodation. Their pay, allowances and prospects will be the same as for regular V. C. O.'s of the Corps. They will be engaged primarily for the duration of the war, but may be considered for permanent commissions at the war's conclusion.

Full particulars can be obtained from the headquarters of the candidate's military district.—A P.

KALYAN MUNICIPAL CHAIRMAN ACQUITTED

(From Our Correspondent).

KALYAN, March 18.

Observing in the course of his judgment that the complainant seems to have been set up by the political adversaries of the accused Mr. M. P. Oka, President of the Kalyan Municipality to discredit the latter and thus wreak vengeance, Mr. R. M. Dave, President Magistrate Kalyan acquitted yesterday Mr. M. P. Oka of the offence of criminal breach of trust.

The facts appear to be that a few months back, an ex-employee of the Kalyan Municipality, had lodged a complaint against Mr. M. P. Oka, President, Kalyan Municipality, alleging that a sum of Rs. 50 and odd, in respect of Provident Fund was appropriated by the accused, instead of being paid over to him, though a full receipt had been taken.

The case occupied several hearings resulting in the acquittal of Mr. Oka who was defended by Messers W. A. Rege of Thana and B. T. Sule of Kalyan.

WORKING CLASS COST OF LIVING GOES UP

The following statement has been issued by the Director of Information, Bombay:—

During the month ended February 15, the working class cost of living index number for Bombay, with the average prices for the year ended June, 1934, equal to 100, was 119—two points higher than in the preceding month. The index number for food articles rose by one point to 132.

In January, the working class cost of living index number for Ahmedabad, with the average prices for the year ended July, 1927, equal to 100, was 79—the same as in the preceding month. The index number for food articles declined by two points to 70.

In January, the working class cost of living index number for Sholapur, with the average prices for the year ended January, 1928, equal to 100, was 77—one point higher than in the previous month. The index number for food articles advanced by one point to 74.

The Governor of Bombay has made a further personal contribution of Rs. 3,000 to the Bombay War Gifts Fund for the Royal Air Force.

KHAR BUILDING SCHEME

The "Bombay Sentinel" writes:—Following the disclosures made in "The Sentinel", regarding the scandal in the Government Aided Scheme at Khar, the Director of Information, Bombay has issued a statement denying the allegation.

A perusal of the contents shows that the explanation given by the Government for the deeds of the officials of the Revenue Department is not only unconvincing but is absurd on the face of it.

Though purporting to deny the allegations made in "The Sentinel", the statement admits that the Government is selling the properties to mortgagees who have no decree in a court of law by private sale on the payment of the Government loan.

The statement says, "The Government was obliged to sell the properties to a second mortgagee on payment of outstanding Government loan, interest and municipal taxes, because it was held to be the most equitable arrangement in the circumstances. The borrower had repeatedly defaulted."

The facts of the case are that the mortgagees had been in possession of properties for the past five years and had been collecting rents thereof. They had undertaken to make regular payments to the Government on behalf of the owner, but had failed to do so.

It is the mortgage and not the owner who committed defaults in making payments to the Government. The mortgagees had adjusted a major portion of the money advanced by them from the rents collected during the past five years.

When the mortgagees commit default in making payment to the Government the properties are resumed by the Government and handed over to the mortgagees as a gift on payment of the outstanding Government loan. Is the transfer of properties to mortgagees, who have adjusted their loan by collection of rents the most equitable arrangement?

When the Government has resumed the property free from all encumbrances, why do they not sell it to the highest bidder or appoint an officer to manage the properties?

It is on record that the mortgagees have been trying for the past four years to get hold of these properties by backdoor methods, while not having proved their claim in a court of law. The Revenue officials cannot usurp the powers of the civil judiciary and decide what is the best equitable arrangement.

It is time that the Government revised their orders regarding the transfer of properties to persons by private sale and managed it themselves till such time as the mortgagee proved their claim in a court of law. If the mortgagees have any claim on the property, the best place for them to establish their claim is a court of law and not the rooms of the officials of the Revenue Department.

Bombay Provincial Muslim League Conference

A public meeting of the Mussalmans of Bombay was held at Madanpura on Saturday, under the presidentship of Mr. I. I. Chundrigar, M.L.A., President of the Bombay Provincial Muslim League. Speeches were made on the occasion by Messrs. Yusuf Ebrari, Munshi Fateh Khan, Mirza Akhtar Hassan, M.L.A., Mohd. Omer Bajjab, Moulvi Hakim Saheb, Mehshar Amrohi and Habibul Huq Khan. The speeches stressed the importance of the forthcoming Conference. The President, Mr. Chundrigar, exhorted the people to make 'Pakistan Day' on the 23rd instant, a success.

ANDREWS' MEMORIAL

Mahatma's Appeal For 5 Lakhs Before April 5

WARDHAGANJ, March 18

Mahatma Gandhi has issued the following appeal:

The handsome public response to the Kamala Nehru Memorial Hospital, though late yet not too late promptus this appeal. Even as I had made that collection my special duty, because of the promise made by me to Kamala, when she went to Europe, as it turned out to meet death, so is incumbent on me the duty of collection for the Andrew's Memorial. I might have failed in collecting for the Kamala Memorial but for the tireless labours of Dr. Jivraj Mehta. I have no counter part to Dr. Jivraj Mehta for the Andrew's Memorial collection.

ANDREWS' SERVICES.

The first anniversary of Deenabandhu's death will be soon upon us. I am too weak and too occupied to travel about for collections. What is, however, tantalizing is the fact that the collections have not been coming promptly and spontaneously.

Charlie Andrew' was everybody's friend in need. He made no distinction between the high and the poor or Christians and non-Christians or Englishmen and others. He ungrudgingly assisted all who were in need of his help. He slaved night and day for humanity.

He found his home and self-expression in Santiniketan. Dr. Rabindranath Tagore was his Guru and friend. Living, he was the chief collector of funds for Santiniketan, no more fitting memorial could, therefore, be conceived than that his home should never be in want and that it should have additional funds for expansion.

Indeed, the Gurudev himself should command all the monetary help he needs. He has brought lustre to India. Many men have derived signal assistance from him and his institution. Their children are receiving instruction in Santiniketan.

His art decorates many an Indian home. His poetry, his novels, plays and his art enrich the minds of thousands of boys and girls, men and women.

APPEAL TO PUBLIC

It is a problem why these two precious names have not brought forth spontaneous response. Why should there be special appeals made on behalf of a memorial which is its own compelling recommendation. A spontaneous response will delight Deenabandhu's spirit and put new life into Rabindranath Tagore.

What answer have students and teachers, friends of labour and lovers of art to make? Among they can produce the paltry five lakhs in a day. Will they produce the amount before the 5th April, the day on which Deenabandhu, that true friend of the poor, took sleep from which he never awoke".—A. P.

DIED OF ACCIDENTAL EXPLOSION

Inquest Verdict On Naval Rating

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

That death was due to an accidental explosion which occurred in a Naval Gun, while it was being operated, was the verdict recorded by the Coroner's Jury at the inquest held to-day on a Naval rating, who came to a tragic end during the course of the military display at Esplanade maidan.

The evidence disclosed that while the deceased was operating a four-inch naval gun, an accidental explosion occurred, in which the breach block of his gun flew back injuring the left side of his chest. The man died on the spot.

Hindu Mahasabha To Contest Thana Local Board Elections

(From Our Correspondent).

THANA, March 18.

The Working Committee of the Thana District Hindu Mahasabha has, under a resolution passed by them at Bassein recently, decided to contest the ensuing triennial Local Board elections to be held on the 29th May, 1941. An Election Board has been set up for the purpose by the District Mahasabha.

The Secretary of the Committee has issued an appeal requesting public spirited citizens having the requisite qualifications to apply to the Board for getting Hindu Mahasabha tickets.

The Collector of Thana has fixed 8th April for receiving nomination papers and the voting will take place on the 29th May at the respective Taluka offices.

The Thana District Congress Committee has, as yet, not decided to put up their candidates but from enquiries, it is learnt, the Congress Committee will soon declare their resolve to fight the Local Board Elections.

NOVEL PARSI EXHIBITION OPENS TO-DAY

Demonstration Of How Things Are Done To Be Given

The Zarthosti Unnati Dwara is organising an Arts and Crafts Exhibition. It will be held today (20th) and also on the 21st, 22nd and 23rd instant at the Sir Ratan Tata Buildings, Cawasji Jehangir Colony, Tardeo between 5 p.m. and 8 p.m.

Recently intensive efforts have been made to find employment for Parsees and engage them in productive and useful industries of Arts and Crafts. With that object in view, several Exhibitions were held lately.

Last year, the Zarthosti Unnati Dwara held a small Exhibition which was of quite another character. It was purely Educational, and the public were given an opportunity to know the ways and means to create better homes, and bring up better children.

GENUINE ARTS AND CRAFTS

This year, there is an Exhibition of genuine Arts and Crafts which involve talent and ability. Only articles made by the men, women and children of the colonies will be exhibited. The main feature of the exhibition is the Demonstration Stall, where women, children and men will show actually how things are done.

Amongst other items in the Demonstration Stall will be Chemistry Experiments, Electrical Experiments, working mechanical models made by boys, carpentry articles made by hand and machine, cane and basket work, flowermaking raffia, sewing, knitting, plaster work, and embroidery, lathe work, painting and drawing.

A special Instructional Stall provides literature in Arts and Crafts and the officer-in-charge will expain the requirements and possibilities of these Arts and Crafts.

CINEMA SHOWS

Every day at 7 p.m. there will be a Cinema show, illustrating the working of important Industries, Arts and Crafts.

A small entrance fee of anna one will be charged. The stalls are on the grounds of the Cowasji Jehangir Colony, Tardeo, and also in the adjoining Cowasji Jehangir School.

14 "UNDESIRABLE" OUTSIDERS

Kept Out Of Hyderabad State, 24 Books Banned

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD Dn.

The Public Safety Regulation which came in for much criticism in the State, according to figures available for the year 1348 Fasli (1938-1939) was responsible for 14 persons being declared as undesirable outsiders including Mahatma Narayanswami, President of the International Aryan League, Pandit Ramchenderji Dehlavi, Senapati Bapat, Lieut. Patwardhan, Mr. Krishna Sharma and others. Those declared as undesirables hail from Delhi, Nagpur, Poona, Bangalore, Khandesh and Hoshiarpoor.

The figures also reveal that 24 leaflets and books were proscribed and the State Congress and its Council of Action was declared unlawful. The banning of the Congress was the result for launching Satyagraha by eminent personalities of the State. The Jail Administration report says that there were altogether 411 State Congress Satyagrahis in different jails of the State who underwent various terms of imprisonment including Pandit Govindrao Nanal, Swami Ramananda Thirth, K. S. Vaidya and others.

"OBSERVE PAKISTAN DAY ON MARCH 23"

Sir Currimbhoy's Plea To City Muslims

Sir Currimbhoy Ebrahim has issued the following :—

The Working Committee of the All-India Muslim League has directed that March 23 be observed as Pakistan Day.

In order to show that there can be no other solution agreeable to the Muslim India in any future constitution of India, but the establishment of their free and independent states in the North-West and Eastern zones of this sub-continent, we must one and all associate ourselves with the Pakistan Day.

The Muslims must express that they are prepared for every sacrifice and nothing can come in their way of attaining their goal.

The Muslim National Guards Organising Committee has decided to observe a Flag Day on this day by making a sale of flags in the city. I appeal to all the Muslims to co-operate and buy the flags and generously help the cause and the Muslim National Guards who are ever ready to carry out their duties.

PETIT INSTITUTE LIBRARY'S RECORD

The useful record of work done by the J. N. Petit Institute Library during 1940 is disclosed in the report of the Managing Committee presented at the Annual General meeting held on Tuesday evening with Dr. J. N. Choksy in the chair.

The report shows that at the close of the year there were 4,943 members of all classes as against 4,647 at the beginning of the year. The total number of lady members stood at 375 including 110 new admissions during the year.

The total cost of the extension of the Institute building, including a fine hall occupying the whole of the third floor has come to Rs. 2,31,680.

Apart from 629 books replaced during the year under report, the total number of news books added to the Institute Library was 1695 including 91 presentation volumes. The total amount spent towards the purchase of books was Rs. 9,013-13-10. The following is a classification of new books purchased by and presented to the Institute during the year.

Prose 52, Poetry and Drama 30, Novels and Fiction 452, History and Archaeology 74, Biography and Memoirs 131, Politics, Political Economy and Education 233, Philosophy and Theology and Religion 57, Science and Arts 121, Law 8, Medicine and Hygiene 21, Geography Travels and Voyages and Maps 67, Sports and Pastimes 11, Library Economy 3, Works of Reference 29, Miscellaneous Works and Official Reports 54, Latin and Greek 3, Persian, Arabic and Hindustani 9, Orientalia 15, German 1, Sanskrit and Prakrit 9, Gujarati 267 and Marathi 48.

439 different periodicals, were subscribed to by the institute at a total cost of Rs. 14,200.

The total number of books issued to members during the year was 85,000 comprising of :—

Prose Works 4353, Poetry and Drama 1812, Novels, Stories and works of Fiction 42135, History and Archaeology 1907, Biography Memoirs, etc., 1518, Politics, Economics, Sociology including Education 3309, Philosophy and Theology 2813, Science and Arts 2056, Law 971, Medicine and Hygiene 2358, Geography, Travels and Voyages 1513, Sports Pastimes 858, Works relating to Libraries 52, Works of Reference 971, Miscellaneous Works and Official Reports 788 Latin and Greek 38, Persian, Arabic and Hindustani 73, Avesta and Pahlavi 59, Orientalia 52, French and German 70, Sanskrit and Prakrit 63, Gujarati works 16817, and Marathi works 414.

The number of magazines and periodicals issued by the Circulating Department to Life and First Class members came to about 96,615 and those issued to second and third class members, about 80,103.

HYDERABAD, March 19.

Sir Akbar Hydari, accompanied by Nawab Ali Yaar Jung, Secretary for Constitutional Affairs, arrived this morning from Delhi. —A. P.

GOT A COUGH?
STOP IT QUICKLY

Coughs are difficult to avoid in changeable weather. They come on suddenly, irritate your throat, keep you awake nights, and run you down physically.

When you begin to cough take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. Chamberlain's gives quick relief to inflamed areas, breaks up congestion and clears air passages, permitting you to breathe more freely. Chamberlain's is free from harmful drugs... it is pleasant to take ... suitable for all the family.

Buy Chamberlain's Cough Remedy today. Take it at the first sign of a cough.

Z38

CHAMBERLAIN'S COUGH REMEDY

Smartness counts—
BRYLCREEM
is the perfect Hair Dressing

Promotion comes to the man who is smart in his work—smart in appearance. And smartness means a head of hair that is well-groomed without being 'gummed' or plastered, glossy without being glazed. That's where Brylcreem wins. It's made from pure natural oils with tonic ingredients added that keep your hair in good health as well as good shape. Buy Brylcreem today and use it daily.

*Try BRYLFOAM SHAMPOO
Another BRYLCREEM Product. BRYLFOAM cleanses thoroughly, cannot coarsen the hair. Leaves it soft and supple. In handy tubes ready for use.

Made in England by the County Perfumery Co., Ltd., London.

NO GUM · NO SOAP · NO SPIRIT · NO STARCH

"The heavens are their battlefield; they are the cavalry of the clouds. High above the squalor and the mud, so high in the firmament that they are not visible from earth, they fight out the eternal issue of right and wrong. They are the true knighthood of war, without fear and without reproach."

FREE TRAINING IN THE COMBINED TRAINING SCHEME—CIVIL AVIATION AND AIR FORCE

FIRST Preliminary flying training in Flying Clubs, with civilian status, before entry into the Air Force

NEXT Elementary Training in the Air Force as officer cadets for six months

THEN Further training as commissioned officers for six months. Duration of war appointments in the Indian Air Force Volunteer Reserve to be given to the best trainees.

MECHANICS are also wanted
Apply to the Air Force Recruiting Officers at Bombay, Madras, Calcutta & Lahore.

PILOTS WANTED
FOR THE INDIAN AIR FORCE RESERVE

You must (a) be between 18 and 26 years of age (b) have had a good English education, not lower than matriculation standard and (c) have a good physique. A high standard of physical fitness is required. If you comply with the above conditions, enquire for forms of application and further particulars at the office of the

DISTRICT MAGISTRATE,
COMMISSIONER OF POLICE,
(Presidency Cities)
POLITICAL AGENT.
(Indian States)

JOIN THE
INDIAN AIR FORCE

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New Hope For Your Skin

Regd. No. B 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B 1065

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Editor: Syed Abdullah Brelvi

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, MARCH 20, 1941

GLYCO-THYMOLINE

(Kress & Owen Co.'s)

KEEP INFECTION AT BAY! with GLYCO-THYMOLINE

To cure common cold and tonsilities, douche the nose and gargle with Glyco-Thymoline which keeps infection at Bay and soothes irritated tissues.

Obtainable at all Chemists.

Boycott Of Non-Ceylonese And Governor's Functions

Sinhala Mahasabha's Plans For Anti-Immigration And Aliens' Registration Measures

COLOMBO, March 19.

The Sinhala Mahasabha plans islandwide boycott of non-Ceylonese and non-Ceylonese goods "as far as possible" and also boycott of the Governor and war funds, if the two Bills now before the State Council dealing with control of immigration and registration of non-Ceylonese are not permitted to be passed in a satisfactory manner, writes the political correspondent of the "Times of Ceylon".

'DON'T INVITE GOVERNOR'

The correspondent says that a meeting of the Executive Committee of the Mahasabha also decided to request all Ceylonese not to employ non-Ceylonese. The correspondent quotes the Hon. Mr. S. W. R. D. Bandaranaike, President of the Sinhala Mahasabha, as saying that in view of the Governor's message to the State Council "we are requesting the public until a satisfactory solution is reached, not to invite the Governor to any public function and not to attend any function at which he is present."

The special session of the Mahasabha on 30th March will consider the decisions of the Executive Committee.—A. P.

A photograph of the members of the Standing Committee with Mr. Gordhandas Morarji in the chair taken at the meeting of the Committee held last week.

WINDSOR VISUALISES JUSTICE FOR LABOUR

Also A New Order In Europe And A Real League Of Nations With America In

(From Our Correspondent).

LONDON, March 17.

This week's special American Magazine, "Liberty," has published an interview with the Duke of Windsor to-day.

Referring to the question of American aid to Great Britain, the Duke is reported to have said that if the United States of America really believed in giving aid it was certainly needed.

Regarding repayment of American aid, the Duke is reported to have said that perhaps the aid should never be repaid. "You may feel it is a strange thing for me to say that", he added, "but look at that from this particular point of view. Friend comes to borrow money which is needed desperately when he is jobless. And say, his wife needs immediate operation and his pocket book is empty. If you afford to help him, you want to help; if you are wise and value your friendship, you do not lend, you give him money. You may never get back but you preserve your friendship."

"INSUFFERABLE SNOBS"

The Duke denounced the trouble-makers whom he described as "insufferable snobs" who accepted American hospitality and insult Americans by fatuous pretence of superiority.

Discussing about Germany the Duke said. "There is too much of wishful thinking. We have got to look to facts and not to wishes."

Continuing he said: "I believe there is a large body of opinion in Germany that is opposed to Hitler's extreme policies. That opinion has its influence because despite Hitler's control of the Press and radio, he cannot deceive his own people into believing that war is finished. They know too well that it is still going on and they have to make sacrifices for it. Hitler promised quick victory and did not deliver it. He should be forced to listen to the minority and moderate policies."

FUTURE FOR LABOUR.

The Duke concluded his interview by describing Mr Roosevelt and Mr. Churchill as the two greatest men in the world and saying that when the war would be over, many strange things were going to happen. There would be, he said, a new order in Europe, whether imposed by Germany or Great Britain. Labour, he added, was going to get more equitable distribution of the world goods. Many new things would come to pass. The strangest of them would be that American would no longer be called the New World. It would be the Old World and Europe the New World there must be a real League of Nations—and "you, Americans", he concluded, "will have to come in when next time there will have been a world League with every body in it."

INDIA MUST HAVE A SAY

Plea Against Anti-Indian Bills In Ceylon State Council

COLOMBO, March 18.

On the motion of Mr. G. S. Wodeman, Chief Secretary, the State Council this evening discussed the second reading of the Bill for regulation and control of immigration of non-Ceylonese.

Mr. H. E. Newnham (Nominated) and Mr. S. Natesan opposed the Bill, while Mr. W. A. De Silva, Minister of Health and Mr. A. E. Goonesinghe supported.

INDIA MUST HAVE A SAY

Mr. Newnham declared that no section of the people of the island had a right to impose restrictions on others. Pleading that the economic and social implications of the Bill should be thoroughly examined he refuted the suggestion that the non-Ceylonese had taken away trade and commerce from the hands of the Ceylonese, declaring that the non-Ceylonese in fact had created trade and commerce in the island. He emphasised that the country of origin of the people affected by the Bill should have a say in the matter.

Mr. Natesan declared that there was no difference of opinion in India on this question and that the opinion was "that the Ceylon Ministers were unreasonable in their demands". The whole of India, he averred, were ready to support the solution of the problem by negotiation. He pleaded that the State Council should come to some decision regarding the status of the Indians before proceeding with the Bill. There was resentment all over India at the manner in which the Ministers were tackling this question.

CHARGE AGAINST INDIA GOVT.

Mr. De'Silva referred to the fact that the Indian Government had imposed unilateral ban on emigration of Labour to Ceylon. He claimed that Ceylonese Labour could be employed under proper terms and it would pay employers to do so. He declared that the Board of Ministers would stand and fight and felt sure that the people of the island would be behind them to a man.

Mr. Goonesinghe stated that the question was purely an economic one and there was no animosity to Indians. He quoted statistics to show that Indians had completely captured trade from Ceylonese and also found employment in many avenues.

Mr. Goonesinghe had not concluded his speech when the Council adjourned till to-morrow afternoon.—A. P.

WAR RISK INSURANCE

Govt. Raise Rate Next Quarter

NEW DELHI, March 19.

The Government scheme for War Risks Insurance of commodities provides for fixation quarterly of the rate of premium to be charged, states a Press Communique.

In the first two quarters, during which the scheme has been in force, it was found possible to charge the low rate of half an anna per Rs. 100 per month, but in present circumstances Government have decided that it is necessary to raise this rate and that the rate for the quarter beginnning on April 1, 1941, shall be one anna per Rs. 100 per month.—A. P.

Rajen Babu At Wardha

WARDHA, March 19.

Dr. Rajendra Prasad arrived here this morning from Amraoti after presiding over the Diamond Jubilee celebration of Mr. Wamanrao Joshi, vice-President of the Vidarbha Provincial Congress Committee.

According to the present programme he leaves for Patna on March 23.—United Press.

Punjab Bill To Ban Indecent Advertisements

LAHORE, March 19.

The Punjab Suppression of Indecent Advertisements Bill, which penalises the exhibition of indecent advertisements, is published in a Government Gazette Extraordinary. Offenders under the bill, when enacted, shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months or with fine which may extend to Rs. 500 or with both.—A. P.

Nazi Infiltration Into Morocco

General De Gaulle's Views

LONDON, March 15.

The Diplomatic Correspondent of the "News Chronicle" writes:

General de Gaulle answered with great frankness yesterday many questions on Sate affairs in France and the French North African Colonies.

In view of General Weygand's recent visit to Vichy it was interesting to learn from the Free French leader that he felt General Weygand's influence in North Africa had considerably weakened and that real power there—as now exercised by the Resident Generals—General Nogues, Admiral Abrial, Admiral Estivet and M Boisson—who are faithful to Admiral Darlan.

The infiltration into Morocco of perts is increasing and is causing considerable alarm. Besides the German military and economic exmembers of the Armistice Commissions more than 80 Germans have arrived recently and it is significant that there is a good deal of German activity in the neighbourhood of Agadir, an area in which the Germans have shown intense interest since long before the last war.

Dakar And Casablanca.

General de Gaulle doubts if the Germans would try to attack Bizerta in force, but foresees the possibility of Hitler attempting to win it by the usual Nazi infiltration methods, with connivance of Vichy.

One interesting point the General made was that while Germany is undoubtedly anxious to obtain the use of Dakar and Casablanca as bases, it was probably as much to prevent the possibility of those ports being used as ports of entry by the United States as to use them as bases against the United States or South America.

In Syria, General de Gaulle felt, the spirit of the Army is favourable to the Allied cause but Vichy still has a solid hold over the High Command. So he did not think feeling was strong enough in the Army about a spontaneous movement for independence from Vichy.

DESIST FROM HASTY ACTION

Egyptian Premier On Foreign Firms Bill

CAIRO, March 19.

The Egyptian Prime Minister Sirry Pasha addressing the Chamber advised against hasty action on the Foreign Firms Bill, just tabled. The measure provides that 50 per cent of the employees and 90 per cent of labour in foreign firms in Egypt shall be Egyptian and that the accounts shall be kept in Arabic.

The Prime Minister, who expressed appreciation of Foreign efforts in the country's economic life, suggested that the bill should be reconsidered. Everything, he said, must be done gradually "especially at this time when everyone of us sorely needs his fellows aid to defend the cause of justice and civilisation".—Reuter.

CZECHS NON-CO-OPERATING WITH NAZIS

LONDON, March 19.

Despite pressure by the Gestapo, the Czechs are refusing to collaborate in the Nazi "New Order", according to news reaching the independent French Agency in London.

It is stated that acts of sabotage are frequent among Czech workers, although the penalty is imprisonment or deportation to Germany.

The output at the well-known Skoda Arms Works, it is reported, has been greatly below that of the pre-war period and a number of German specialists have been sent to replace Czechs who have been transferred to German factories or interned.

A third of the staff at an aircraft factory near Prague have been sentenced to a month's imprisonment because of a strike.

Farmers in the country are also finding ways of slowing up production and food trains bound for Germany are reported to have been ransacked before reaching their destination.—Reuter.

What Bombay Decision Means

Unambiguous Demand For Liquidation Of British Control Over India

MADRAS, March 18.

"This was the first occasion when leaders, outside the major political parties, have in unambiguous terms, asked for the liquidation of British control in India immediately. That I think is the greatest contribution of the conference to the Indian political problem," says Mr. T. T Krishamachari who returned from Bombay after attending the Non-Party Leaders Conference there.

He says:—I do not believe it envisages small ends. The resolution represents the greatest common measure of agreement possible in this country and if the Congress and the Muslim League want to examine the resolution of the Bombay Conference, they must do so with this idea in the background."—A. P.

DEBT CONCILIATION BILL FOR SIND

KARACHI, March 18.

The Advisory Council to the Ministry which was formed by Moulana Abul Kalam Azad met this morning for the first time since the defeat of the Mir Ministry. The representatives of the Muslim League abstained from the meeting.

The Council supported the Debt Conciliation Bill which gives relief to small agriculturists and jagirdars. According to the Bill unsurveyed lands are to be surveyed within three years for irrigational purposes.—United Press.

Sind Premier Down With 'Flu

KARACHI, March 18.

Khan Bahadur Allahbux, the Premier, is confined to bed from an attack of influenza. Doctors advised him to take rest and no visitor will be permitted to see him. He is not attending the Assembly.—United Press

JAWAHAR'S CONTRIBUTION TO WORLD PEACE

Gandhiji's Foreward To "Parting Of Ways Between Britain And India"

NAGPUR, March 18.

The A. I. C. C. to-day publishes an article entitled "the parting of the ways" (between Britain and India) by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru which it is stated was written on the 10th August 1940 but "had escaped publication till now."

Mahatma Gandhi in the course of a foreward written in Sewagram on 16th March 1941 says, he believes that the article correctly represents the Congress position in moderate though forcible language. Mahatma Gandhi quotes four "key paragraphs" from the article;

The first showing what might have been;

The second declaring the author's love for the British people;

The third showing how the British Government in India is sustained and

The fourth showing that the Independence India wants is neither exclusive nor antagonistic any nation.

Mahatma Gandhi says that though the author has said not one word about non-violence, he has led the reader to the inevitable conclusion that independence of Pandit Jawaharlal's conception, nay of Congress conception cannot be won except through unadulterated non-violence and that the present struggle is an attempt to keep the spirit of non-violence alive in the mids of fratricidal inhuman carnage. If it is a contribution to India's freedom it is no less a contribution to world peace.—A P.

Boeing Clipper For Empire Service

SEATTLE, March 18.

A new Boeing Clipper capable of flying non-stop across the Atlantic, has arrived at Puget Sound, for trials. She is the first of such clippers now under construction and three of them will be sent to Britain to maintain Empire communications.—Reuter.

INDIA AND BURMA OFFICES

Mr. Joyce To Be Adviser On Publicity Questions

LONDON, March 19.

The Secretary of State for India and Burma has appointed Mr. A. H. Joyce, O.B.E., to the new post of Adviser on publicity questions in the India and Burma Offices. Mr. Joyce will continue in General charge of the information department of the two offices, but has been succeeded in the post of Information Officer by Mr. C. E. Newham, formerly Deputy Information Officer.—Reuter.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

In connection with the Carnival at the Cooperage this week-end, there is to be a children's fancy dress parade on the 22nd afternoon. Add to that other attractions like—Hoopla, Kick-the-Ball Hitler's Howl and Mussos' Moan and so many other such sideshows.

* * * *

Overheard at the New Book Co.

A school boy (may be perhaps a collegian), "Have you got a brand new second-hand book?" The salesman hurried in and returned with a copy of the "Literary Digest". Well, whom am I to admire, the student or the salesman! (Contributed).

Which reminds me, sometime ago in a list of books I published I mentioned a book called "The Days of Our Years". There were several inquiries and I was asked where it could be had, as all Bombay booksellers were out of stock. There is a small consignment in at the New Book Company, in case you want it.

Apropos books I see from the "Spectator" of January 3 that Desmond MacCarthy, the great dramatic critic, has published through Putnam's a collection of his dramatic criticisms. They could not have come at a better moment than this. As the "Spectator" says: "This present halt in the life of the theatre, the unnatural dark-damaged silence of Shaftesbury Avenue, invites us to look back, look forward and take stock" MacCarthy's dramatic criticisms, in *Drama*, cover twenty-five years. "Though the earlier plays or productions might date to-day, his writing does not, it has a detachment that ties it to no particular time".

Charlie Chan Detective Story Day By Day

NO EXCUSE FOR ANY EXCUSES

BANANA BOAT MYSTERY

BOY, IT'S GOOD TO SEE YOU AND GINA AGAIN, MR. KORNWELLER!
AH, HOW DID MOVING PICTURE WITH GINA LANE COME OUT?
DON'T TALK ABOUD IT! TOO MUCH BAD PUBLICITY! FIVE MILLION DOLLARS IN THE ASH CAN—
IN KORNWELLER'S CAR...
HOW MUCH?
VELL-TWO MILLION-BUT LISTEN-I HAF AN IDEA-IT'S WON-DER-FOOL!
© McNaught Syndicate, Inc.
ALL OF US VE ARE GOING TO FLY TO MY CABIN IN DER NORTH WOODS! AN' I VON'T TAKE NO EXCUSES!
AND NOT FAR AWAY...
TH' CHIEF WANTS US T' SNATCH CHAN, BARROW AN' TH' GIRL-AN' HE WON'T TAKE NO EXCUSES!
ALFRED ANDRIOLA
11-19

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